

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 7.563, 297.604)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 7.563, 297.604) contains.

CIELCh(49, 7.697, 296.968)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(49, 7.697, 296.968)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757380
RGB	117, 115, 128
RGB Percent	46%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.5413, 0.5491, 0.4981
CMYK	0.09, 0.10, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	249°, 5%, 48%
HSV	249°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.3555, 17.5941, 22.8946
YIQ	117.0800, -2.9810, 4.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

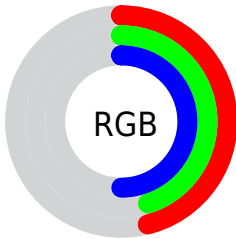
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 115, 128
Decimal	7697280
CIE Lab	49.00, 3.49, -6.86
CIE LCh	49, 7.697, 296.968
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3000, 0.3042
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285887360 (0xFF757380)
YUV	117.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 0.4527, -3.0000

Details

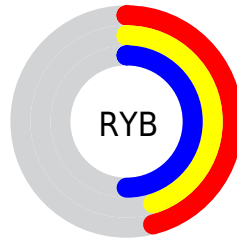
The CIELCh color $49, 7.697, 296.968$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 7.529, 115.487$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 7.744, 296.380$, and $29, 7.799, 297.784$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 15.560, 297.829$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.123, 296.249$.

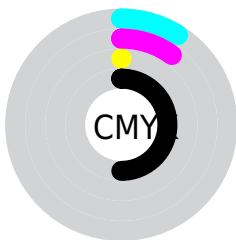
Distribution



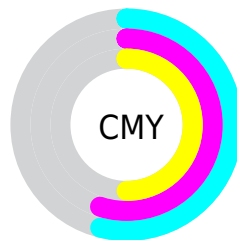
- Red (46%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 7.697, 296.968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 7.697, 296.968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 7.697, 296.968

■ 49, 7.697, 296.968

■ 100, 7.697,
296.968

■ 39, 7.697, 296.968

■ 69, 7.697, 296.968

■ 29, 7.697, 296.968

■ 79, 7.697, 296.968

■ 19, 7.697, 296.968

■ 89, 7.697, 296.968

■ 9, 7.697, 296.968

■ 99, 7.697, 296.968

■ 0, 7.697, 296.968

■ 49, 7.697, 296.968

■ 49, 7.697, 296.968

■ 44, 15.560,
297.829

■ 54, 0.123, 296.249

■ 40, 23.726,

■ 58, 7.176, 115.566

298.824

62, 14.217,
115.009

35, 32.195,
299.956

67, 21.018,
114.527

31, 40.932,
301.219

71, 27.594,
114.112

27, 49.835,
302.586

76, 33.959,
113.752

23, 58.658,
303.985

80, 40.127,
113.441

19, 66.902,
305.280

84, 46.111,
113.172

16, 73.741,
306.267

88, 51.922,
112.938

14, 79.248,
307.093

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 7.697, 296.968



53, 7.529, 115.487

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 7.697, 296.968



49, 7.697, 346.968



49, 7.697, 116.968



49, 7.697, 166.968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 7.696, 296.964



66, 2.778, 296.423



52, 4.404, 213.988



35, 2.124, 296.476



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 7.696, 296.964



61, 11.278, 297.137



50, 8.357, 314.521



24, 4.250, 296.879



14, 79.033, 307.095



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 8.298, 329.522



63, 12.128, 329.651



53, 8.277, 133.732



25, 4.588, 329.458



28, 61.527, 335.209



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 7.697, 296.968 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 7.697, 296.968 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

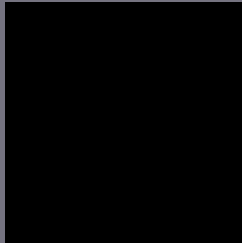
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

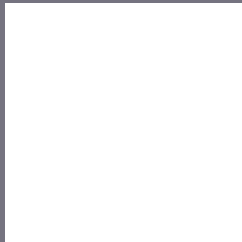
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 7.697, 296.968

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.697, 296.968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.697, 296.968.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 7.697, 296.968

Protanopia

49, 7.054, 287.969

Deuteranopia

49, 9.548, 312.946



Tritanopia
49, 5.289, 290.881

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 7.697, 296.968

Protanomaly

49, 7.049, 291.108

Deuteranomaly

49, 8.596, 307.041

Tritanomaly

49, 5.876, 290.957

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 7.697, 296.968

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 2.973, 298.261

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 7.697, 296.968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 115, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 115, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 115, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 115, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.697, 296.968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 115, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 115, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 115, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 115, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 115, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 115,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.697, 296.968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 115, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
115, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor