

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 93.427, 37.159)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 93.427, 37.159) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| CIELCh(49, 93.233, 37.062) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 20 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 23 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 26 |

Color

CIELCh(49, 93.233, 37.062)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E90916 |
| RGB | 233, 9, 22 |
| RGB Percent | 91%, 4%, 9% |
| CMY | 0.0856, 0.9663, 0.9132 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.96, 0.91, 0.09 |
| HSL | 356°, 93%, 47% |
| HSV | 356°, 96%, 91% |
| XYZ | 33.8951, 17.5941, 2.3748 |
| YIQ | 77.4580, 129.3310, 51.5310 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

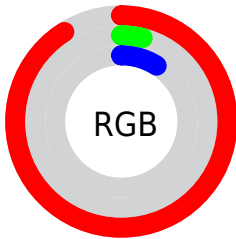
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 233, 9, 22 |
| Decimal | 15272214 |
| CIELab | 49.00, 74.40, 56.19 |
| CIELCh | 49, 93.233, 37.062 |
| Yxy | 17.5941, 0.6293, 0.3266 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293462294 (0xFFE90916) |
| YUV | 77.4580, -27.3408, 136.4103 |
| Hunter-Lab | 41.9453, 70.8381, 26.0049 |

Details

The CIELCh color **49, 93.233, 37.062** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **84, 49.048, 187.730**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 75.578, 37.542**, and **34, 75.996, 39.844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 95.338, 38.152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 85.787, 33.070**.

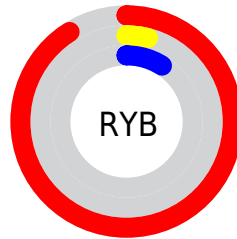
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (4%)

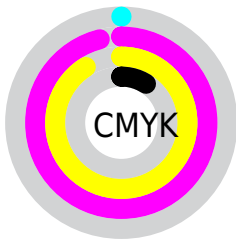
Blue (9%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (9%)

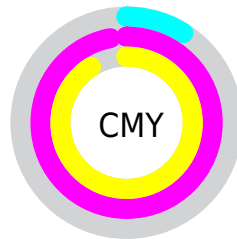


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (97%)

Yellow (91%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 93.233, 37.062 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 93.233, 37.062 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 93.233, 37.062

 49, 93.233, 37.062

 100, 93.233,
37.062

 39, 93.233, 37.062

 69, 93.233, 37.062

 29, 93.233, 37.062

 79, 93.233, 37.062

 19, 93.233, 37.062

 89, 93.233, 37.062

 9, 93.233, 37.062

 99, 93.233, 37.062

 0, 93.233, 37.062

 49, 93.233, 37.062

 49, 93.233, 37.062

 49, 95.338, 38.152

 50, 85.787, 33.070

 52, 76.564, 28.924

■ 56, 66.382, 25.296

■ 60, 55.684, 22.354

■ 65, 44.855, 20.045

■ 70, 34.222, 18.248

■ 76, 24.022, 16.841

■ 82, 14.390, 15.719

■ 88, 5.377, 14.763

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 93.233, 37.062



84, 49.048, 187.730

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 93.233, 37.062



49, 93.233, 87.062



49, 93.233, 217.062



49, 93.233, 267.062

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 93.230, 37.064



81, 28.729, 17.205



53, 107.713, 325.648



40, 19.985, 17.806



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 93.230, 37.064



53, 102.226, 38.309



60, 80.452, 55.736



46, 4.913, 15.060



38, 78.321, 37.586



7, 28.289, 20.262

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 93.230, 37.064



53, 102.226, 38.309



56, 57.695, 275.722



46, 4.913, 15.060



38, 78.321, 37.586



7, 28.289, 20.262

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 93.233, 37.062 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 93.233, 37.062 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 93.233, 37.062

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 93.233, 37.062.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 93.233, 37.062.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 93.182, 37.100

Protanopia

50, 42.499, 95.452

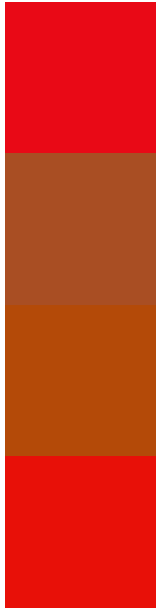
Deuteranopia

49, 56.261, 83.944



Tritanopia
49, 96.049, 40.844

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 93.182, 37.100

Protanomaly
44, 54.229, 50.239

Deuteranomaly
45, 66.814, 52.814

Tritanomaly
49, 95.079, 39.553

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 93.182, 37.100

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 38.666, 22.952

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 93.233, 37.062 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 9, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 9, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 9, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 9, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 93.233, 37.062 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 9, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 9, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 9, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 9, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 9, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 9, 22)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 93.233, 37.062 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 9, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233, 9,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor