

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 32.531, 242.366)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 32.531, 242.366)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 32.507, 242.973)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007EA5
RGB	0, 126, 165
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 65%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5064, 0.3535
CMYK	1.00, 0.24, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	194°, 100%, 32%
HSV	194°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	14.2146, 17.5941, 38.1740
YIQ	92.7720, -87.6150, -14.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

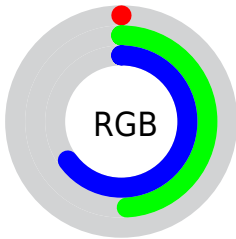
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 165
Decimal	32421
CIELab	49.00, -14.77, -28.96
CIELCh	49, 32.507, 242.973
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2031, 0.2514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222501 (0xFF007EA5)
YUV	92.7720, 35.6084, -81.3610
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -12.9132, -24.5975

Details

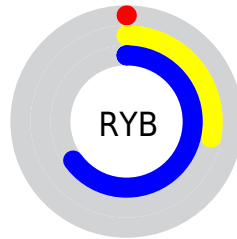
The CIELCh color **49, 32.507, 242.973** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **37, 70.223, 44.978**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 32.403, 242.471**, and **31, 27.077, 257.029** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 32.490, 243.003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 31.312, 238.936**.

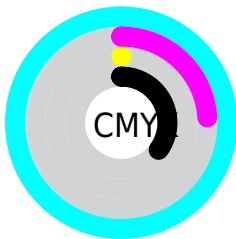
Distribution



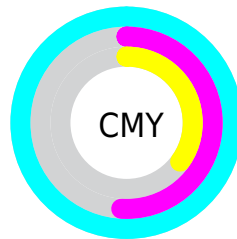
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 32.507, 242.973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 32.507, 242.973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 32.507,
242.973


 49, 32.507,
242.973


 100, 32.507,
242.973


 39, 32.507,
242.973

 69, 32.507,
242.973


 29, 32.507,
242.973

 79, 32.507,
242.973

 19, 32.507,
242.973

 89, 32.507,
242.973

 9, 32.507, 242.973

 99, 32.507,
242.973

 0, 32.507, 242.973

 49, 32.507,

 49, 32.507,

242.973

242.973

■ 49, 32.490,
243.003

■ 50, 31.312,
238.936

■ 52, 29.831,
235.362

■ 53, 27.841,
232.437

■ 55, 25.288,
230.096

■ 57, 22.172,
228.254

■ 59, 18.530,
226.825

■ 61, 14.423,
225.732

■ 63, 9.920, 224.913

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 32.507, 242.973



37, 70.223, 44.978

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 32.507, 242.973



49, 32.507, 292.973



49, 32.507, 62.973



49, 32.507, 112.973

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 32.490, 243.003



77, 17.816, 225.785



59, 79.533, 139.481



40, 11.962, 226.191



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 32.490, 243.003



63, 39.645, 243.914



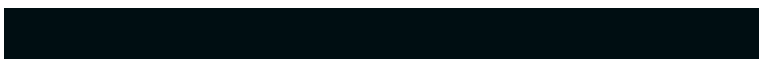
25, 77.193, 299.630



33, 2.861, 224.303



43, 29.558, 242.485



3, 4.486, 230.202

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 69.623, 340.333



48, 84.345, 340.616



54, 60.229, 82.093



32, 5.315, 332.390



32, 63.591, 340.174



1, 7.913, 333.841

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 32.507, 242.973 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 32.507, 242.973 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

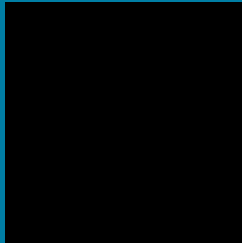
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 32.507, 242.973

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 32.507, 242.973.

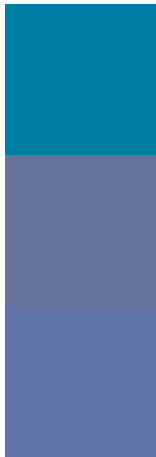


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 32.507, 242.973.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
49, 32.507, 242.973

Protanopia
49, 24.242, 284.454

Deuteranopia
49, 30.862, 282.884



Tritanopia
49, 29.191, 208.408

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 32.507, 242.973

Protanomaly
48, 27.397, 258.667

Deuteranomaly
48, 31.072, 262.522

Tritanomaly
49, 29.193, 220.980

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 32.507, 242.973

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 17.215, 227.607

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 32.507, 242.973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 126, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 126, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 126, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 32.507, 242.973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 126, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 126, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 126, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 126, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 32.507, 242.973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 126, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 126,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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