

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 29.465, 170.143)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 29.465, 170.143)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 29.336, 170.207)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 29.336, 170.207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	36816B
RGB	54, 129, 107
RGB Percent	21%, 51%, 42%
CMY	0.7876, 0.4935, 0.5798
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.17, 0.49
HSL	162°, 41%, 36%
HSV	162°, 58%, 51%
XYZ	12.0620, 17.5941, 16.7104
YIQ	104.0670, -37.6380, -22.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

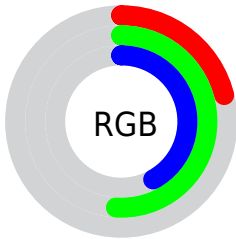
Format	Color
RYB	54, 98, 129
Decimal	3572075
CIELab	49.00, -28.91, 4.99
CIELCh	49, 29.336, 170.207
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2601, 0.3795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281762155 (0xFF36816B)
YUV	104.0670, 1.4460, -43.9088
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -22.0739, 5.7415

Details

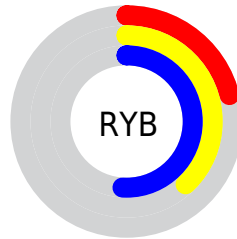
The CIELCh color **49, 29.336, 170.207** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **34, 34.777, 4.471**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 29.160, 170.120**, and **29, 27.265, 168.893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 33.148, 168.756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 25.032, 171.514**.

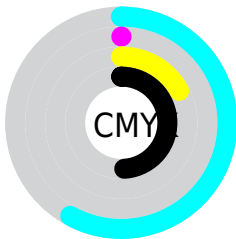
Distribution



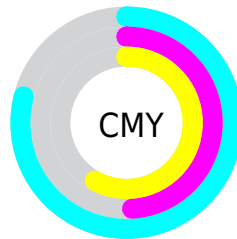
- Red (21%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 29.336, 170.207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 29.336, 170.207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 29.336,
170.207


 49, 29.336,
170.207


 100, 29.336,
170.207

 39, 29.336,
170.207

 69, 29.336,
170.207


 29, 29.336,
170.207

 79, 29.336,
170.207

 19, 29.336,
170.207

 89, 29.336,
170.207

 9, 29.336, 170.207

 99, 29.336,
170.207

 0, 29.336, 170.207

 49, 29.336,

 49, 29.336,

170.207

170.207

■ 49, 33.148,
168.756

■ 50, 25.032,
171.514

■ 48, 36.417,
167.142

■ 50, 20.309,
172.702

■ 48, 39.128,
165.348

■ 51, 15.253,
173.792

■ 48, 41.402,
163.436

■ 52, 9.948, 174.805

■ 48, 41.839,
163.083

■ 53, 4.478, 175.780

■ 54, 1.087, 356.257

■ 56, 6.687, 357.350

■ 57, 12.274,
358.158

■ 58, 17.810,
358.914

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 29.336, 170.207



34, 34.777, 4.471

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 29.336, 170.207



49, 29.336, 220.207



49, 29.336, 350.207



49, 29.336, 40.207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 29.336, 170.206



67, 11.635, 174.871



49, 47.360, 132.889



34, 7.732, 174.712



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 29.336, 170.206



62, 41.713, 168.199



45, 20.486, 223.769



26, 3.096, 175.679



47, 41.433, 163.113



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 34.777, 4.471



40, 50.947, 8.111



36, 31.577, 40.205



25, 3.177, 357.175



26, 52.088, 19.727



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 29.336, 170.207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 29.336, 170.207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 29.336, 170.207

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 29.336, 170.207.

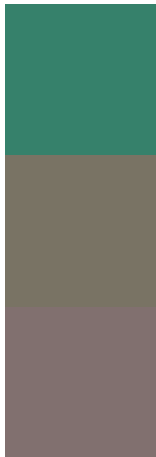


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 29.336, 170.207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
49, 29.336, 170.207

Protanopia
49, 9.143, 92.706

Deuteranopia
49, 7.123, 24.875



Tritanopia
49, 20.348, 214.458

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 29.336, 170.207

Protanomaly
48, 13.754, 151.440

Deuteranomaly
48, 8.019, 162.587

Tritanomaly
49, 22.348, 194.062

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 29.336, 170.207

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 11.737, 174.059

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 29.336, 170.207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 129, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 129, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 129, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 129, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 29.336, 170.207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 129, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 129, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 129, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 129, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 129, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 129,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 29.336, 170.207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 129, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 129,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor