

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 3.517, 169.531)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 3.517, 169.531) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 3.334, 167.287)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7673
RGB	111, 118, 115
RGB Percent	44%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5645, 0.5370, 0.5488
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.03, 0.54
HSL	154°, 3%, 45%
HSV	154°, 6%, 46%
XYZ	16.1470, 17.5941, 18.7831
YIQ	115.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

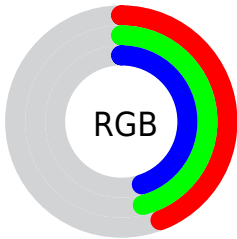
Format	Color
RYB	111, 115, 118
Decimal	7304819
CIELab	49.00, -3.25, 0.73
CIELCh	49, 3.334, 167.287
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3074, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285494899 (0xFF6F7673)
YUV	115.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -4.6899, 2.8116

Details

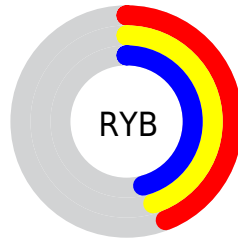
The CIELCh color $49, 3.334, 167.287$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 3.374, 348.085$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 3.119, 167.462$, and $29, 3.650, 166.966$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 8.947, 166.343$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 2.293, 347.871$.

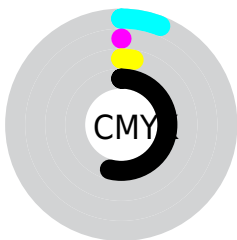
Distribution



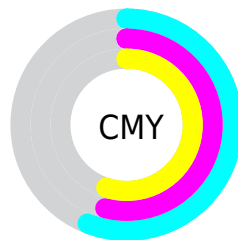
- Red (44%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 3.334, 167.287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 3.334, 167.287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 3.334, 167.287

■ 49, 3.334, 167.287

■ 100, 3.334,
167.287

■ 39, 3.334, 167.287

■ 69, 3.334, 167.287

■ 29, 3.334, 167.287

■ 79, 3.334, 167.287

■ 19, 3.334, 167.287

■ 89, 3.334, 167.287

■ 9, 3.334, 167.287

■ 99, 3.334, 167.287

■ 0, 3.334, 167.287

■ 49, 3.334, 167.287

■ 49, 3.334, 167.287

■ 48, 8.947, 166.343

■ 50, 2.293, 347.871

■ 47, 14.480,
165.366

■ 51, 7.888, 348.712

46, 19.859,
164.297

53, 13.411,
349.427

45, 25.002,
163.112

54, 18.834,
350.089

45, 29.823,
161.788

56, 24.138,
350.712

44, 34.240,
160.304

57, 29.311,
351.299

44, 38.187,
158.639

59, 34.347,
351.857

44, 41.628,
156.781

60, 39.243,
352.388

43, 44.615,
154.777

62, 44.002,
352.895

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 3.334, 167.287



48, 3.374, 348.085

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 3.334, 167.287



49, 3.334, 217.287



49, 3.334, 347.287



49, 3.334, 37.287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 3.335, 167.277



63, 1.387, 167.766



49, 4.418, 131.148



32, 0.784, 167.801



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 3.335, 167.277



62, 4.868, 167.157



49, 2.605, 205.309



24, 2.519, 167.152



45, 47.087, 153.917



87, 81.929, 152.556

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 3.374, 348.085



60, 4.933, 348.207



48, 2.700, 25.418



23, 2.553, 348.212



25, 49.040, 6.949



53, 83.302, 9.917

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 3.334, 167.287 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

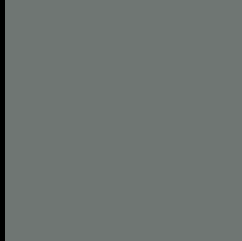
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 3.334, 167.287 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

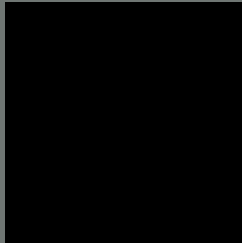
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

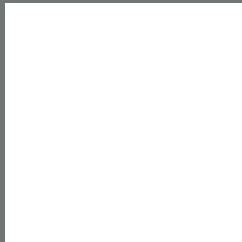
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 3.334, 167.287

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 3.334, 167.287.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 3.334, 167.287.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 3.334, 167.287

Protanopia

49, 1.683, 63.310

Deuteranopia

49, 6.011, 3.115



Tritanopia
49, 5.970, 279.727

Trichromacy



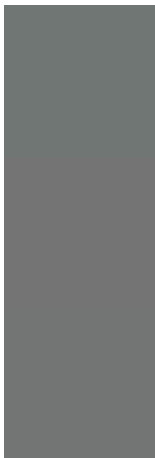
Original Color
49, 3.334, 167.287

Protanomaly
49, 1.802, 122.941

Deuteranomaly
49, 2.517, 6.101

Tritanomaly
49, 3.502, 256.496

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 3.334, 167.287

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 1.346, 173.706

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 3.334, 167.287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 118, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 118, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 118, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 118, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 3.334, 167.287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 118, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 118, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 118, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 118, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 118, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 118,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 3.334, 167.287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 118, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
118, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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