

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 6.772, 350.364)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 6.772, 350.364) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 6.428, 353.067)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7176
RGB	127, 113, 118
RGB Percent	50%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5024, 0.5573, 0.5377
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.07, 0.50
HSL	339°, 6%, 47%
HSV	339°, 11%, 50%
XYZ	17.8914, 17.5941, 19.5576
YIQ	117.7560, 6.7390, 4.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

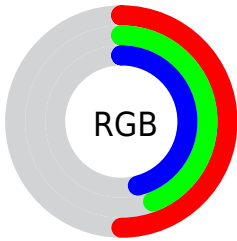
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 113, 118
Decimal	8352118
CIE Lab	49.00, 6.38, -0.78
CIE LCh	49, 6.428, 353.067
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3250, 0.3196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286542198 (0xFF7F7176)
YUV	117.7560, 0.1203, 8.1070
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 2.7336, 1.7169

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 6.428, 353.067$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 6.269, 171.214$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 6.351, 354.395$, and $29, 6.651, 351.767$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 12.446, 354.123$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.592, 351.667$.

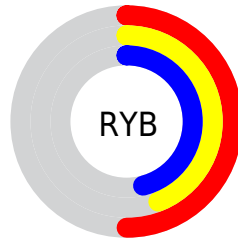
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (44%)

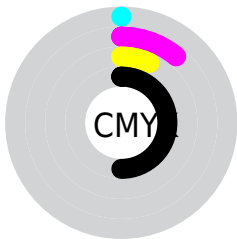
Blue (46%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (46%)

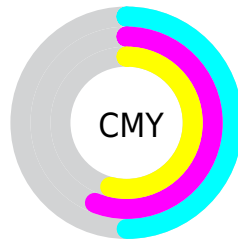


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 6.428, 353.067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 6.428, 353.067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 6.428, 353.067

■ 49, 6.428, 353.067

■ 100, 6.428,
353.067

■ 39, 6.428, 353.067

■ 69, 6.428, 353.067

■ 29, 6.428, 353.067

■ 79, 6.428, 353.067

■ 19, 6.428, 353.067

■ 89, 6.428, 353.067

■ 9, 6.428, 353.067

■ 99, 6.428, 353.067

■ 0, 6.428, 353.067

■ 49, 6.428, 353.067

■ 49, 6.428, 353.067

■ 45, 12.446,
354.123

■ 53, 0.592, 351.667

■ 42, 18.587,

■ 57, 5.026, 171.478

355.312

60, 10.418,
170.716

38, 24.742,
356.699

64, 15.587,
170.043

35, 30.746,
358.355

68, 20.544,
169.432

32, 36.372, 0.376

72, 25.302,
168.872

30, 41.350, 2.888

28, 45.426, 6.044

76, 29.877,
168.355

27, 48.460, 9.997

80, 34.285,
167.876

26, 50.803, 13.885

84, 38.542,
167.431

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 6.428, 353.067



52, 6.269, 171.214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 6.428, 353.067



49, 6.428, 43.067



49, 6.428, 173.067



49, 6.428, 223.067

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 6.426, 353.074



67, 2.147, 352.211



49, 8.985, 314.014



35, 1.642, 352.312



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 6.426, 353.074



62, 9.460, 353.305



49, 5.137, 32.113



25, 3.286, 352.880



26, 50.984, 13.914



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 6.426, 353.074



62, 9.460, 353.305



52, 4.796, 212.115



25, 3.286, 352.880



26, 50.984, 13.914



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 6.428, 353.067 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

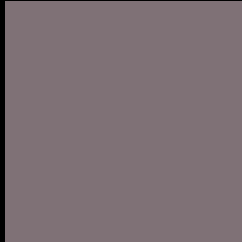
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 6.428, 353.067 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

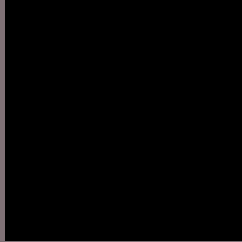
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 6.428, 353.067

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 6.428, 353.067.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 6.428, 353.067.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 6.428, 353.067

Protanopia

49, 2.495, 309.174

Deuteranopia

49, 6.428, 353.067



Tritanopia
49, 8.062, 339.462

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 6.428, 353.067

Protanomaly

49, 3.391, 335.924

Deuteranomaly

49, 6.428, 353.067

Tritanomaly

49, 7.700, 342.787

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 6.428, 353.067

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 2.350, 349.633

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 6.428, 353.067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 113, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 113, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 113, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 113, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 6.428, 353.067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 113, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 113, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 113, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 113, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 6.428, 353.067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 113, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
113, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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