

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 46.717, 332.264)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(49, 46.717, 332.264)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(49, 47.048, 332.256)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A7589A
RGB	167, 88, 154
RGB Percent	65%, 35%, 60%
CMY	0.3442, 0.6541, 0.3952
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.08, 0.34
HSL	310°, 31%, 50%
HSV	310°, 47%, 66%
XYZ	25.3416, 17.5941, 32.7266
YIQ	119.1450, 25.8980, 37.2740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

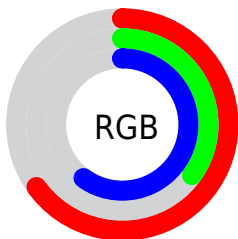
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	167, 88, 154
Decimal	10967194
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.00, 41.64, -21.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 47.048, 332.256
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3349, 0.2325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289157274 (0xFFA7589A)
YUV	119.1450, 17.1835, 41.9688
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 34.4380, -16.8976

# Details

The CIELCh color  $49, 47.048, 332.256$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $62, 47.139, 145.351$ , and the grayscale version is  $50, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $69, 47.497, 332.180$ , and  $29, 47.204, 332.107$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $46, 55.650, 332.911$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 37.584, 331.610$ .

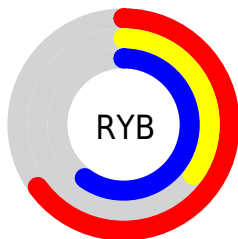
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (35%)

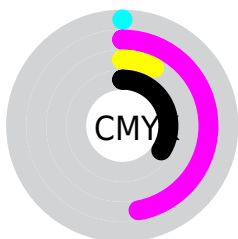
Blue (60%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (60%)

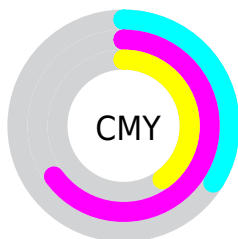


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 47.048, 332.256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 47.048, 332.256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 49, 47.048,  
332.256


 49, 47.048,  
332.256

 100, 47.048,  
332.256

 39, 47.048,  
332.256

 69, 47.048,  
332.256


 29, 47.048,  
332.256

 79, 47.048,  
332.256

 19, 47.048,  
332.256

 89, 47.048,  
332.256

 9, 47.048, 332.256

 99, 47.048,  
332.256

 0, 47.048, 332.256

 49, 47.048,

 49, 47.048,

332.256

46, 55.650,  
332.911

43, 62.972,  
333.577

41, 68.591,  
334.266

39, 72.199,  
334.996

38, 73.834,  
335.790

38, 74.169,  
336.012

332.256

53, 37.584,  
331.610

57, 27.630,  
330.972

61, 17.469,  
330.344


65, 7.302, 329.717

70, 2.735, 149.262

74, 12.560,  
148.624

79, 22.125,  
148.077

84, 31.410,  
147.561

 88, 40.410,  
147.073

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 47.048, 332.256



62, 47.139, 145.351

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 47.048, 332.256



49, 47.048, 22.256



49, 47.048, 152.256



49, 47.048, 202.256

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 47.046, 332.256



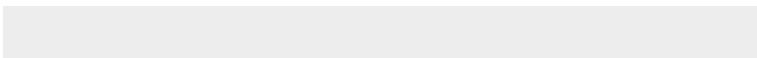
79, 17.488, 330.157



42, 47.838, 300.879



41, 12.181, 330.287



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 47.046, 332.256



59, 68.267, 332.962



48, 35.630, 358.387



33, 5.737, 329.847



33, 67.856, 335.919



2, 10.017, 331.176



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 47.046, 332.256



59, 68.267, 332.962



63, 31.823, 167.602



33, 5.737, 329.847



33, 67.856, 335.919



2, 10.017, 331.176



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 47.048, 332.256 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

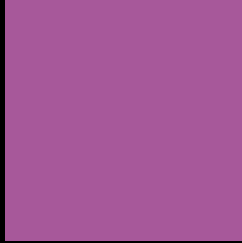
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 47.048, 332.256 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

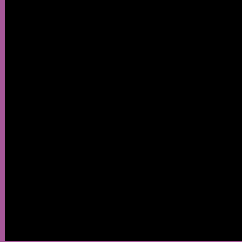
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 49, 47.048, 332.256

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 47.048, 332.256.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 47.048, 332.256.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 47.048, 332.256

**Protanopia**  
49, 35.395, 285.196

**Deuteranopia**  
49, 20.563, 288.892





**Tritanopia**  
49, 27.266, 14.646

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 47.048, 332.256

**Protanomaly**  
48, 37.102, 303.552

**Deuteranomaly**  
49, 29.347, 312.289

**Tritanomaly**  
49, 32.172, 352.765

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 47.048, 332.256

**Achromatopsia**  
50, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
49, 18.135, 330.835

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 47.048, 332.256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 88, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 88, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 88, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 88, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 47.048, 332.256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 88, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 88, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 88, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 88, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 88, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 88,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 47.048, 332.256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 88, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 88,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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