

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 48.566, 308.551)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(49, 48.566, 308.551)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(49, 48.815, 308.784)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | 8664B5                     |
| RGB           | 134, 100, 181              |
| RGB Percent   | 53%, 39%, 71%              |
| CMY           | 0.4735, 0.6069, 0.2892     |
| CMYK          | 0.26, 0.45, 0.00, 0.29     |
| HSL           | 265°, 35%, 55%             |
| HSV           | 265°, 45%, 71%             |
| XYZ           | 22.8171, 17.5941, 46.0462  |
| YIQ           | 119.4000, -5.7370, 32.3990 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

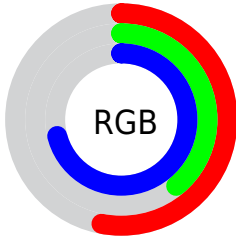
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 134, 100, 181                 |
| Decimal                             | 8807605                       |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 49.00, 30.58, -38.05          |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 49, 48.815, 308.784           |
| Yxy                                 | 17.5941, 0.2639,<br>0.2035    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4286997685<br>(0xFF8664B5)    |
| YUV                                 | 119.4000, 30.3688,<br>12.8042 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 41.9453, 23.6948,<br>-35.7249 |

# Details

The CIELCh color  $49, 48.815, 308.784$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9966CC`. A complement of this color would be  $70, 45.175, 124.044$ , and the grayscale version is  $50, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $69, 48.982, 308.994$ , and  $29, 49.161, 308.893$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44, 60.156, 309.429$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $54, 37.469, 308.138$ .

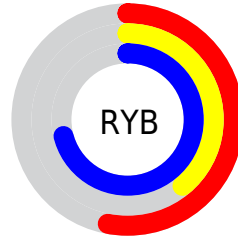
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (39%)

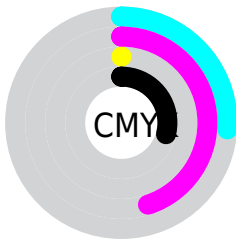
Blue (71%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (71%)

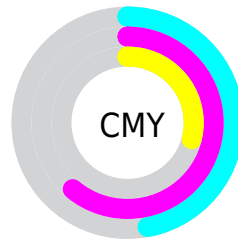


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 48.815, 308.784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 48.815, 308.784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 49, 48.815,  
308.784

 49, 48.815,  
308.784

 100, 48.815,  
308.784

 39, 48.815,  
308.784


 69, 48.815,  
308.784

 29, 48.815,  
308.784


 79, 48.815,  
308.784

 19, 48.815,  
308.784

 89, 48.815,  
308.784

 9, 48.815, 308.784

 99, 48.815,  
308.784

 0, 48.815, 308.784

 49, 48.815,

 49, 48.815,

308.784

44, 60.156,  
309.429

39, 71.163,  
310.018

34, 81.290,  
310.464

31, 89.761,  
310.645

28, 95.714,  
310.428

26, 98.210,  
310.245

308.784

54, 37.469,  
308.138

60, 26.307,  
307.521

66, 15.423,  
306.951


71, 4.859, 306.426

77, 5.371, 126.001

82, 15.270,  
125.587

88, 24.849,  
125.231

93, 34.121,  
124.922

 97, 38.453,  
122.250

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 48.815, 308.784



70, 45.175, 124.044

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 48.815, 308.784



49, 48.815, 358.784



49, 48.815, 128.784



49, 48.815, 178.784

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 48.814, 308.784



84, 16.783, 306.871



59, 23.603, 253.248



43, 11.773, 306.989



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 48.814, 308.784



56, 73.245, 309.442



54, 52.392, 324.288



36, 5.958, 306.666



22, 87.601, 310.375



1, 15.776, 302.344



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 40.373, 343.619



63, 59.083, 344.885



67, 52.161, 139.158



36, 5.143, 340.244



33, 60.045, 354.145

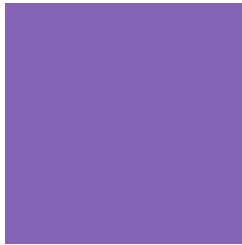


3, 12.833, 346.162



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 48.815, 308.784 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 48.815, 308.784 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

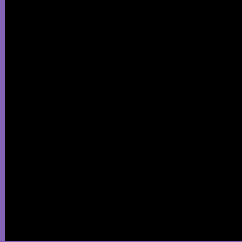
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 49, 48.815, 308.784**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 48.815, 308.784.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 48.815, 308.784.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49, 48.815, 308.784

### Protanopia

49, 47.101, 286.160

### Deuteranopia

49, 36.893, 281.498





**Tritanopia**  
49, 6.206, 330.972

# Trichromacy



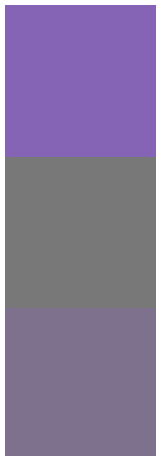
**Original Color**  
49, 48.815, 308.784

**Protanomaly**  
49, 46.925, 293.516

**Deuteranomaly**  
49, 40.533, 292.683

**Tritanomaly**  
49, 21.874, 311.622

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 48.815, 308.784

**Achromatopsia**  
50, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
50, 17.683, 307.039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 48.815, 308.784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 100, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 100, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 100, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 100, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 48.815, 308.784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 100, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 100, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 100, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 100, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 100, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 100,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 48.815, 308.784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 100, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
100, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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