

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 7.706, 337.855)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 7.706, 337.855) contains.

CIELCh(49, 7.371, 340.785)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(49, 7.371, 340.785)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7179
RGB	127, 113, 121
RGB Percent	50%, 44%, 47%
CMY	0.5033, 0.5582, 0.5268
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.05, 0.50
HSL	326°, 6%, 47%
HSV	326°, 11%, 50%
XYZ	18.0002, 17.5941, 20.4281
YIQ	118.0980, 5.7760, 5.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

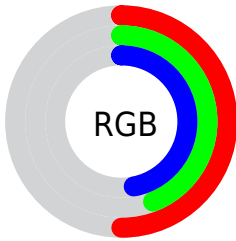
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 113, 121
Decimal	8352121
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 6.96, -2.43
CIE _{LCh}	49, 7.371, 340.785
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3213, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286542201 (0xFF7F7179)
YUV	118.0980, 1.4307, 7.8071
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 3.1963, 0.4864

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 7.371, 340.785$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 7.295, 159.193$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 7.200, 342.511$, and $29, 7.716, 339.042$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 14.154, 341.625$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.694, 339.681$.

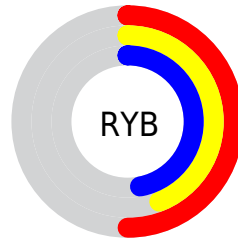
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (44%)

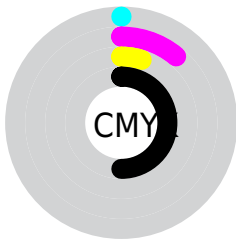
Blue (47%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (47%)

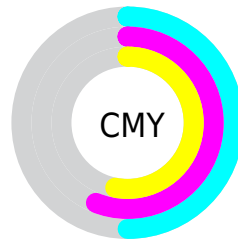


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 7.371, 340.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 7.371, 340.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 7.371, 340.785

■ 49, 7.371, 340.785

■ 100, 7.371,
340.785

■ 39, 7.371, 340.785

■ 69, 7.371, 340.785

■ 29, 7.371, 340.785

■ 79, 7.371, 340.785

■ 19, 7.371, 340.785

■ 89, 7.371, 340.785

■ 9, 7.371, 340.785

■ 99, 7.371, 340.785

■ 0, 7.371, 340.785

■ 49, 7.371, 340.785

■ 49, 7.371, 340.785

■ 45, 14.154,
341.625

■ 53, 0.694, 339.681

■ 42, 20.957,

■ 56, 5.818, 159.425

342.533

60, 12.140,
158.755

39, 27.636,
343.540

64, 18.260,
158.147

36, 33.989,
344.680

68, 24.180,
157.582

33, 39.747,
346.001

72, 29.906,
157.055

31, 44.595,
347.569

75, 35.447,
156.562

29, 48.223,
349.477

79, 40.818,
156.100

27, 50.421,
351.841

83, 46.029,
155.666

27, 51.694,
354.217

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 7.371, 340.785



52, 7.295, 159.193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 7.371, 340.785



49, 7.371, 30.785



49, 7.371, 160.785



49, 7.371, 210.785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 7.369, 340.788



67, 2.476, 340.087



48, 8.589, 306.625



35, 1.893, 340.167



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 7.369, 340.788



62, 10.830, 340.974



49, 5.816, 13.311



25, 3.774, 340.629



27, 51.935, 354.241



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 7.369, 340.788



62, 10.830, 340.974



52, 5.495, 191.794



25, 3.774, 340.629



27, 51.935, 354.241



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 7.371, 340.785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 7.371, 340.785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

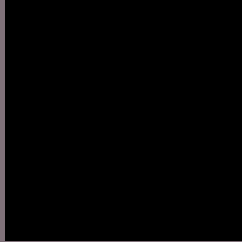
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 7.371, 340.785

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.371, 340.785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 7.371, 340.785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 7.371, 340.785

Protanopia

49, 4.139, 296.201

Deuteranopia

49, 7.064, 338.622



Tritanopia
49, 7.371, 340.785

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 7.371, 340.785

Protanomaly
49, 4.785, 320.713

Deuteranomaly
49, 7.064, 338.622

Tritanomaly
49, 7.371, 340.785

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 7.371, 340.785

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 2.693, 338.830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 7.371, 340.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 113, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 113, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 113, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 113, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.371, 340.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 113, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 113, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 113, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 113, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 113,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 7.371, 340.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 113, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
113, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor