

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 7.673, 302.557)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 7.673, 302.557) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 7.171, 300.494)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76737F
RGB	118, 115, 127
RGB Percent	46%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.5379, 0.5496, 0.5026
CMYK	0.07, 0.09, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	255°, 5%, 47%
HSV	255°, 9%, 50%
XYZ	17.3827, 17.5941, 22.5036
YIQ	117.2650, -2.0640, 4.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 115, 127
Decimal	7762815
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 3.64, -6.18
CIE _{LCh}	49, 7.171, 300.494
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3024, 0.3061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285952895 (0xFF76737F)
YUV	117.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 0.5687, -2.4474

Details

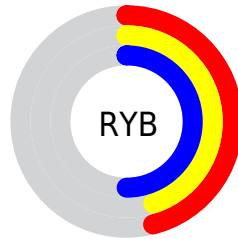
The CIELCh color $49, 7.171, 300.494$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 7.034, 119.347$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 7.249, 299.645$, and $29, 7.225, 301.583$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 15.010, 301.200$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.397, 119.927$.

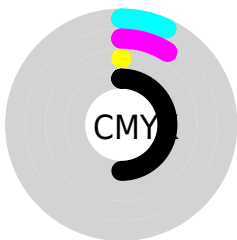
Distribution



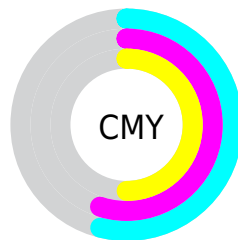
- Red (46%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 7.171, 300.494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 7.171, 300.494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 7.171, 300.494

■ 49, 7.171, 300.494

■ 100, 7.171,
300.494

■ 39, 7.171, 300.494

■ 69, 7.171, 300.494

■ 29, 7.171, 300.494

■ 79, 7.171, 300.494

■ 19, 7.171, 300.494

■ 89, 7.171, 300.494

■ 9, 7.171, 300.494

■ 99, 7.171, 300.494

■ 0, 7.171, 300.494

■ 49, 7.171, 300.494

■ 49, 7.171, 300.494

■ 45, 15.010,
301.200

■ 53, 0.397, 119.927

■ 40, 23.129,

■ 58, 7.701, 119.336

302.003

62, 14.755,
118.867

36, 31.511,
302.902

66, 21.574,
118.461

32, 40.110,
303.885

71, 28.173,
118.111

27, 48.808,
304.922

75, 34.564,
117.808

23, 57.362,
305.952

79, 40.762,
117.548

20, 65.322,
306.862

83, 46.778,
117.323

17, 71.979,
307.491

87, 52.623,
117.130

15, 77.416,
307.957

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 7.171, 300.494



53, 7.034, 119.347

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 7.171, 300.494



49, 7.171, 350.494



49, 7.171, 120.494



49, 7.171, 170.494

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 7.170, 300.490



66, 2.804, 300.078



51, 3.897, 223.906



35, 2.144, 300.125



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 7.170, 300.490



62, 10.411, 300.612



50, 7.887, 317.145



25, 4.289, 300.466



15, 78.027, 307.992



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 7.161, 332.892



63, 10.379, 333.012



52, 7.831, 136.400



25, 4.285, 332.868



28, 57.412, 340.838



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 7.171, 300.494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 7.171, 300.494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

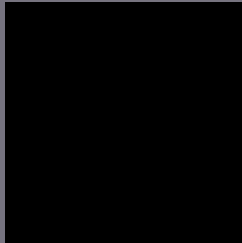
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

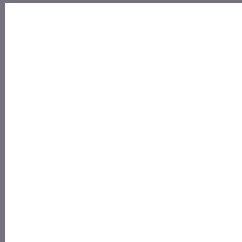
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 7.171, 300.494

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.171, 300.494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.171, 300.494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 7.171, 300.494

Protanopia

49, 6.468, 287.597

Deuteranopia

49, 9.171, 316.614



Tritanopia
49, 5.365, 299.312

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 7.171, 300.494

Protanomaly

49, 6.462, 291.032

Deuteranomaly

49, 8.160, 310.815

Tritanomaly

49, 5.947, 298.531

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 7.171, 300.494

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 2.973, 298.261

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 7.171, 300.494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 115, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 115, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 115, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 115, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.171, 300.494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 115, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 115, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 115, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 115, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 115, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 115,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.171, 300.494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 115, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
115, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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