

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 52.257, 287.585)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 52.257, 287.585)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 52.335, 287.681)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5070C9
RGB	80, 112, 201
RGB Percent	31%, 44%, 79%
CMY	0.6850, 0.5598, 0.2106
CMYK	0.60, 0.44, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	224°, 53%, 55%
HSV	224°, 60%, 79%
XYZ	19.7333, 17.5941, 57.7918
YIQ	112.5780, -47.6410, 20.8950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

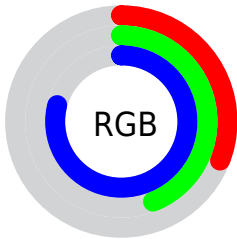
Format	Color
R _Y B	80, 105, 201
Decimal	5271753
CIE Lab	49.00, 15.90, -49.86
CIE LCh	49, 52.335, 287.681
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2075, 0.1850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283461833 (0xFF5070C9)
YUV	112.5780, 43.5920, -28.5709
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 10.5718, -52.3275

Details

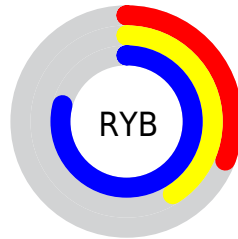
The CIELCh color **49, 52.335, 287.681** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **71, 49.355, 88.587**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 50.685, 287.464**, and **29, 52.030, 288.142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 61.959, 290.661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 43.007, 285.026**.

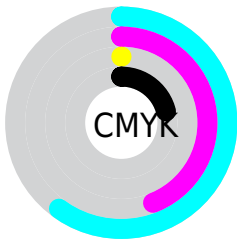
Distribution



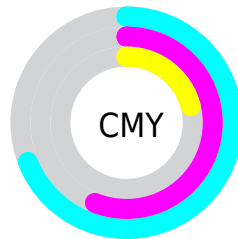
- Red (31%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 52.335, 287.681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 52.335, 287.681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 52.335,
287.681

■ 49, 52.335,
287.681

■ 100, 52.335,
287.681

■ 39, 52.335,
287.681

■ 69, 52.335,
287.681

■ 29, 52.335,
287.681

■ 79, 52.335,
287.681

■ 19, 52.335,
287.681

■ 89, 52.335,
287.681

■ 9, 52.335, 287.681

■ 99, 52.335,
287.681

■ 0, 52.335, 287.681

■ 49, 52.335,

■ 49, 52.335,

287.681

287.681

■ 44, 61.959,
290.661

■ 54, 43.007,
285.026

■ 39, 71.830,
293.881

■ 60, 33.963,
282.712

■ 35, 81.734,
297.173

■ 65, 25.172,
280.721

■ 31, 91.136,
300.202

■ 70, 16.609,
279.019

■ 76, 8.252, 277.569

■ 81, 0.088, 278.511

■ 86, 7.890, 95.181

■ 92, 15.690, 94.253

■ 96, 22.797, 99.442

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 52.335, 287.681



71, 49.355, 88.587

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 52.335, 287.681



49, 52.335, 337.681



49, 52.335, 107.681



49, 52.335, 157.681

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 52.334, 287.682



88, 17.984, 278.732



74, 41.950, 171.625



45, 12.540, 279.193



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 52.334, 287.682



54, 77.444, 291.577



43, 72.125, 304.814



39, 4.586, 277.473



25, 76.838, 299.722



3, 17.637, 283.756

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 51.353, 7.752



59, 72.809, 11.814



77, 61.929, 115.687



39, 4.538, 359.329



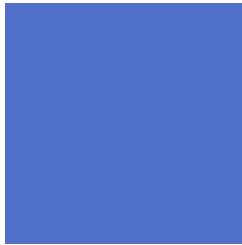
34, 63.744, 23.698



4, 16.383, 5.991

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 52.335, 287.681 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

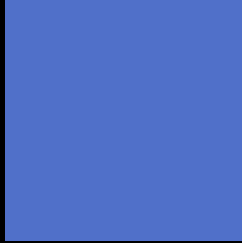
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 52.335, 287.681 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

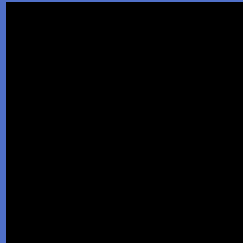
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 52.335, 287.681

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 52.335, 287.681.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 52.335, 287.681.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 52.335, 287.681

Protanopia

49, 52.403, 286.481

Deuteranopia

49, 49.832, 278.801



Tritanopia
49, 23.523, 211.807

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 52.335, 287.681

Protanomaly
49, 52.347, 286.921

Deuteranomaly
49, 50.594, 281.861

Tritanomaly
49, 27.332, 253.783

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 52.335, 287.681

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 19.206, 280.048

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 52.335, 287.681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 112, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 112, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 112, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 112, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 52.335, 287.681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 112, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 112, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 112, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 112, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 112, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 112,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 52.335, 287.681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 112, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 112,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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