

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 38.284, 336.538)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(49, 38.284, 336.538)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(49, 38.000, 336.481)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A25E8F
RGB	162, 94, 143
RGB Percent	64%, 37%, 56%
CMY	0.3657, 0.6323, 0.4402
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.12, 0.37
HSL	317°, 27%, 50%
HSV	317°, 42%, 63%
XYZ	23.7698, 17.5941, 28.0330
YIQ	119.9180, 24.7990, 29.6550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

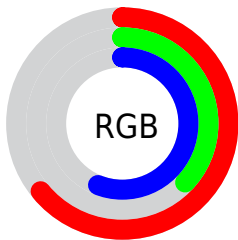
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	162, 94, 143
Decimal	10641039
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.00, 34.84, -15.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 38.000, 336.481
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3425, 0.2535
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288831119 (0xFFA25E8F)
YUV	119.9180, 11.3794, 36.9059
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 27.7491, -10.2632

# Details

The CIELCh color  $49, 38.000, 336.481$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $61, 37.667, 149.868$ , and the grayscale version is  $50, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $69, 38.003, 336.345$ , and  $29, 38.079, 336.404$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45, 46.258, 337.333$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 29.166, 335.689$ .

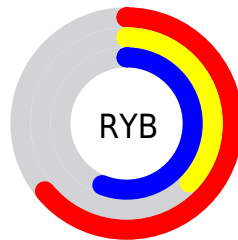
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (37%)

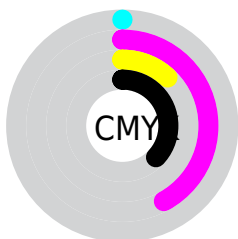
Blue (56%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (56%)

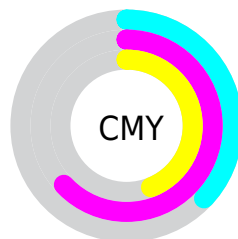


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 38.000, 336.481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 38.000, 336.481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 49, 38.000,  
336.481


 49, 38.000,  
336.481


 100, 38.000,  
336.481


 39, 38.000,  
336.481

 69, 38.000,  
336.481


 29, 38.000,  
336.481

 79, 38.000,  
336.481

 19, 38.000,  
336.481

 89, 38.000,  
336.481

 9, 38.000, 336.481

 99, 38.000,  
336.481

 0, 38.000, 336.481

 49, 38.000,

 49, 38.000,

336.481

336.481

45, 46.258,  
337.333

53, 29.166,  
335.689

42, 53.571,  
338.264

57, 20.062,  
334.944

40, 59.514,  
339.306

61, 10.901,  
334.232

38, 63.705,  
340.506

66, 1.827, 333.441

37, 65.919,  
341.924

70, 7.070, 153.011

36, 66.683,  
343.192

75, 15.739,  
152.397

79, 24.155,  
151.832

84, 32.311,  
151.302

■ 88, 40.212,  
150.803

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 38.000, 336.481



61, 37.667, 149.868

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 38.000, 336.481



49, 38.000, 26.481



49, 38.000, 156.481



49, 38.000, 206.481

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 37.998, 336.481



77, 14.534, 334.317



44, 41.215, 303.758



39, 10.162, 334.465



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 37.998, 336.481



59, 54.926, 337.235



48, 29.855, 5.925



32, 5.154, 334.038



32, 61.760, 343.018



1, 7.651, 335.742



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 37.998, 336.481



59, 54.926, 337.235



62, 25.490, 176.623



32, 5.154, 334.038



32, 61.760, 343.018



1, 7.651, 335.742



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 38.000, 336.481 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

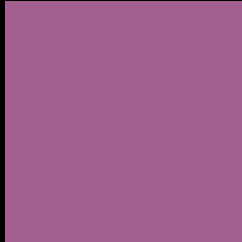
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 38.000, 336.481 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

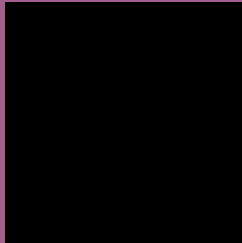
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 49, 38.000, 336.481

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 38.000, 336.481.

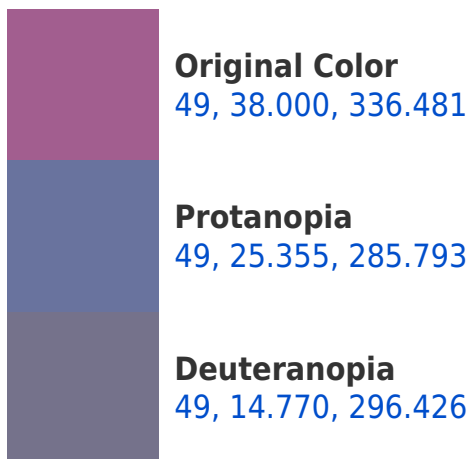


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 38.000, 336.481.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
49, 24.608, 13.285

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 38.000, 336.481

**Protanomaly**  
49, 27.499, 307.873

**Deuteranomaly**  
49, 21.857, 319.449

**Tritanomaly**  
49, 28.040, 355.065

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 38.000, 336.481

**Achromatopsia**  
50, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
49, 14.523, 334.697

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 38.000, 336.481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 94, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 94, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 94, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 94, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 38.000, 336.481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 94, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 94, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 94, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 94, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 94, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 94,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 38.000, 336.481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 94, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 94,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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