

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 44.974, 131.541)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 44.974, 131.541)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 44.863, 131.188)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 44.863, 131.188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	528038
RGB	82, 128, 56
RGB Percent	32%, 50%, 22%
CMY	0.6775, 0.4971, 0.7795
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.56, 0.50
HSL	98°, 39%, 36%
HSV	98°, 56%, 50%
XYZ	11.9707, 17.5941, 6.5354
YIQ	106.0380, -4.3040, -32.1440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

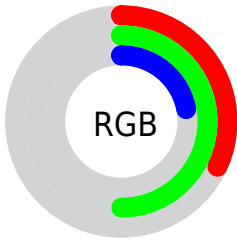
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 128, 102
Decimal	5406776
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -29.54, 33.76
CIE _{LCh}	49, 44.863, 131.188
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3316, 0.4874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283596856 (0xFF528038)
YUV	106.0380, -24.6687, -21.0813
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -22.4622, 20.1238

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 44.863, 131.188$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $32, 47.194, 316.049$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 44.828, 131.138$, and $29, 44.628, 131.334$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 51.846, 130.834$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 37.320, 131.644$.

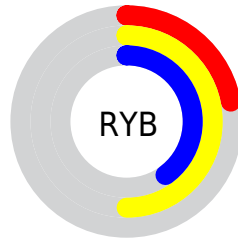
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (50%)

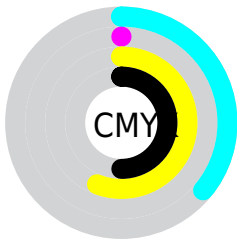
Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (40%)

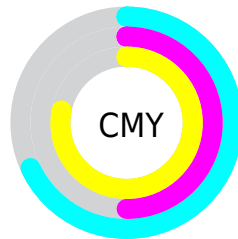


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 44.863, 131.188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 44.863, 131.188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 44.863,
131.188

 49, 44.863,
131.188

 100, 44.863,
131.188

 39, 44.863,
131.188

 69, 44.863,
131.188

 29, 44.863,
131.188

 79, 44.863,
131.188

 19, 44.863,
131.188

 89, 44.863,
131.188

 9, 44.863, 131.188

 99, 44.863,
131.188

 0, 44.863, 131.188

 49, 44.863,

 49, 44.863,

131.188

■ 48, 51.846,
130.834

■ 48, 57.987,
130.674

■ 48, 62.961,
130.821

■ 47, 66.620,
131.311

■ 47, 67.931,
131.451

131.188

■ 50, 37.320,
131.644

■ 50, 29.429,
132.138

■ 51, 21.343,
132.630

■ 52, 13.174,
133.099

■ 53, 5.001, 133.544

■ 54, 3.118, 313.873

■ 55, 11.143,
314.248

■ 56, 19.044,
314.561

■ 58, 26.802,
314.834

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 44.863, 131.188



32, 47.194, 316.049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 44.863, 131.188



49, 44.863, 181.188



49, 44.863, 311.188



49, 44.863, 1.188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 44.864, 131.189



66, 17.101, 133.043



45, 29.924, 81.083



34, 11.531, 132.968



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 44.864, 131.189



62, 64.381, 130.775



48, 45.574, 143.482



26, 4.563, 133.414



47, 67.640, 131.442



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 47.194, 316.049



38, 68.317, 316.357



36, 45.183, 331.580



25, 4.606, 314.111



21, 72.324, 315.831



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 44.863, 131.188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 44.863, 131.188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

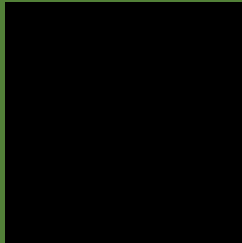
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 44.863, 131.188

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 44.863, 131.188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 44.863, 131.188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
49, 44.863, 131.188

Protanopia
49, 36.721, 95.567

Deuteranopia
49, 32.775, 79.468



Tritanopia
49, 10.997, 231.061

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 44.863, 131.188

Protanomaly
48, 37.212, 110.942

Deuteranomaly
48, 33.020, 103.263

Tritanomaly
49, 17.752, 156.197

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 44.863, 131.188

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 16.970, 133.288

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 44.863, 131.188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 128, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 128, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 128, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 128, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 44.863, 131.188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 128, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 128, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 128, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 128, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 128, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 128,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 44.863, 131.188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 128, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 128,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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