

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 26.066, 128.804)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 26.066, 128.804)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 26.033, 128.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	657B51
RGB	101, 123, 81
RGB Percent	40%, 48%, 32%
CMY	0.6031, 0.5168, 0.6816
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.34, 0.52
HSL	91°, 21%, 40%
HSV	91°, 34%, 48%
XYZ	13.9918, 17.5941, 10.4822
YIQ	111.6340, 0.3700, -17.7260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

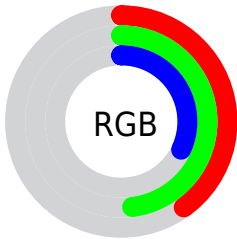
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 123, 103
Decimal	6650705
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -16.17, 20.41
CIE _{LCh}	49, 26.033, 128.386
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3326, 0.4182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284840785 (0xFF657B51)
YUV	111.6340, -15.1026, -9.3260
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -13.8613, 14.5450

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 26.033, 128.386$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $38, 27.189, 311.451$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 26.104, 128.300$, and $29, 26.217, 128.219$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 33.458, 127.933$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 18.449, 128.853$.

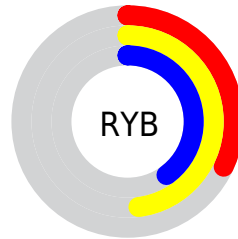
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (48%)

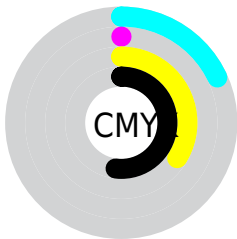
Blue (32%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (40%)

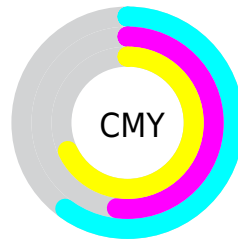


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 26.033, 128.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 26.033, 128.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 26.033,
128.386

 49, 26.033,
128.386


 100, 26.033,
128.386


 39, 26.033,
128.386

 69, 26.033,
128.386


 29, 26.033,
128.386

 79, 26.033,
128.386

 19, 26.033,
128.386

 89, 26.033,
128.386

 9, 26.033, 128.386

 99, 26.033,
128.386

 0, 26.033, 128.386

 49, 26.033,

 49, 26.033,

128.386

128.386

■ 48, 33.458,
127.933

■ 50, 18.449,
128.853

■ 48, 40.592,
127.528

■ 51, 10.792,
129.309

■ 47, 47.256,
127.230

■ 51, 3.126, 129.757

■ 47, 53.205,
127.125

■ 52, 4.502, 310.106

■ 46, 58.140,
127.322

■ 53, 12.059,
310.480

■ 46, 61.822,
127.909

■ 54, 19.522,
310.811

■ 46, 63.792,
128.240

■ 55, 26.875,
311.107

■ 56, 34.106,
311.372

■ 57, 41.208,
311.607

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 26.033, 128.386



38, 27.189, 311.451

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 26.033, 128.386



49, 26.033, 178.386



49, 26.033, 308.386



49, 26.033, 358.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 26.034, 128.387



65, 9.503, 129.481



45, 15.972, 73.069



34, 6.536, 129.429



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 26.034, 128.387



62, 38.713, 128.026



48, 29.735, 142.544



25, 4.283, 129.533



46, 64.452, 128.263



89, 109.435, 129.121

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 27.189, 311.451



46, 40.884, 311.845



41, 29.720, 326.666



24, 4.336, 310.261



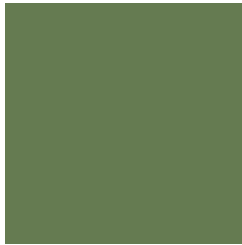
18, 72.945, 312.830



41, 123.448, 312.235

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 26.033, 128.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 26.033, 128.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 26.033, 128.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 26.033, 128.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 26.033, 128.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 26.033, 128.386

Protanopia

49, 22.522, 95.563

Deuteranopia

49, 20.203, 70.699



Tritanopia
49, 6.444, 254.460

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 26.033, 128.386

Protanomaly
49, 23.095, 109.299

Deuteranomaly
49, 19.193, 94.117

Tritanomaly
49, 8.199, 152.961

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 26.033, 128.386

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 9.440, 129.697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 26.033, 128.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 123, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 123, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 123, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 123, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 26.033, 128.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 123, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 123, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 123, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 123, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 123, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 123,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 26.033, 128.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 123, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
123, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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