

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 64.590, 334.846)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 64.590, 334.846)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 64.535, 334.894)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC45A4
RGB	188, 69, 164
RGB Percent	74%, 27%, 64%
CMY	0.2632, 0.7299, 0.3573
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.13, 0.26
HSL	312°, 47%, 50%
HSV	312°, 63%, 74%
XYZ	29.5209, 17.5941, 36.9091
YIQ	115.4110, 40.4290, 54.7730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

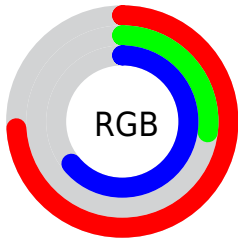
Format	Color
R_{YB}	188, 69, 164
Decimal	12338596
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 58.44, -27.38
CIE _{LCh}	49, 64.535, 334.894
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3513, 0.2094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290528676 (0xFFBC45A4)
YUV	115.4110, 23.9544, 63.6606
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 52.2232, -22.8096

Details

The CIELCh color **49, 64.535, 334.894** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **68, 65.614, 144.352**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 64.215, 335.056**, and **29, 63.132, 334.772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 71.199, 335.695**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 56.150, 334.141**.

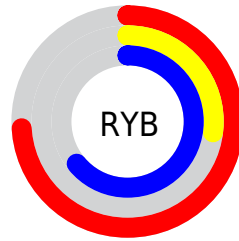
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (27%)

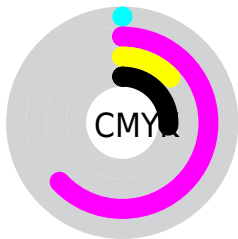
Blue (64%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (64%)

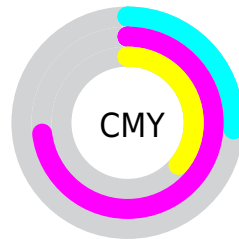


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 64.535, 334.894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 64.535, 334.894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 64.535,
334.894

 49, 64.535,
334.894

 100, 64.535,
334.894

 39, 64.535,
334.894

 69, 64.535,
334.894

 29, 64.535,
334.894

 79, 64.535,
334.894

 19, 64.535,
334.894

 89, 64.535,
334.894

 9, 64.535, 334.894

 99, 64.535,
334.894

 0, 64.535, 334.894

 49, 64.535,

 49, 64.535,

334.894

334.894

■ 46, 71.199,
335.695

■ 52, 56.150,
334.141

■ 44, 75.740,
336.570

■ 56, 46.537,
333.421

■ 43, 77.972,
337.556

■ 60, 36.149,
332.725

■ 43, 78.551,
338.270

■ 65, 25.358,
332.050

■ 70, 14.441,
331.393

■ 75, 3.589, 330.707

■ 80, 7.077, 150.233

■ 85, 17.486,
149.637

■ 90, 27.600,
149.088

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 64.535, 334.894



68, 65.614, 144.352

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 64.535, 334.894



49, 64.535, 24.894



49, 64.535, 154.894



49, 64.535, 204.894

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 64.532, 334.894



85, 25.579, 331.784



38, 72.099, 304.366



43, 17.609, 331.973



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 64.532, 334.894



59, 89.345, 336.027



47, 51.101, 5.778



37, 6.145, 331.133



36, 69.271, 338.111



3, 17.598, 334.296

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 64.532, 334.894



59, 89.345, 336.027



69, 42.598, 168.689



37, 6.145, 331.133



36, 69.271, 338.111



3, 17.598, 334.296

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 64.535, 334.894 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

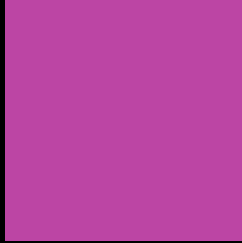
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 64.535, 334.894 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

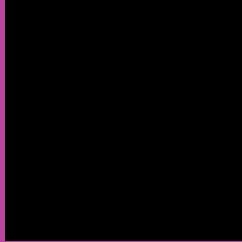
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 64.535, 334.894

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 64.535, 334.894.

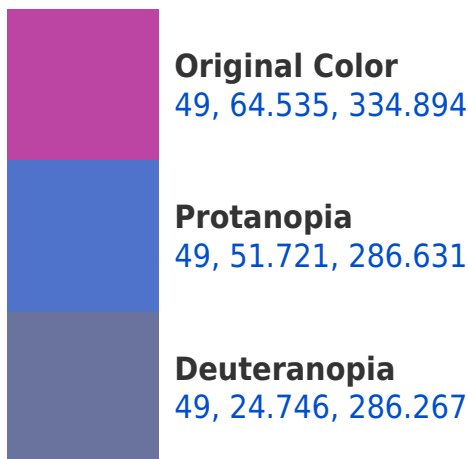


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 64.535, 334.894.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

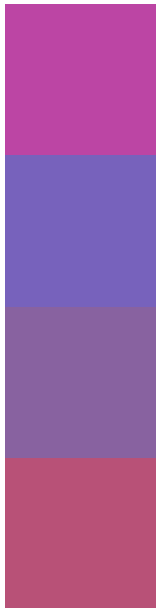
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
49, 40.854, 20.642

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 64.535, 334.894

Protanomaly
47, 53.515, 303.404

Deuteranomaly
48, 38.951, 314.591

Tritanomaly
49, 45.572, 358.808

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 64.535, 334.894

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 26.722, 332.627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 64.535, 334.894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 69, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 69, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 69, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 69, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 64.535, 334.894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 69, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 69, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 69, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 69, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 69, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 69,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 64.535, 334.894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 69, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188, 69,  
164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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