

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 26.496, 196.331)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 26.496, 196.331)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 26.658, 195.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	288180
RGB	40, 129, 128
RGB Percent	16%, 51%, 50%
CMY	0.8450, 0.4956, 0.4995
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	179°, 53%, 33%
HSV	179°, 69%, 50%
XYZ	12.5306, 17.5941, 23.0323
YIQ	102.2750, -52.7230, -19.1790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

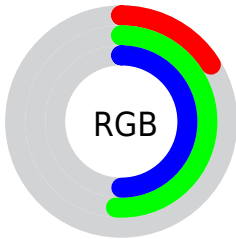
Format	Color
RYB	40, 85, 129
Decimal	2654592
CIELab	49.00, -25.70, -7.10
CIElCh	49, 26.658, 195.442
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2357, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280844672 (0xFF288180)
YUV	102.2750, 12.6824, -54.6152
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -20.0796, -3.1947




Details

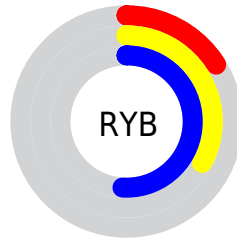
The CIELCh color **49, 26.658, 195.442** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **30, 43.679, 28.656**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 26.491, 196.115**, and **30, 21.430, 196.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 28.427, 195.174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 24.278, 195.752**.

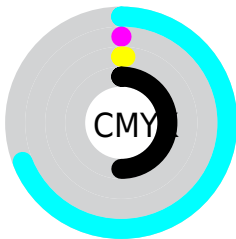
Distribution







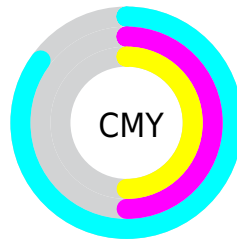
-  Red (16%)
-  Green (51%)
-  Blue (50%)






-  Red (16%)
-  Yellow (33%)
-  Blue (51%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (1%)
-  Black (50%)



-  Cyan (85%)
-  Magenta (50%)
-  Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 26.658, 195.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 26.658, 195.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 26.658,
195.442


 49, 26.658,
195.442


 100, 26.658,
195.442

 39, 26.658,
195.442

 69, 26.658,
195.442

 29, 26.658,
195.442

 79, 26.658,
195.442

 19, 26.658,
195.442

 89, 26.658,
195.442

 9, 26.658, 195.442

 99, 26.658,
195.442

 0, 26.658, 195.442

 49, 26.658,

 49, 26.658,

195.442

■ 49, 28.427,
195.174

■ 49, 29.599,
194.948

■ 48, 30.357,
194.749

■ 48, 30.411,
194.735

195.442

■ 49, 24.278,
195.752

■ 50, 21.307,
196.112

■ 50, 17.789,
196.520

■ 51, 13.787,
196.976

■ 52, 9.376, 197.479

■ 53, 4.632, 198.047

■ 54, 0.371, 17.443

■ 55, 5.566, 19.022

■ 56, 10.895, 19.653

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 26.658, 195.442



30, 43.679, 28.656

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 26.658, 195.442



49, 26.658, 245.442



49, 26.658, 15.442



49, 26.658, 65.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 26.658, 195.441



66, 12.641, 197.362



47, 59.053, 138.230



34, 8.456, 197.247



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 26.658, 195.441



63, 35.490, 195.041



35, 28.859, 268.403



26, 2.796, 198.059



48, 30.217, 194.737



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 43.679, 28.656



37, 65.583, 33.938



39, 35.744, 65.382



25, 2.950, 18.968



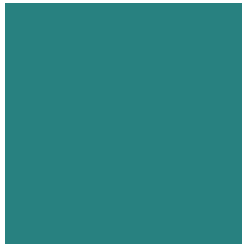
25, 60.768, 37.909



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 26.658, 195.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 26.658, 195.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

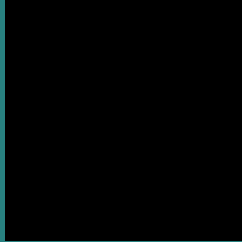
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 26.658, 195.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 26.658, 195.442.

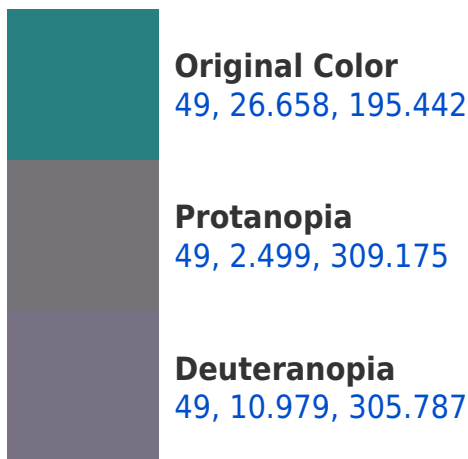



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 26.658, 195.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
49, 24.583, 211.070

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 26.658, 195.442

Protanomaly
48, 11.547, 204.098

Deuteranomaly
48, 11.832, 231.909

Tritanomaly
49, 25.229, 205.060

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 26.658, 195.442

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 12.452, 195.233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 26.658, 195.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 129, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 129, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 129, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 129, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 26.658, 195.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 129, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 129, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 129, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 129, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 129, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 129,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 26.658, 195.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 129, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 129,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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