

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 1.040, 212.565)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 1.040, 212.565) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 0.985, 236.230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757778
RGB	117, 119, 120
RGB Percent	46%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.5401, 0.5323, 0.5284
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	200°, 1%, 47%
HSV	200°, 2%, 47%
XYZ	17.4055, 18.4187, 20.4908
YIQ	118.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

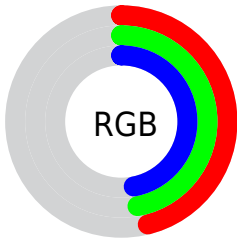
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 118, 120
Decimal	7698296
CIE Lab	50.00, -0.55, -0.82
CIE LCh	50, 0.985, 236.230
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3091, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285888376 (0xFF757778)
YUV	118.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -2.7118, 1.7337

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 0.985, 236.230$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 0.990, 55.085$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 0.924, 236.305$, and $30, 1.073, 236.223$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 4.837, 236.766$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 2.989, 54.965$.

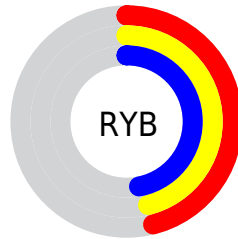
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (47%)

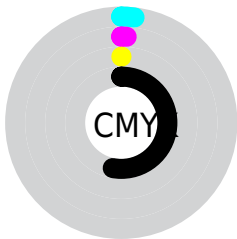
Blue (47%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

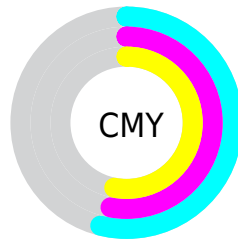


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 0.985, 236.230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 0.985, 236.230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 0.985, 236.230

■ 50, 0.985, 236.230

■ 100, 0.985,
236.230

■ 40, 0.985, 236.230

■ 70, 0.985, 236.230

■ 30, 0.985, 236.230

■ 80, 0.985, 236.230

■ 20, 0.985, 236.230

■ 90, 0.985, 236.230

■ 10, 0.985, 236.230

■ 0, 0.985, 236.230

■ 50, 0.985, 236.230

■ 50, 0.985, 236.230

■ 48, 4.837, 236.766

■ 52, 2.989, 54.965

■ 46, 8.535, 237.840

■ 54, 7.056, 54.439

■ 44, 12.040,

■ 57, 11.189, 53.973

239.195

■ 59, 15.369, 53.584

■ 42, 15.315,
240.879

■ 61, 19.579, 53.260

■ 40, 18.326,
242.961

■ 63, 23.803, 52.990

■ 66, 28.032, 52.765

■ 38, 21.048,
245.517

■ 68, 32.256, 52.574

■ 36, 23.475,
248.620

■ 70, 36.468, 52.413

■ 35, 25.632,
252.322

■ 33, 27.579,
256.623

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 0.985, 236.230



50, 0.990, 55.085

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 0.985, 236.230



50, 0.985, 286.230



50, 0.985, 56.230



50, 0.985, 106.230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 0.985, 236.144



64, 0.491, 236.512



50, 1.705, 154.944



33, 0.281, 236.571



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 0.985, 236.144



63, 1.459, 236.127



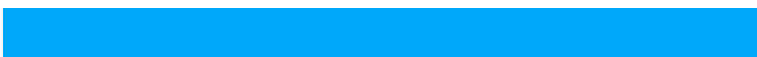
50, 1.454, 281.721



25, 0.900, 236.130



33, 29.930, 260.067



66, 51.956, 263.038

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 1.698, 335.660



63, 2.519, 335.725



50, 1.438, 101.053



25, 1.555, 335.780



27, 53.691, 346.521



56, 89.468, 347.864

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 0.985, 236.230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 0.985, 236.230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

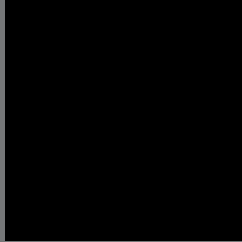
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

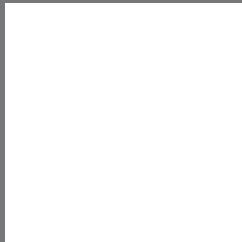
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 0.985, 236.230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 0.985, 236.230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 0.985, 236.230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 0.985, 236.230

Protanopia

50, 1.694, 335.688

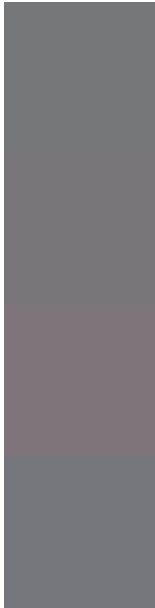
Deuteranopia

50, 6.685, 348.575



Tritanopia
50, 5.273, 290.871

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 0.985, 236.230

Protanomaly

50, 1.432, 324.405

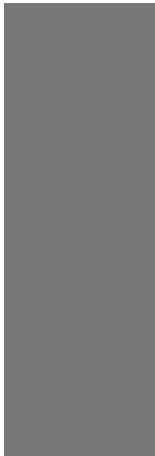
Deuteranomaly

50, 4.002, 344.084

Tritanomaly

50, 4.102, 290.722

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 0.985, 236.230

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 0.400, 200.304

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 0.985, 236.230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 119, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 119, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 119, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 119, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 0.985, 236.230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 119, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 119, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 119, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 119, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 119, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 119,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 0.985, 236.230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 119, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
119, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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