

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 8.286, 333.570)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 8.286, 333.570) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 8.592, 331.678)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E707B
RGB	126, 112, 123
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 48%
CMY	0.5042, 0.5591, 0.5159
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	313°, 6%, 47%
HSV	313°, 11%, 50%
XYZ	18.1138, 17.5941, 21.3243
YIQ	117.4400, 4.8130, 6.3890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

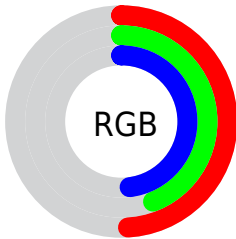
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 112, 123
Decimal	8286331
CIE Lab	49.00, 7.56, -4.08
CIE LCh	49, 8.592, 331.678
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3176, 0.3085
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286476411 (0xFF7E707B)
YUV	117.4400, 2.7411, 7.5071
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 3.6800, -0.7804

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 8.592, 331.678$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 8.561, 150.356$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 8.303, 333.482$, and $29, 8.618, 332.592$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 16.420, 332.321$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.834, 330.833$.

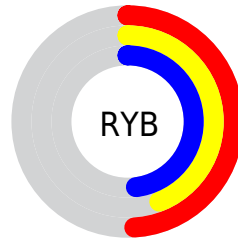
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (44%)

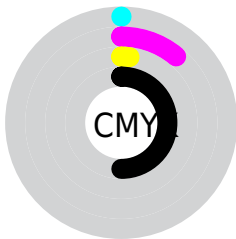
Blue (48%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (48%)

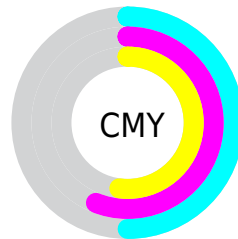


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 8.592, 331.678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 8.592, 331.678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 8.592, 331.678

■ 49, 8.592, 331.678

■ 100, 8.592,
331.678

■ 39, 8.592, 331.678

■ 69, 8.592, 331.678

■ 29, 8.592, 331.678

■ 79, 8.592, 331.678

■ 19, 8.592, 331.678

■ 89, 8.592, 331.678

■ 9, 8.592, 331.678

■ 99, 8.592, 331.678

■ 0, 8.592, 331.678

■ 49, 8.592, 331.678

■ 49, 8.592, 331.678

■ 46, 16.420,
332.321

■ 53, 0.834, 330.833

■ 42, 24.209,

■ 56, 6.778, 150.555

332.980

60, 14.203,
149.986

39, 31.791,
333.661

64, 21.421,
149.456

36, 38.938,
334.368

67, 28.424,
148.956

34, 45.360,
335.109

71, 35.215,
148.483

31, 50.729,
335.897

75, 41.800,
148.037

30, 54.734,
336.753

79, 48.191,
147.617

29, 57.162,
337.711

82, 54.398,
147.220

28, 58.512,
338.623

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 8.592, 331.678



52, 8.561, 150.356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 8.592, 331.678



49, 8.592, 21.678



49, 8.592, 151.678



49, 8.592, 201.678

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 8.590, 331.679



66, 2.853, 331.125



48, 8.357, 298.757



34, 2.152, 331.186



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 8.590, 331.679



61, 12.437, 331.821



49, 6.247, 356.925



25, 4.395, 331.552



28, 58.858, 338.634



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 8.590, 331.679



61, 12.437, 331.821



52, 6.059, 175.033



25, 4.395, 331.552



28, 58.858, 338.634



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 8.592, 331.678 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 8.592, 331.678 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

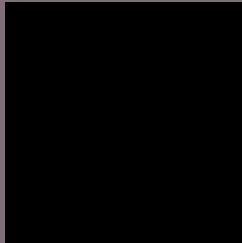
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 8.592, 331.678

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 8.592, 331.678.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 8.592, 331.678.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 8.592, 331.678

Protanopia

49, 5.289, 290.881

Deuteranopia

49, 7.621, 329.919



Tritanopia
49, 7.461, 335.247

Trichromacy



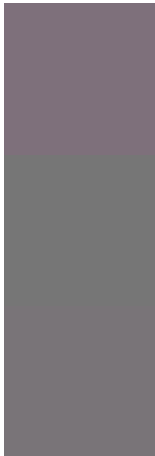
Original Color
49, 8.592, 331.678

Protanomaly
49, 5.674, 311.263

Deuteranomaly
49, 7.882, 332.231

Tritanomaly
49, 7.882, 332.231

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 8.592, 331.678

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 3.109, 330.703

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 8.592, 331.678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 112, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 112, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 112, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 112, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 8.592, 331.678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

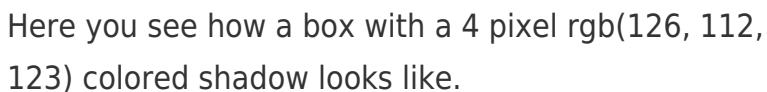
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 112, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 112, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 112, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 112, 123); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 112, 123); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 112, 123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 8.592, 331.678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 112, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
112, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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