

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 80.354, 350.417)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(49, 80.354, 350.417)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(49, 80.021, 350.547)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(49, 80.021, 350.547)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DF008D
RGB	223, 0, 141
RGB Percent	87%, 0%, 55%
CMY	0.1257, 1.0000, 0.4473
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.37, 0.13
HSL	322°, 100%, 44%
HSV	322°, 100%, 87%
XYZ	35.2127, 17.5941, 26.7179
YIQ	82.7510, 87.6470, 91.1270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

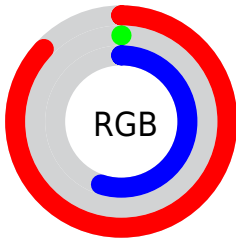
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	223, 0, 141
Decimal	14614669
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.00, 78.93, -13.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 80.021, 350.547
Yxy	17.5941, 0.4428, 0.2212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292804749 (0xFFDF008D)
YUV	82.7510, 28.7168, 122.9984
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 76.4450, -8.4043

# Details

The CIELCh color **49, 80.021, 350.547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **78, 91.556, 143.140**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 74.123, 343.434**, and **35, 61.404, 355.885** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 80.001, 350.551**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 79.393, 347.987**.

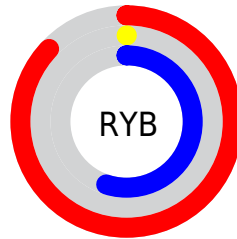
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (0%)

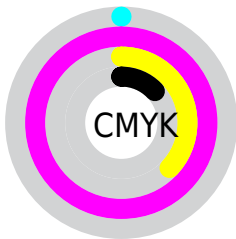
Blue (55%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (55%)

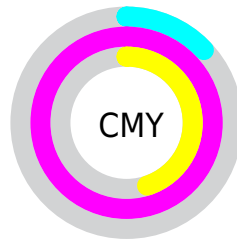


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 80.021, 350.547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 80.021, 350.547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 49, 80.021,  
350.547


 49, 80.021,  
350.547

 100, 80.021,  
350.547

 39, 80.021,  
350.547

 69, 80.021,  
350.547


 29, 80.021,  
350.547

 79, 80.021,  
350.547

 19, 80.021,  
350.547

 89, 80.021,  
350.547

 9, 80.021, 350.547

 99, 80.021,  
350.547

 0, 80.021, 350.547

 49, 80.021,

 49, 80.021,

350.547

350.547

■ 49, 80.001,  
350.551

■ 50, 79.393,  
347.987

■ 52, 76.619,  
345.876

■ 54, 71.329,  
344.165

■ 58, 63.832,  
342.748

■ 62, 54.653,  
341.540

■ 67, 44.354,  
340.483

■ 72, 33.422,  
339.535

■ 77, 22.229,  
338.670

■ 83, 11.036,  
337.861

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 80.021, 350.547



78, 91.556, 143.140

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 80.021, 350.547



49, 80.021, 40.547



49, 80.021, 170.547



49, 80.021, 220.547

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 80.001, 350.551



81, 37.270, 339.556



32, 116.071, 309.175



41, 25.400, 339.948



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 80.001, 350.551



56, 88.426, 350.783



47, 88.342, 34.609



44, 6.297, 337.818



39, 67.236, 350.073



7, 28.197, 345.493



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 80.001, 350.551



56, 88.426, 350.783



80, 51.800, 177.972



44, 6.297, 337.818



39, 67.236, 350.073



7, 28.197, 345.493



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 80.021, 350.547 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 80.021, 350.547 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

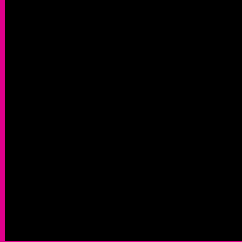
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 49, 80.021, 350.547

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 80.021, 350.547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 80.021, 350.547.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49, 80.021, 350.547

### Protanopia

50, 50.474, 286.042

### Deuteranopia

50, 10.064, 311.717





**Tritanopia**  
50, 72.483, 31.206

# Trichromacy



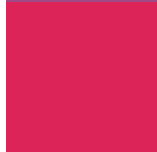
**Original Color**  
49, 80.021, 350.547



**Protanomaly**  
43, 64.737, 313.692



**Deuteranomaly**  
44, 47.410, 337.911



**Tritanomaly**  
48, 71.930, 14.834

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
49, 80.021, 350.547



**Achromatopsia**  
35, 0.005, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
35, 42.660, 342.654

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 80.021, 350.547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 0, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 0, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 0, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 0, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 80.021, 350.547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 0, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 0, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 0, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 0, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 0, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 0,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 80.021, 350.547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 0, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223, 0,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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