

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 5.285, 278.462)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 5.285, 278.462) contains.

CIELCh(49, 5.396, 278.394)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(49, 5.396, 278.394)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71747D
RGB	113, 116, 125
RGB Percent	44%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.5555, 0.5437, 0.5084
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	225°, 5%, 47%
HSV	225°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	16.8641, 17.5941, 22.0269
YIQ	116.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

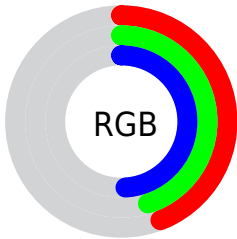
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 115, 125
Decimal	7435389
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 0.79, -5.34
CIE _{LCh}	49, 5.396, 278.394
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2986, 0.3115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285625469 (0xFF71747D)
YUV	116.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -1.6384, -1.7735

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 5.396, 278.394$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 5.354, 96.120$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 5.587, 279.387$, and $29, 5.281, 277.378$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 11.154, 279.741$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.229, 96.597$.

Distribution



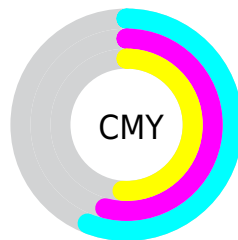
- Red (44%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 5.396, 278.394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 5.396, 278.394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 5.396, 278.394

■ 49, 5.396, 278.394

■ 100, 5.396,
278.394

■ 39, 5.396, 278.394

■ 69, 5.396, 278.394

■ 29, 5.396, 278.394

■ 79, 5.396, 278.394

■ 19, 5.396, 278.394

■ 89, 5.396, 278.394

■ 9, 5.396, 278.394

■ 99, 5.396, 278.394

■ 0, 5.396, 278.394

■ 49, 5.396, 278.394

■ 49, 5.396, 278.394

■ 45, 11.154,
279.741

■ 53, 0.229, 96.597

■ 42, 17.057,

■ 56, 5.723, 96.126

281.327

60, 11.094, 95.241

38, 23.117,
283.171

64, 16.346, 94.458

34, 29.352,
285.305

67, 21.481, 93.765

31, 35.779,
287.749

71, 26.503, 93.150

27, 42.409,
290.495

74, 31.416, 92.600

78, 36.224, 92.106

24, 49.218,
293.485

82, 40.929, 91.659

21, 56.094,
296.590

18, 62.815,
299.456

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 5.396, 278.394



51, 5.354, 96.120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 5.396, 278.394



49, 5.396, 328.394



49, 5.396, 98.394



49, 5.396, 148.394

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 5.395, 278.384



66, 2.086, 277.647



51, 5.109, 177.536



34, 1.574, 277.717



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 5.395, 278.384



62, 7.703, 278.597



48, 7.179, 299.885



25, 3.218, 278.327



18, 63.978, 299.618



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 5.224, 0.317



62, 7.473, 0.493



52, 7.040, 118.692



25, 3.114, 0.268



26, 53.178, 23.495



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 5.396, 278.394 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

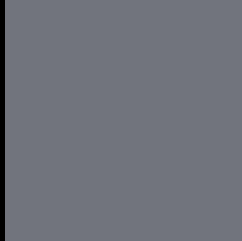
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 5.396, 278.394 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

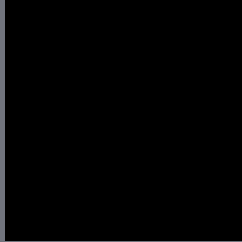
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

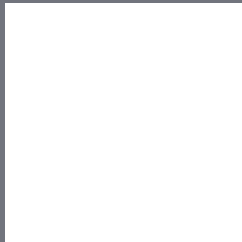
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 5.396, 278.394

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 5.396, 278.394.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 5.396, 278.394.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 5.396, 278.394

Protanopia

49, 5.289, 290.881

Deuteranopia

49, 8.648, 318.294



Tritanopia
49, 5.970, 279.727

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 5.396, 278.394

Protanomaly
49, 5.297, 286.655

Deuteranomaly
49, 7.358, 306.547

Tritanomaly
49, 5.970, 279.727

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 5.396, 278.394

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 1.805, 277.680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 5.396, 278.394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 116, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 116, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 116, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 116, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 5.396, 278.394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 116, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 116, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 116, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 116, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 116, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 116,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 5.396, 278.394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 116, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
116, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor