

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 26.554, 133.685)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 26.554, 133.685)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 26.554, 133.685)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 26.554, 133.685)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	607C53
RGB	96, 124, 83
RGB Percent	38%, 49%, 33%
CMY	0.6227, 0.5129, 0.6737
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.33, 0.51
HSL	101°, 20%, 41%
HSV	101°, 33%, 49%
XYZ	13.6488, 17.5941, 10.9005
YIQ	110.9540, -3.5270, -18.6870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

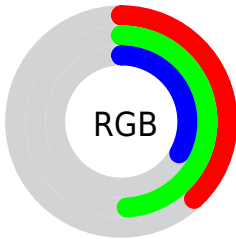
Format	Color
R_YB	83, 124, 111
Decimal	6323283
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -18.34, 19.20
CIE _{LCh}	49, 26.554, 133.685
Y _{xy}	17.5941, 0.3239, 0.4175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284513363 (0xFF607C53)
YUV	110.9540, -13.7813, -13.1147
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -15.3210, 13.9537

Details

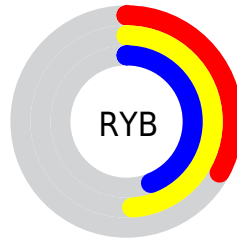
The CIELCh color $49, 26.554, 133.685$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $40, 27.236, 316.545$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 26.726, 134.028$, and $29, 26.854, 133.742$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 34.425, 133.164$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 18.534, 134.190$.

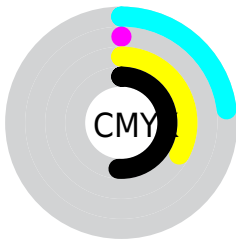
Distribution



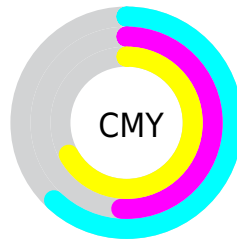
- Red (38%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 26.554, 133.685 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 26.554, 133.685 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 26.554,
133.685


 49, 26.554,
133.685


 100, 26.554,
133.685


 39, 26.554,
133.685

 69, 26.554,
133.685

 29, 26.554,
133.685

 79, 26.554,
133.685

 19, 26.554,
133.685

 89, 26.554,
133.685

 9, 26.554, 133.685

 99, 26.554,
133.685

 0, 26.554, 133.685

 49, 26.554,

 49, 26.554,

133.685

■ 48, 34.425,
133.164

■ 48, 42.003,
132.653

■ 47, 49.099,
132.207

■ 46, 55.457,
131.906

■ 46, 60.766,
131.859

■ 46, 64.732,
132.170

■ 46, 67.097,
132.367

133.685

■ 50, 18.534,
134.190

■ 51, 10.461,
134.661

■ 52, 2.411, 135.122

■ 53, 5.564, 315.426

■ 54, 13.425,
315.772

■ 55, 21.148,
316.068

■ 56, 28.716,
316.324

■ 58, 36.117,
316.545

■ 59, 43.347,
316.737

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 26.554, 133.685



40, 27.236, 316.545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 26.554, 133.685



49, 26.554, 183.685



49, 26.554, 313.685



49, 26.554, 3.685

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 26.555, 133.686



65, 9.906, 134.786



47, 17.240, 87.044



34, 6.815, 134.734



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 26.555, 133.686



62, 39.561, 133.272



48, 26.106, 146.998



25, 4.464, 134.839



46, 67.389, 132.375



88, 114.405, 133.078

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 27.236, 316.545



48, 40.819, 316.868



41, 26.177, 331.355



24, 4.500, 315.533



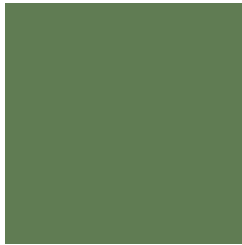
22, 70.685, 317.152



47, 119.361, 316.641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 26.554, 133.685 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 26.554, 133.685 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

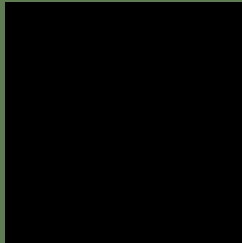
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 26.554, 133.685

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 26.554, 133.685.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 26.554, 133.685.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 26.554, 133.685

Protanopia

49, 21.404, 95.157

Deuteranopia

49, 18.946, 69.923



Tritanopia
49, 7.901, 241.094

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 26.554, 133.685

Protanomaly
49, 22.030, 111.853

Deuteranomaly
49, 18.241, 99.317

Tritanomaly
49, 9.616, 165.057

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 26.554, 133.685

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 9.777, 134.151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 26.554, 133.685 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 124, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 124, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 124, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 124, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 26.554, 133.685 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 124, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 124, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 124, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 124, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 124, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 124,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 26.554, 133.685 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 124, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 124,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor