

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 39.544, 168.475)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 39.544, 168.475)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 39.682, 168.213)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 39.682, 168.213)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008566
RGB	0, 133, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4802, 0.6017
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.23, 0.48
HSL	166°, 100%, 26%
HSV	166°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	10.6868, 17.5941, 15.2935
YIQ	89.6990, -69.3170, -37.8370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

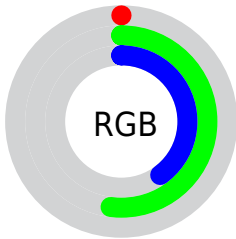
Format	Color
RYB	0, 75, 133
Decimal	34150
CIELab	49.00, -38.85, 8.11
CIELCh	49, 39.682, 168.213
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2453, 0.4038
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224230 (0xFF008566)
YUV	89.6990, 6.0644, -78.6660
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -27.9261, 7.7442

Details

The CIELCh color **49, 39.682, 168.213** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **27, 55.270, 25.104**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 39.644, 168.210**, and **30, 31.081, 161.656** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 39.609, 168.167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 37.718, 169.928**.

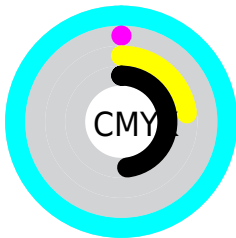
Distribution



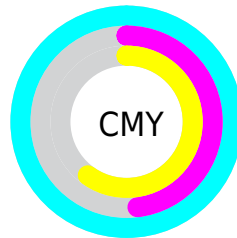
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (48%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 39.682, 168.213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 39.682, 168.213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 39.682,
168.213


 49, 39.682,
168.213


 100, 39.682,
168.213


 39, 39.682,
168.213

 69, 39.682,
168.213


 29, 39.682,
168.213

 79, 39.682,
168.213

 19, 39.682,
168.213

 89, 39.682,
168.213

 9, 39.682, 168.213

 99, 39.682,
168.213

 0, 39.682, 168.213

 49, 39.682,

 49, 39.682,

168.213

168.213

■ 49, 39.609,
168.167

■ 49, 37.718,
169.928

■ 49, 35.450,
171.617

■ 50, 32.602,
173.139

■ 50, 29.176,
174.514

■ 51, 25.213,
175.761

■ 51, 20.779,
176.904

■ 52, 15.956,
177.962

■ 53, 10.830,
178.954

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 39.682, 168.213



27, 55.270, 25.104

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 39.682, 168.213



49, 39.682, 218.213



49, 39.682, 348.213



49, 39.682, 38.213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 39.609, 168.167



67, 19.843, 177.891



48, 71.437, 133.665



34, 13.374, 177.520



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 39.609, 168.167



63, 48.544, 167.673



39, 27.943, 244.838



27, 3.097, 179.995



48, 39.047, 168.206



1, 0.750, 180.730

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 55.270, 25.104



36, 67.975, 26.533



30, 58.586, 45.616



26, 3.196, 1.480



26, 54.471, 24.988



0, 0.750, 0.716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 39.682, 168.213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 39.682, 168.213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

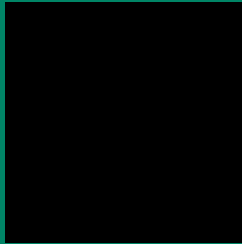
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 39.682, 168.213

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 39.682, 168.213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 39.682, 168.213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 39.682, 168.213

Protanopia

49, 13.768, 95.544

Deuteranopia

49, 8.827, 43.537



Tritanopia
49, 25.271, 210.612

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 39.682, 168.213

Protanomaly
47, 23.309, 155.950

Deuteranomaly
47, 16.781, 165.622

Tritanomaly
49, 29.348, 190.643

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 39.682, 168.213

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 19.297, 176.742

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 39.682, 168.213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 133, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 133, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 133, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 39.682, 168.213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 133, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 133, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 133, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 39.682, 168.213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 133, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 133,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor