

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 6.643, 286.165)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 6.643, 286.165) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 6.496, 284.191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72747F
RGB	114, 116, 127
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.5530, 0.5452, 0.5020
CMYK	0.10, 0.09, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	231°, 5%, 47%
HSV	231°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.0094, 17.5941, 22.5714
YIQ	116.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 116, 127
Decimal	7500927
CIE Lab	49.00, 1.59, -6.30
CIE LCh	49, 6.496, 284.191
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2975, 0.3077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285691007 (0xFF72747F)
YUV	116.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -1.0199, -2.5432

Details

The CIELCh color **49, 6.496, 284.191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **52, 6.399, 101.948**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 6.622, 284.515**, and **29, 6.478, 284.022** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 13.036, 285.469**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 0.155, 283.669**.

Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

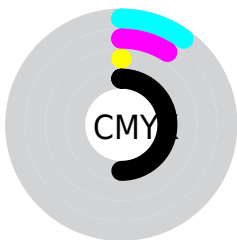
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (50%)

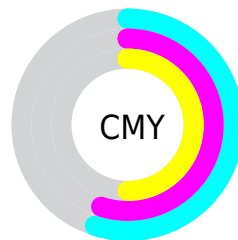


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 6.496, 284.191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 6.496, 284.191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 6.496, 284.191

■ 49, 6.496, 284.191

■ 100, 6.496,
284.191

■ 39, 6.496, 284.191

■ 69, 6.496, 284.191

■ 29, 6.496, 284.191

■ 79, 6.496, 284.191

■ 19, 6.496, 284.191

■ 89, 6.496, 284.191

■ 9, 6.496, 284.191

■ 99, 6.496, 284.191

■ 0, 6.496, 284.191

■ 49, 6.496, 284.191

■ 49, 6.496, 284.191

■ 45, 13.036,
285.469

■ 53, 0.155, 283.669

■ 41, 19.795,

■ 57, 5.997, 102.080

286.971

61, 11.972,
101.254

37, 26.791,
288.718

65, 17.781,
100.529

33, 34.042,
290.734

69, 23.432, 99.892

29, 41.554,
293.027

73, 28.931, 99.330

25, 49.291,
295.563

77, 34.288, 98.832

21, 57.110,
298.244

81, 39.508, 98.387

18, 64.661,
300.887

85, 44.597, 97.989

16, 71.248,
303.053

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 6.496, 284.191



52, 6.399, 101.948

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 6.496, 284.191



49, 6.496, 334.191



49, 6.496, 104.191



49, 6.496, 154.191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 6.495, 284.184



67, 2.346, 283.405



52, 5.255, 185.050



35, 1.793, 283.475



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 6.495, 284.184



62, 9.495, 284.430



49, 7.863, 303.596



25, 3.582, 284.051



16, 71.482, 303.063



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 5.465, 7.644



62, 8.010, 7.852



52, 7.718, 122.524



25, 3.009, 7.529



26, 56.330, 30.917



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 6.496, 284.191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

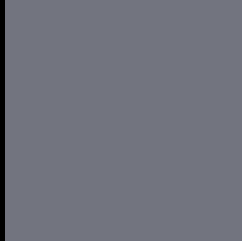
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 6.496, 284.191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

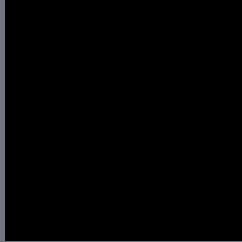
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

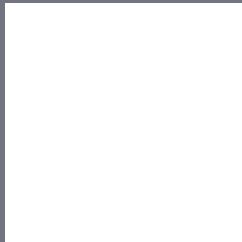
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 6.496, 284.191

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 6.496, 284.191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 6.496, 284.191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 6.496, 284.191

Protanopia

49, 6.468, 287.597

Deuteranopia

49, 9.548, 312.946



Tritanopia
49, 5.333, 282.478

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 6.496, 284.191

Protanomaly

49, 6.468, 287.597

Deuteranomaly

49, 8.495, 304.496

Tritanomaly

49, 5.914, 283.412

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 6.496, 284.191

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 2.378, 280.900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 6.496, 284.191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 116, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 116, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 116, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 116, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 6.496, 284.191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 116, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 116, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 116, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 116, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 116, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 116,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 6.496, 284.191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 116, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
116, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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