

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 4.272, 124.599)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 4.272, 124.599) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 4.184, 120.941)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73756E
RGB	115, 117, 110
RGB Percent	45%, 46%, 43%
CMY	0.5478, 0.5399, 0.5674
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.06, 0.54
HSL	77°, 3%, 45%
HSV	77°, 6%, 46%
XYZ	16.3404, 17.5941, 17.3749
YIQ	115.6040, 1.0550, -2.6010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

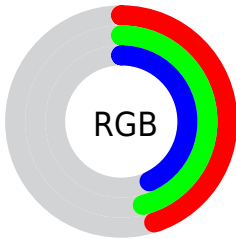
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 117, 112
Decimal	7566702
CIE Lab	49.00, -2.15, 3.59
CIE LCh	49, 4.184, 120.941
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3185, 0.3429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285756782 (0xFF73756E)
YUV	115.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -3.8670, 4.8021

Details

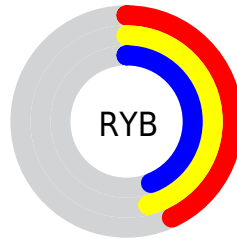
The CIELCh color **49, 4.184, 120.941** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 4.241, 301.602**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 3.911, 121.038**, and **29, 3.959, 122.642** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 11.193, 120.381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 2.833, 301.478**.

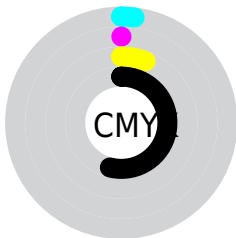
Distribution



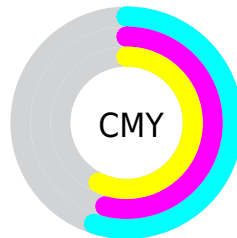
- Red (45%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 4.184, 120.941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 4.184, 120.941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 4.184, 120.941

■ 49, 4.184, 120.941

■ 100, 4.184,
120.941

■ 39, 4.184, 120.941

■ 69, 4.184, 120.941

■ 29, 4.184, 120.941

■ 79, 4.184, 120.941

■ 19, 4.184, 120.941

■ 89, 4.184, 120.941

■ 9, 4.184, 120.941

■ 99, 4.184, 120.941

■ 0, 4.184, 120.941

■ 49, 4.184, 120.941

■ 49, 4.184, 120.941

■ 48, 11.193,
120.381

■ 50, 2.833, 301.478

■ 48, 18.151,

■ 50, 9.833, 302.004

119.807

51, 16.793,
302.493

47, 24.999,
119.241

52, 23.699,
302.951

47, 31.655,
118.709

52, 30.538,
303.377

47, 37.995,
118.250

53, 37.301,
303.771

46, 43.840,
117.918

54, 43.983,
304.135

46, 48.946,
117.791

55, 50.578,
304.471

46, 53.027,
117.961

56, 57.084,
304.779

45, 55.998,
118.454

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 4.184, 120.941



47, 4.241, 301.602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 4.184, 120.941



49, 4.184, 170.941



49, 4.184, 300.941



49, 4.184, 350.941

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 4.185, 120.950



63, 1.737, 121.180



48, 2.365, 49.018



32, 0.981, 121.190



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 4.185, 120.950



63, 6.099, 120.882



49, 4.697, 138.088



24, 3.156, 120.879



47, 58.950, 118.698



91, 100.395, 119.454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 4.241, 301.602



60, 6.191, 301.675



47, 4.721, 318.528



23, 3.203, 301.678



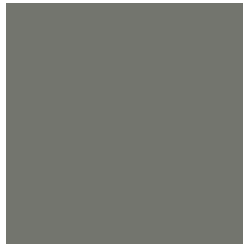
14, 75.291, 308.468



35, 128.465, 307.987

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 4.184, 120.941 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

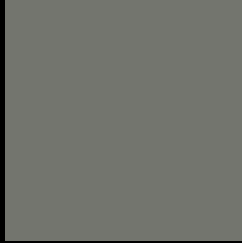
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 4.184, 120.941 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

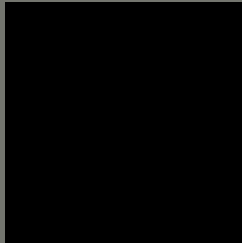
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

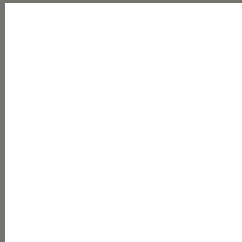
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 4.184, 120.941

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 4.184, 120.941.

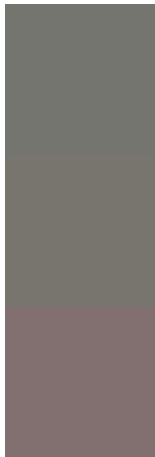


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 4.184, 120.941.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 4.184, 120.941

Protanopia

49, 3.869, 84.366

Deuteranopia

49, 7.123, 24.875



Tritanopia
49, 5.365, 299.312

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 4.184, 120.941

Protanomaly
49, 3.599, 96.441

Deuteranomaly
49, 4.500, 42.687

Tritanomaly
49, 1.767, 290.436

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 4.184, 120.941

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 1.167, 109.985

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 4.184, 120.941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 117, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 117, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 117, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 117, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 4.184, 120.941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

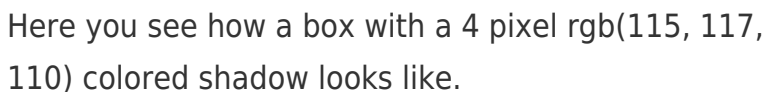
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 117, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 117, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 117, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 117, 110); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 117, 110); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 117, 110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 4.184, 120.941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 117, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
117, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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