

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 30.480, 142.106)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 30.480, 142.106)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 30.610, 142.121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	547F54
RGB	84, 127, 84
RGB Percent	33%, 50%, 33%
CMY	0.6719, 0.5033, 0.6719
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.34, 0.50
HSL	120°, 20%, 41%
HSV	120°, 34%, 50%
XYZ	12.7587, 17.5941, 11.0448
YIQ	109.2410, -11.8250, -22.4890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

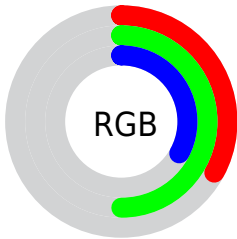
Format	Color
RYB	84, 127, 127
Decimal	5537620
CIELab	49.00, -24.16, 18.79
CIElCh	49, 30.610, 142.121
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3082, 0.4250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283727700 (0xFF547F54)
YUV	109.2410, -12.4438, -22.1364
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -19.1089, 13.7497

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 30.610, 142.121$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $42, 30.594, 326.206$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 30.568, 142.222$, and $29, 31.021, 141.724$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 39.312, 141.191$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 21.638, 142.939$.

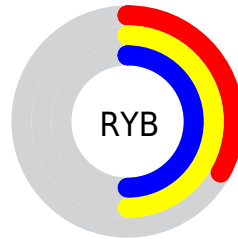
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (50%)

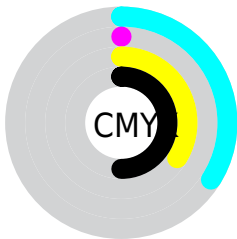
Blue (33%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (50%)

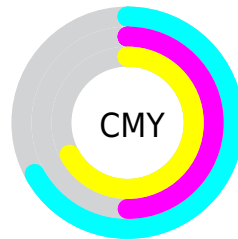


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 30.610, 142.121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 30.610, 142.121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 30.610,
142.121


 49, 30.610,
142.121


 100, 30.610,
142.121


 39, 30.610,
142.121

 69, 30.610,
142.121


 29, 30.610,
142.121

 79, 30.610,
142.121

 19, 30.610,
142.121

 89, 30.610,
142.121

 9, 30.610, 142.121

 99, 30.610,
142.121

 0, 30.610, 142.121

 49, 30.610,

 49, 30.610,

142.121

142.121

■ 48, 39.312,
141.191

■ 50, 21.638,
142.939

■ 47, 47.520,
140.162

■ 51, 12.566,
143.649

■ 47, 54.969,
139.072

■ 53, 3.527, 144.289

■ 46, 61.343,
138.001

■ 54, 5.385, 324.715

■ 46, 66.304,
137.064

■ 55, 14.104,
325.172

■ 46, 69.604,
136.386

■ 57, 22.586,
325.547

■ 46, 71.302,
136.019

■ 59, 30.810,
325.865

■ 61, 38.764,
326.137

■ 63, 46.448,
326.369

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 30.610, 142.121



42, 30.594, 326.206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 30.610, 142.121



49, 30.610, 192.121



49, 30.610, 322.121



49, 30.610, 12.121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 30.611, 142.121



66, 11.207, 143.888



52, 24.513, 107.034



35, 7.711, 143.813



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 30.611, 142.121



62, 45.800, 141.382



49, 21.073, 160.577



26, 5.093, 143.960



46, 71.643, 136.019



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 30.594, 326.206



51, 45.704, 326.596



41, 21.930, 346.734



25, 5.101, 324.904



30, 69.116, 328.243



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 30.610, 142.121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 30.610, 142.121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 30.610, 142.121

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 30.610, 142.121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 30.610, 142.121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 30.610, 142.121

Protanopia

49, 21.963, 95.367

Deuteranopia

49, 18.471, 68.947



Tritanopia
49, 11.847, 228.364

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 30.610, 142.121

Protanomaly
49, 22.866, 117.160

Deuteranomaly
49, 18.023, 106.338

Tritanomaly
49, 14.174, 175.912

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 30.610, 142.121

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 10.857, 143.710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 30.610, 142.121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 127, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(84, 127, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 127, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 127, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 30.610, 142.121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 127, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 127, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 127, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 127, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 127, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 127,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 30.610, 142.121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 127, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 127,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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