

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 33.437, 271.637)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 33.437, 271.637)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 33.438, 271.637)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A77AD
RGB	74, 119, 173
RGB Percent	29%, 47%, 68%
CMY	0.7108, 0.5342, 0.3225
CMYK	0.57, 0.31, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	213°, 40%, 48%
HSV	213°, 57%, 68%
XYZ	16.8943, 17.5941, 41.9179
YIQ	111.7010, -44.1540, 7.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

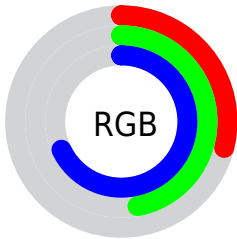
Format	Color
R_{YB}	74, 105, 173
Decimal	4880301
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 0.96, -33.42
CIE _{LCh}	49, 33.438, 271.637
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2211, 0.2303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283070381 (0xFF4A77AD)
YUV	111.7010, 30.2204, -33.0638
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -1.5100, -29.8896

Details

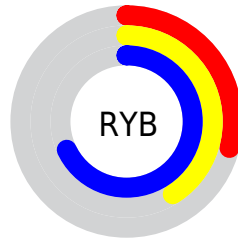
The CIELCh color **49, 33.438, 271.637** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **57, 37.495, 72.663**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 33.528, 271.890**, and **29, 33.294, 271.418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 39.191, 274.916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 27.679, 268.803**.

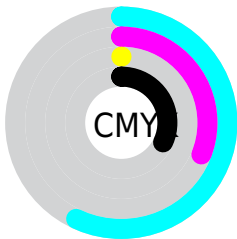
Distribution



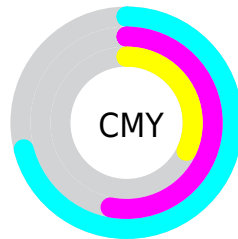
- Red (29%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 33.438, 271.637 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 33.438, 271.637 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 33.438,
271.637

■ 49, 33.438,
271.637

■ 100, 33.438,
271.637

■ 39, 33.438,
271.637

■ 69, 33.438,
271.637

■ 29, 33.438,
271.637

■ 79, 33.438,
271.637

■ 19, 33.438,
271.637

■ 89, 33.438,
271.637

■ 9, 33.438, 271.637

■ 99, 33.438,
271.637

■ 0, 33.438, 271.637

■ 49, 33.438,

■ 49, 33.438,

271.637

271.637

■ 45, 39.191,
274.916

■ 53, 27.679,
268.803

■ 42, 44.991,
278.627

■ 56, 21.889,
266.385

■ 39, 50.899,
282.691

■ 60, 16.060,
264.335

■ 36, 56.974,
286.909

■ 64, 10.197,
262.603

■ 35, 58.652,
287.970

■ 68, 4.313, 261.162

■ 72, 1.578, 79.640

■ 76, 7.461, 78.703

■ 79, 13.321, 77.781

■ 83, 19.147, 76.970

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 33.438, 271.637



57, 37.495, 72.663

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 33.438, 271.637



49, 33.438, 321.637



49, 33.438, 91.637



49, 33.438, 141.637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 33.437, 271.638



81, 12.389, 262.602



64, 42.810, 159.182



42, 8.274, 262.912



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 33.437, 271.638



58, 49.682, 275.951



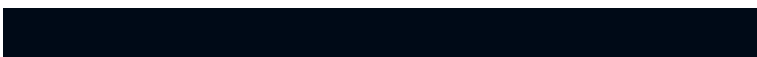
37, 60.699, 299.578



35, 3.349, 261.425



30, 52.369, 287.456



3, 7.666, 267.997

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 45.647, 353.032



54, 65.307, 355.778



69, 51.540, 106.511



34, 4.507, 346.908



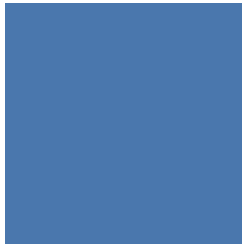
32, 56.964, 5.510



2, 8.915, 351.227

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 33.438, 271.637 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 33.438, 271.637 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

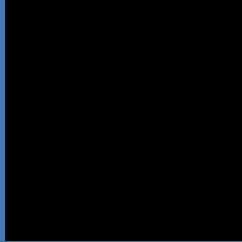
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 33.438, 271.637

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 33.438, 271.637.

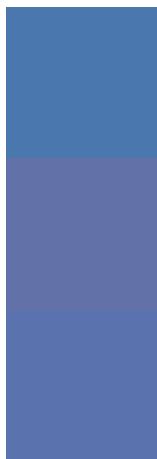


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 33.438, 271.637.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 33.438, 271.637

Protanopia

49, 32.489, 285.394

Deuteranopia

49, 35.080, 282.242



Tritanopia
49, 21.696, 213.242

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 33.438, 271.637

Protanomaly
49, 32.352, 279.500

Deuteranomaly
49, 34.839, 278.860

Tritanomaly
49, 22.915, 240.271

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 33.438, 271.637

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 12.625, 262.376

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 33.438, 271.637 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 119, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 119, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 119, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 33.438, 271.637 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 119, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 119, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 119, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 119,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 33.438, 271.637 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 119, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 119,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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