

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 77.466, 338.829)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(49, 77.466, 338.829)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(49, 77.391, 339.020)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CF2AA5
RGB	207, 42, 165
RGB Percent	81%, 16%, 65%
CMY	0.1889, 0.8361, 0.3535
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.20, 0.19
HSL	315°, 66%, 49%
HSV	315°, 80%, 81%
XYZ	33.2857, 17.5941, 37.1696
YIQ	105.3570, 58.8570, 73.2330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

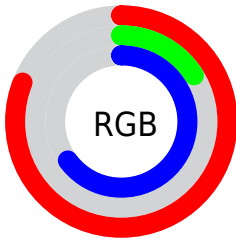
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 42, 165
Decimal	13576869
CIE Lab	49.00, 72.26, -27.71
CIE LCh	49, 77.391, 339.020
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3780, 0.1998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291766949 (0xFFCF2AA5)
YUV	105.3570, 29.4040, 89.1409
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 68.2445, -23.1779

# Details

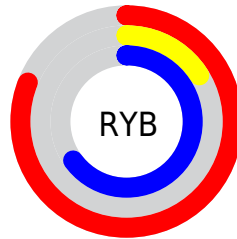
The CIELCh color **49, 77.391, 339.020** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **73, 81.688, 143.305**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 75.216, 336.077**, and **33, 64.420, 340.196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 80.347, 340.283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 71.967, 337.936**.

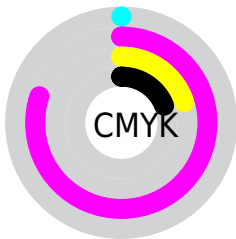
# Distribution



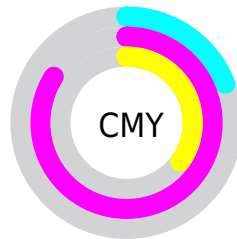
- Red (81%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 77.391, 339.020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 77.391, 339.020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49, 77.391,  
339.020


 49, 77.391,  
339.020


 100, 77.391,  
339.020


 39, 77.391,  
339.020

 69, 77.391,  
339.020


 29, 77.391,  
339.020

 79, 77.391,  
339.020

 19, 77.391,  
339.020

 89, 77.391,  
339.020

 9, 77.391, 339.020

 99, 77.391,  
339.020

 0, 77.391, 339.020

 49, 77.391,

 49, 77.391,

339.020

339.020

■ 47, 80.347,  
340.283

■ 51, 71.967,  
337.936

■ 46, 81.150,  
341.755

■ 55, 64.388,  
336.978

■ 46, 81.160,  
341.786

■ 58, 55.147,  
336.107

■ 63, 44.774,  
335.298

■ 68, 33.737,  
334.536

■ 73, 22.401,  
333.811

■ 78, 11.024,  
333.113

■ 83, 0.222, 153.995

■ 89, 11.230,  
151.907

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 77.391, 339.020



73, 81.688, 143.305

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 77.391, 339.020



49, 77.391, 29.020



49, 77.391, 159.020



49, 77.391, 209.020

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 77.388, 339.020



85, 32.221, 334.133



34, 97.253, 307.128



43, 22.135, 334.396



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 77.388, 339.020



57, 94.812, 341.363



46, 66.837, 15.715



41, 6.441, 333.086



38, 69.796, 341.537



5, 25.563, 338.396



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 77.388, 339.020



57, 94.812, 341.363



75, 51.000, 169.796



41, 6.441, 333.086



38, 69.796, 341.537



5, 25.563, 338.396



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 77.391, 339.020 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

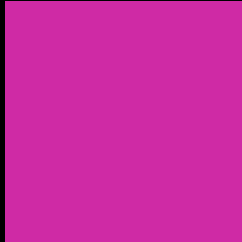
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 77.391, 339.020 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

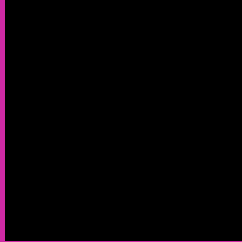
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 49, 77.391, 339.020**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 77.391, 339.020.

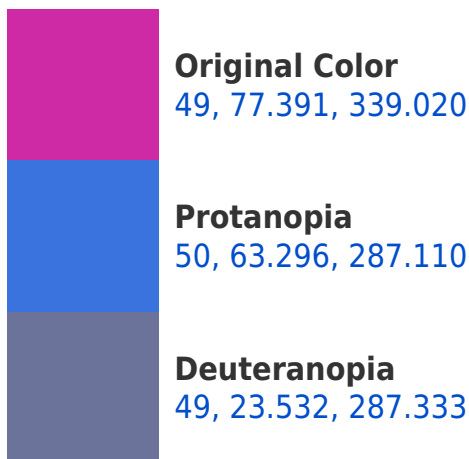


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 77.391, 339.020.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
49, 55.699, 26.010

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 77.391, 339.020



**Protanomaly**  
45, 67.130, 303.822



**Deuteranomaly**  
46, 45.958, 320.354



**Tritanomaly**  
48, 58.686, 4.267

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 77.391, 339.020



**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
43, 35.041, 335.215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 77.391, 339.020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 42, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 42, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 42, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 42, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 77.391, 339.020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 42, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 42, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 42, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 42, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 42, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 42,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 77.391, 339.020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 42, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207, 42,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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