

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 7.506, 292.068)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 7.506, 292.068) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 7.663, 294.083)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	747380
RGB	116, 115, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.5444, 0.5483, 0.4973
CMYK	0.09, 0.10, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	245°, 5%, 48%
HSV	245°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.2888, 17.5941, 22.9732
YIQ	116.7810, -3.5770, 4.2550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 115, 128
Decimal	7631744
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 3.13, -7.00
CIE _{LCh}	49, 7.663, 294.083
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2988, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285821824 (0xFF747380)
YUV	116.7810, 5.5310, -0.6849
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 0.1691, -3.1111

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 7.663, 294.083$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 7.491, 112.377$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 7.713, 293.675$, and $29, 7.761, 294.718$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 15.510, 295.083$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.112, 293.436$.

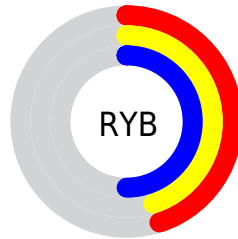
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

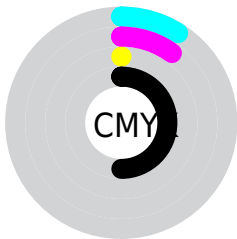
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (50%)

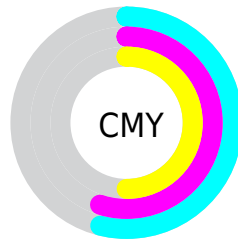


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 7.663, 294.083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 7.663, 294.083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 7.663, 294.083

■ 49, 7.663, 294.083

■ 100, 7.663,
294.083

■ 39, 7.663, 294.083

■ 69, 7.663, 294.083

■ 29, 7.663, 294.083

■ 79, 7.663, 294.083

■ 19, 7.663, 294.083

■ 89, 7.663, 294.083

■ 9, 7.663, 294.083

■ 99, 7.663, 294.083

■ 0, 7.663, 294.083

■ 49, 7.663, 294.083

■ 49, 7.663, 294.083

■ 44, 15.510,
295.083

■ 54, 0.112, 293.436

■ 40, 23.674,

■ 58, 7.159, 112.465

296.251

63, 14.170,
111.829

35, 32.163,
297.595

67, 20.940,
111.280

31, 40.958,
299.117

72, 27.485,
110.807

26, 49.972,
300.791

76, 33.818,
110.396

22, 58.963,
302.537

80, 39.955,
110.040

18, 67.406,
304.194

85, 45.906,
109.730

16, 74.387,
305.519

89, 51.684,
109.459

13, 79.904,
306.638

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 7.663, 294.083



53, 7.491, 112.377

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 7.663, 294.083



49, 7.663, 344.083



49, 7.663, 114.083



49, 7.663, 164.083

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 7.662, 294.078



66, 2.764, 293.461



52, 4.716, 205.131



34, 2.114, 293.521



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 7.662, 294.078



61, 11.229, 294.280



50, 8.196, 311.765



24, 4.231, 293.982



13, 79.590, 306.640



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 8.756, 327.112



63, 12.796, 327.233



53, 8.098, 130.961



25, 4.841, 327.052



29, 65.207, 331.436



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 7.663, 294.083 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 7.663, 294.083 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

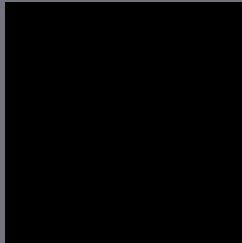
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

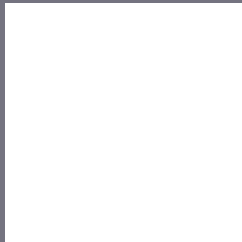
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 7.663, 294.083

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.663, 294.083.

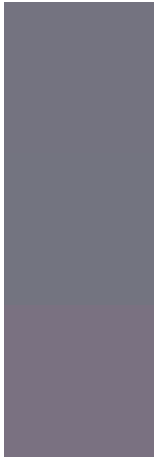


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.663, 294.083.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 7.663, 294.083

Protanopia

49, 7.054, 287.969

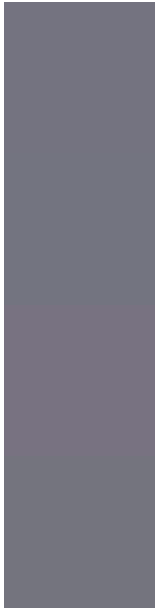
Deuteranopia

49, 10.094, 311.725



Tritanopia
49, 5.289, 290.881

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 7.663, 294.083

Protanomaly

49, 7.054, 287.969

Deuteranomaly

49, 9.162, 306.066

Tritanomaly

49, 5.876, 290.957

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 7.663, 294.083

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 2.973, 298.261

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 7.663, 294.083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 115, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 115, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 115, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 115, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.663, 294.083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 115, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 115, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 115, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 115, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 115, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 115,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.663, 294.083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 115, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
115, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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