

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 3.334, 324.465)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 3.334, 324.465) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 3.579, 324.610)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787378
RGB	120, 115, 120
RGB Percent	47%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.5296, 0.5492, 0.5296
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	300°, 2%, 46%
HSV	300°, 4%, 47%
XYZ	17.2505, 17.5941, 20.2397
YIQ	117.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

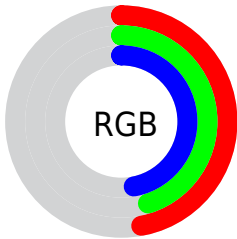
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 115, 120
Decimal	7893880
CIE Lab	49.00, 2.92, -2.07
CIE LCh	49, 3.579, 324.610
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3132, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286083960 (0xFF787378)
YUV	117.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 0.0062, 0.7528

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 3.579, 324.610$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 3.566, 144.268$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 3.351, 324.530$, and $29, 3.916, 324.749$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 12.227, 325.168$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 4.950, 144.179$.

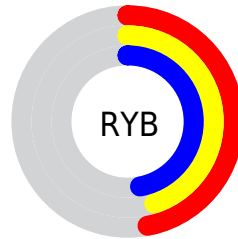
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (45%)

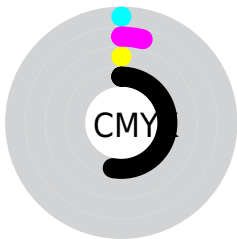
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (47%)

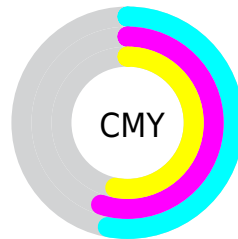


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 3.579, 324.610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 3.579, 324.610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 3.579, 324.610

■ 49, 3.579, 324.610

■ 100, 3.579,
324.610

■ 39, 3.579, 324.610

■ 69, 3.579, 324.610

■ 29, 3.579, 324.610

■ 79, 3.579, 324.610

■ 19, 3.579, 324.610

■ 89, 3.579, 324.610

■ 9, 3.579, 324.610

■ 99, 3.579, 324.610

■ 0, 3.579, 324.610

■ 49, 3.579, 324.610

■ 49, 3.579, 324.610

■ 46, 12.227,
325.168

■ 52, 4.950, 144.179

■ 42, 20.901,

■ 56, 13.292,
143.652

325.693

59, 21.414,
143.162

39, 29.456,
326.200

63, 29.298,
142.696

37, 37.696,
326.678

67, 36.937,
142.255

34, 45.368,
327.113

70, 44.334,
141.840

32, 52.176,
327.489

74, 51.497,
141.452

30, 57.819,
327.794

77, 58.436,
141.088

29, 62.046,
328.018

81, 65.163,
140.750

28, 64.787,
328.162

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 3.579, 324.610



50, 3.566, 144.268

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 3.579, 324.610



49, 3.579, 14.610



49, 3.579, 144.610



49, 3.579, 194.610

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 3.577, 324.610



64, 1.065, 324.295



49, 2.944, 290.583



33, 0.610, 324.275



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 3.577, 324.610



62, 5.314, 324.669



49, 2.513, 343.864



25, 2.952, 324.689



29, 68.131, 328.233



60, 114.689, 328.233

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 3.577, 324.610



62, 5.314, 324.669



50, 2.492, 163.438



25, 2.952, 324.689



29, 68.131, 328.233



60, 114.689, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 3.579, 324.610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 3.579, 324.610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

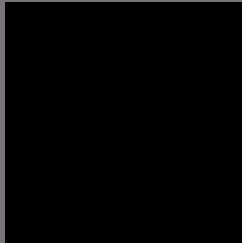
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

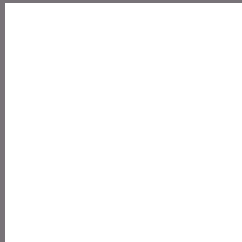
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 3.579, 324.610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 3.579, 324.610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 3.579, 324.610.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 3.579, 324.610

Protanopia

49, 2.393, 300.098

Deuteranopia

49, 6.696, 342.392



Tritanopia
49, 5.835, 314.938

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 3.579, 324.610

Protanomaly

49, 2.495, 309.174

Deuteranomaly

49, 5.380, 339.164

Tritanomaly

49, 5.307, 317.535

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 3.579, 324.610

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 1.437, 324.409

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 3.579, 324.610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 115, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 115, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 115, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 115, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 3.579, 324.610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 115, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 115, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 115, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 115, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 115, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 115,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 3.579, 324.610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 115, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
115, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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