

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 27.783, 157.766)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 27.783, 157.766)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 27.899, 157.647)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	488062
RGB	72, 128, 98
RGB Percent	28%, 50%, 38%
CMY	0.7189, 0.4993, 0.6169
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.23, 0.50
HSL	148°, 28%, 39%
HSV	148°, 44%, 50%
XYZ	12.5148, 17.5941, 14.2147
YIQ	107.8360, -23.7460, -21.2020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

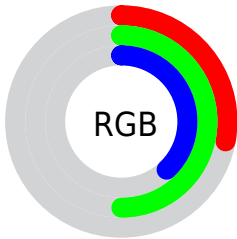
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 110, 128
Decimal	4751458
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -25.80, 10.61
CIE _{LCh}	49, 27.899, 157.647
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2824, 0.3969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282941538 (0xFF488062)
YUV	107.8360, -4.8491, -31.4282
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -20.1468, 9.2691

Details

The CIELCh color **49, 27.899, 157.647** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **38, 29.033, 345.845**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 27.772, 158.087**, and **29, 28.004, 157.497** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 33.723, 156.358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 21.767, 158.787**.

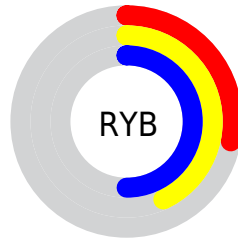
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (50%)

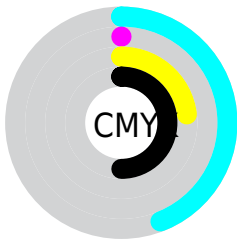
Blue (38%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (50%)

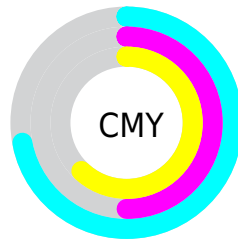


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 27.899, 157.647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 27.899, 157.647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 27.899,
157.647


 49, 27.899,
157.647

 100, 27.899,
157.647

 39, 27.899,
157.647

 69, 27.899,
157.647

 29, 27.899,
157.647

 79, 27.899,
157.647

 19, 27.899,
157.647

 89, 27.899,
157.647

 9, 27.899, 157.647

 99, 27.899,
157.647

 0, 27.899, 157.647

 49, 27.899,

 49, 27.899,

157.647

157.647

■ 48, 33.723,
156.358

■ 50, 21.767,
158.787

■ 48, 39.136,
154.899

■ 51, 15.427,
159.802

■ 47, 44.049,
153.253

■ 52, 8.974, 160.716

■ 47, 48.401,
151.411

■ 53, 2.490, 161.609

■ 54, 3.960, 342.157

■ 47, 52.180,
149.391

■ 56, 10.325,
342.871

■ 47, 54.366,
148.205

■ 57, 16.568,
343.496

■ 59, 22.663,
344.070

■ 60, 28.596,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 27.899, 157.647



38, 29.033, 345.845

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 27.899, 157.647



49, 27.899, 207.647



49, 27.899, 337.647



49, 27.899, 27.647

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 27.900, 157.646



66, 10.422, 160.765



50, 33.608, 125.274



34, 7.350, 160.596



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 27.900, 157.646



62, 41.052, 156.306



50, 19.624, 192.545



26, 3.643, 161.129



46, 54.309, 148.208



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 29.033, 345.845



46, 42.847, 347.178



37, 25.746, 19.965



25, 3.681, 342.444



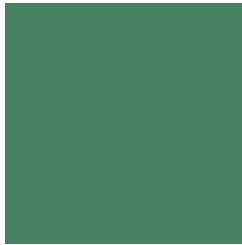
27, 51.292, 357.359



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 27.899, 157.647 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 27.899, 157.647 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 27.899, 157.647

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 27.899, 157.647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 27.899, 157.647.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 27.899, 157.647

Protanopia

49, 14.336, 95.948

Deuteranopia

49, 10.827, 56.415



Tritanopia
49, 15.784, 220.021

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 27.899, 157.647

Protanomaly
48, 16.633, 132.084

Deuteranomaly
49, 11.066, 126.425

Tritanomaly
49, 17.682, 187.910

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 27.899, 157.647

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 10.450, 159.699

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 27.899, 157.647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 128, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 128, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 128, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 128, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 27.899, 157.647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 128, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 128, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 128, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 128, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 128, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 128,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 27.899, 157.647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 128, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 128,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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