

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 42.873, 329.208)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(49, 42.873, 329.208)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(49, 42.679, 329.323)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A05D9A
RGB	160, 93, 154
RGB Percent	63%, 36%, 60%
CMY	0.3731, 0.6358, 0.3966
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.04, 0.37
HSL	305°, 27%, 50%
HSV	305°, 42%, 63%
XYZ	24.1940, 17.5941, 32.6335
YIQ	119.9870, 20.3510, 33.1750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

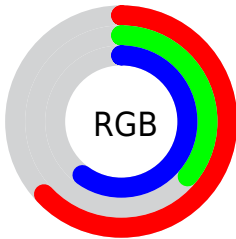
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	160, 93, 154
Decimal	10509722
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.00, 36.71, -21.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 42.679, 329.323
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3251, 0.2364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288699802 (0xFFA05D9A)
YUV	119.9870, 16.7684, 35.0914
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 29.5545, -16.7661

# Details

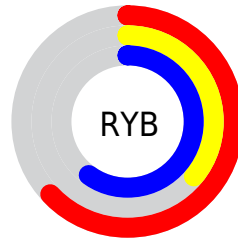
The CIELCh color  $49, 42.679, 329.323$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $60, 42.757, 143.711$ , and the grayscale version is  $50, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $69, 42.849, 329.143$ , and  $29, 42.594, 329.245$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $46, 51.914, 329.869$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 32.783, 328.759$ .

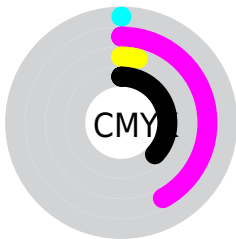
# Distribution



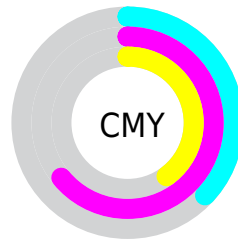
- Red (63%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 42.679, 329.323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 42.679, 329.323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49, 42.679,  
329.323


 49, 42.679,  
329.323


 100, 42.679,  
329.323


 39, 42.679,  
329.323

 69, 42.679,  
329.323

 29, 42.679,  
329.323

 79, 42.679,  
329.323

 19, 42.679,  
329.323

 89, 42.679,  
329.323

 9, 42.679, 329.323

 99, 42.679,  
329.323

 0, 42.679, 329.323

 49, 42.679,

 49, 42.679,

329.323

46, 51.914,  
329.869

43, 60.109,  
330.388

40, 66.851,  
330.875

39, 71.782,  
331.331

38, 74.713,  
331.763

37, 76.040,  
332.104

329.323

53, 32.783,  
328.759

57, 22.549,  
328.186

61, 12.214,  
327.607

65, 1.944, 326.942

69, 8.152, 146.546

74, 18.008,  
146.001

78, 27.589,  
145.491

83, 36.881,  
145.007

■ 87, 45.882,  
144.550

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 42.679, 329.323



60, 42.757, 143.711

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 42.679, 329.323



49, 42.679, 19.323



49, 42.679, 149.323



49, 42.679, 199.323

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 42.677, 329.323



76, 16.447, 327.685



43, 40.428, 298.165



39, 11.611, 327.807



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 42.677, 329.323



59, 61.752, 329.817



48, 31.328, 352.963



31, 5.741, 327.450



33, 70.056, 332.063



1, 7.372, 327.527



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 42.677, 329.323



59, 61.752, 329.817



61, 29.084, 164.165



31, 5.741, 327.450



33, 70.056, 332.063

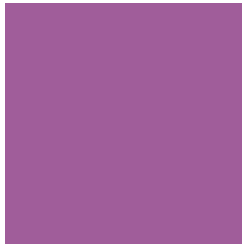


1, 7.372, 327.527



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 42.679, 329.323 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 42.679, 329.323 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

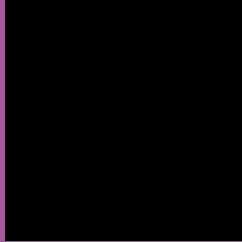
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 49, 42.679, 329.323**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 42.679, 329.323.

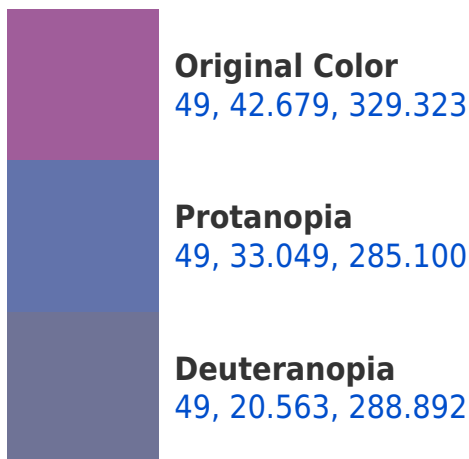


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 42.679, 329.323.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
49, 22.468, 10.545

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 42.679, 329.323

**Protanomaly**  
49, 34.549, 301.741

**Deuteranomaly**  
49, 27.215, 310.444

**Tritanomaly**  
49, 27.584, 348.661

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 42.679, 329.323

**Achromatopsia**  
50, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
49, 16.016, 327.751

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 42.679, 329.323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 93, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 93, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 93, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 93, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 42.679, 329.323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 93, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 93, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 93, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 93, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 93, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 93,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 42.679, 329.323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 93, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 93,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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