

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 49.459, 332.387)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 49.459, 332.387)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 49.581, 332.477)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 49.581, 332.477)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA569C
RGB	170, 86, 156
RGB Percent	67%, 34%, 61%
CMY	0.3334, 0.6628, 0.3883
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.08, 0.33
HSL	310°, 33%, 50%
HSV	310°, 49%, 67%
XYZ	25.8961, 17.5941, 33.4722
YIQ	119.0960, 27.5940, 39.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

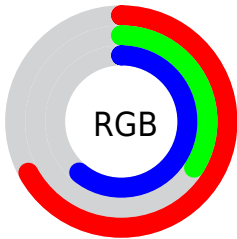
Format	Color
R_{YB}	170, 86, 156
Decimal	11163292
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 43.97, -22.91
CIE _{LCh}	49, 49.581, 332.477
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3365, 0.2286
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289353372 (0xFFAA569C)
YUV	119.0960, 18.1937, 44.6428
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 36.7979, -17.9515

Details

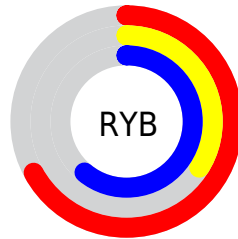
The CIELCh color $49, 49.581, 332.477$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $63, 49.740, 145.151$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 49.459, 332.387$, and $29, 49.836, 332.414$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 58.036, 333.139$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 40.161, 331.825$.

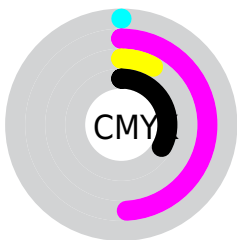
Distribution



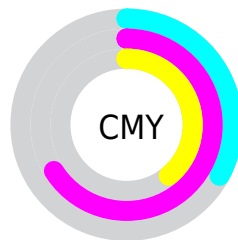
- Red (67%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 49.581, 332.477 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 49.581, 332.477 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 49.581,
332.477


 49, 49.581,
332.477

 100, 49.581,
332.477

 39, 49.581,
332.477

 69, 49.581,
332.477

 29, 49.581,
332.477

 79, 49.581,
332.477

 19, 49.581,
332.477

 89, 49.581,
332.477

 9, 49.581, 332.477

 99, 49.581,
332.477

 0, 49.581, 332.477

 49, 49.581,

 49, 49.581,

332.477

332.477

■ 46, 58.036,
333.139

■ 53, 40.161,
331.825

■ 43, 65.093,
333.815

■ 57, 30.169,
331.183

■ 41, 70.338,
334.519

■ 61, 19.912,
330.550

■ 40, 73.501,
335.273

■ 65, 9.611, 329.924

■ 39, 74.871,
336.089

■ 70, 0.583, 149.814

■ 39, 74.940,
336.137

■ 75, 10.576,
148.814

■ 79, 20.314,
148.257

■ 84, 29.771,
147.734

■ 89, 38.939,
147.239

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 49.581, 332.477



63, 49.740, 145.151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 49.581, 332.477



49, 49.581, 22.477



49, 49.581, 152.477



49, 49.581, 202.477

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 49.579, 332.477



80, 19.076, 330.291



42, 50.909, 301.645



42, 13.131, 330.419



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 49.579, 332.477



59, 71.414, 333.182



48, 37.540, 359.987



33, 5.729, 329.915



33, 67.754, 336.031



2, 9.999, 331.265

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 49.579, 332.477



59, 71.414, 333.182



64, 33.070, 168.416



33, 5.729, 329.915



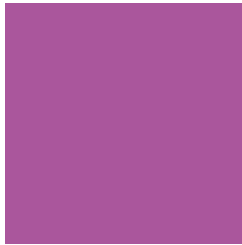
33, 67.754, 336.031



2, 9.999, 331.265

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 49.581, 332.477 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

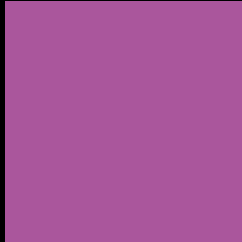
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 49.581, 332.477 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

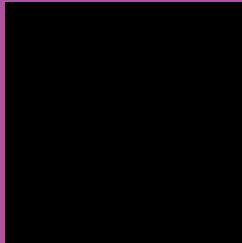
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 49.581, 332.477

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 49.581, 332.477.

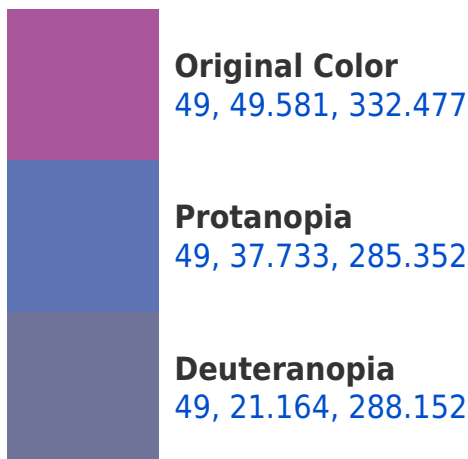


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 49.581, 332.477.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
49, 28.601, 15.267

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 49.581, 332.477

Protanomaly
48, 40.042, 303.570

Deuteranomaly
48, 30.685, 312.939

Tritanomaly
49, 33.428, 353.201

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 49.581, 332.477

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 19.082, 331.664

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 49.581, 332.477 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 86, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 86, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 86, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 86, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 49.581, 332.477 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 86, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 86, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 86, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 86, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 86, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 86,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 49.581, 332.477 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 86, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170, 86,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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