

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 10.492, 217.200)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 10.492, 217.200)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 10.658, 214.420)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	607C81
RGB	96, 124, 129
RGB Percent	38%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.6243, 0.5145, 0.4949
CMYK	0.26, 0.04, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	189°, 15%, 44%
HSV	189°, 26%, 51%
XYZ	15.9329, 18.4187, 23.4116
YIQ	116.1980, -18.2930, -4.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

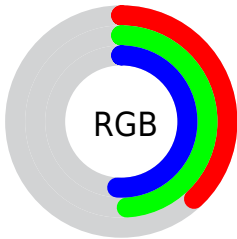
Format	Color
R _Y B	96, 111, 129
Decimal	6323329
CIE Lab	50.00, -8.79, -6.02
CIE LCh	50, 10.658, 214.420
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2758, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284513409 (0xFF607C81)
YUV	116.1980, 6.3114, -17.7136
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -8.8366, -2.3014

Details

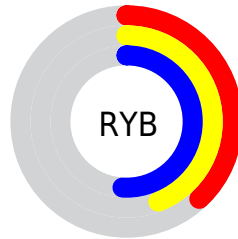
The CIELCh color **50, 10.658, 214.420** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **45, 12.637, 34.301**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 10.878, 213.256**, and **30, 10.704, 215.526** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 14.280, 214.799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 6.701, 214.199**.

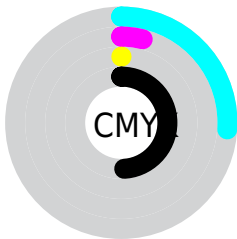
Distribution



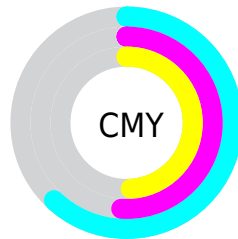
- Red (38%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 10.658, 214.420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 10.658, 214.420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 10.658,
214.420


 50, 10.658,
214.420


 100, 10.658,
214.420


 40, 10.658,
214.420


 70, 10.658,
214.420

 30, 10.658,
214.420


 80, 10.658,
214.420


 20, 10.658,
214.420

 90, 10.658,
214.420

 10, 10.658,
214.420

 0, 10.658, 214.420

 50, 10.658,
214.420

 50, 10.658,
214.420

■ 49, 14.280,
214.799

■ 51, 6.701, 214.199

■ 47, 17.501,
215.382

■ 53, 2.473, 214.187

■ 55, 1.969, 33.806

■ 46, 20.258,
216.207

■ 56, 6.574, 34.007

■ 45, 22.500,
217.325

■ 58, 11.300, 34.149

■ 60, 16.110, 34.320

■ 44, 24.195,
218.793

■ 62, 20.976, 34.519

■ 43, 25.344,
220.670

■ 64, 25.874, 34.738

■ 66, 30.786, 34.972

■ 42, 26.015,
222.973

■ 42, 26.278,
224.004

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 10.658, 214.420



45, 12.637, 34.301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



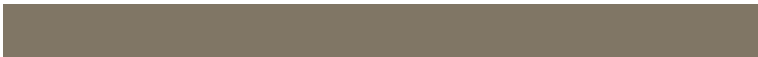
50, 10.658, 214.420



50, 10.658, 264.420



50, 10.658, 34.420



50, 10.658, 84.420

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 10.658, 214.414



67, 4.356, 214.156



51, 21.144, 147.103



35, 3.071, 214.153



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 10.658, 214.414



63, 15.704, 214.628



45, 13.342, 273.445



26, 2.440, 214.153



42, 26.089, 223.973



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 21.178, 330.380



56, 31.853, 330.752



50, 13.485, 86.600



25, 4.595, 329.383



28, 61.631, 335.089



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 10.658, 214.420 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 10.658, 214.420 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

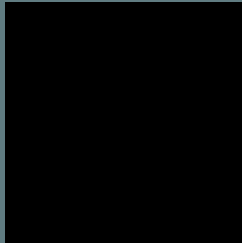
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

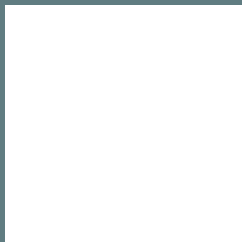
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 10.658, 214.420

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 10.658, 214.420.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 10.658, 214.420.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 10.658, 214.420

Protanopia

50, 4.127, 296.194

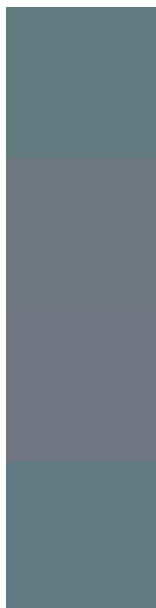
Deuteranopia

50, 10.208, 313.793



Tritanopia
50, 10.970, 230.999

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 10.658, 214.420

Protanomaly
50, 4.887, 245.254

Deuteranomaly
50, 7.166, 278.746

Tritanomaly
50, 10.500, 225.165

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 10.658, 214.420

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 4.064, 215.898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 10.658, 214.420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 124, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 124, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 124, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 124, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 10.658, 214.420 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 124, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 124, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 124, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 124, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 124, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 124,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 10.658, 214.420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 124, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 124,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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