

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 8.959, 324.039)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 8.959, 324.039) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 8.552, 324.924)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D717D
RGB	125, 113, 125
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 49%
CMY	0.5105, 0.5575, 0.5105
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	300°, 5%, 47%
HSV	300°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	18.0074, 17.5941, 21.7893
YIQ	117.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

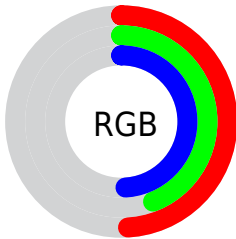
Format	Color
R _Y B	125, 113, 125
Decimal	8221053
CIE Lab	49.00, 7.00, -4.91
CIE LCh	49, 8.552, 324.924
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3138, 0.3066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286411133 (0xFF7D717D)
YUV	117.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 3.2271, -1.4377

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 8.552, 324.924$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 8.537, 143.922$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 8.676, 324.809$, and $29, 8.568, 325.140$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 17.516, 325.459$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 0.339, 144.961$.

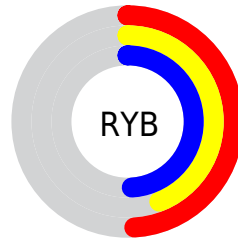
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (44%)

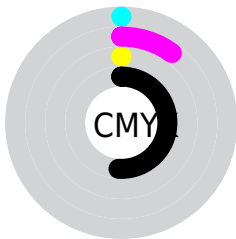
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (49%)

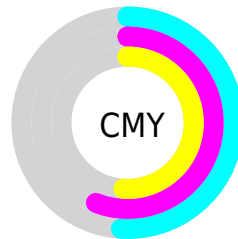


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 8.552, 324.924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 8.552, 324.924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 8.552, 324.924

■ 49, 8.552, 324.924

■ 100, 8.552,
324.924

■ 39, 8.552, 324.924

■ 69, 8.552, 324.924

■ 29, 8.552, 324.924

■ 79, 8.552, 324.924

■ 19, 8.552, 324.924

■ 89, 8.552, 324.924

■ 9, 8.552, 324.924

■ 99, 8.552, 324.924

■ 0, 8.552, 324.924

■ 49, 8.552, 324.924

■ 49, 8.552, 324.924

■ 46, 17.516,
325.459

■ 52, 0.339, 144.961

■ 42, 26.432,

■ 56, 9.068, 143.929

325.978

60, 17.586,
143.421

39, 35.118,
326.472

63, 25.864,
142.940

37, 43.337,
326.930

67, 33.891,
142.484

34, 50.797,
327.335

71, 41.665,
142.054

32, 57.181,
327.673

74, 49.191,
141.650

31, 62.195,
327.933

78, 56.478,
141.272

30, 65.647,
328.109

82, 63.540,
140.920

29, 67.990,
328.228

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 8.552, 324.924



51, 8.537, 143.922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 8.552, 324.924



49, 8.552, 14.924



49, 8.552, 144.924



49, 8.552, 194.924

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 8.550, 324.924



66, 3.313, 324.536



48, 6.960, 290.474



34, 2.499, 324.586



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 8.550, 324.924



62, 13.314, 325.070



49, 6.092, 343.474



24, 4.930, 324.893



29, 68.132, 328.232



60, 114.690, 328.232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 4.954, 19.911



61, 7.782, 20.116



51, 6.022, 162.053



24, 2.851, 19.869



25, 60.075, 38.173



53, 103.781, 40.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 8.552, 324.924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 8.552, 324.924 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

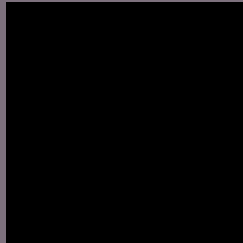
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 8.552, 324.924

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 8.552, 324.924.

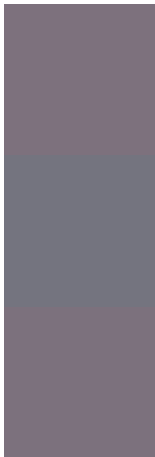


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 8.552, 324.924.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 8.552, 324.924

Protanopia

49, 6.462, 291.032

Deuteranopia

49, 8.336, 322.615



Tritanopia
49, 6.919, 330.389

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 8.552, 324.924

Protanomaly

49, 6.678, 304.607

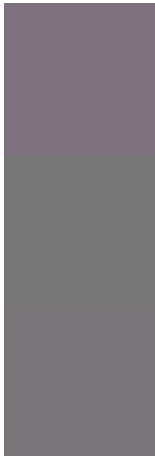
Deuteranomaly

49, 8.336, 322.615

Tritanomaly

49, 7.374, 327.458

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 8.552, 324.924

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 2.863, 324.554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 8.552, 324.924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 113, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 113, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 113, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 113, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 8.552, 324.924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 113, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 113, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 113, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 113, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 113, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 113,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 8.552, 324.924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 113, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
113, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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