

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 11.654, 187.353)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 11.654, 187.353)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 11.683, 186.572)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7D79
RGB	95, 125, 121
RGB Percent	37%, 49%, 47%
CMY	0.6282, 0.5105, 0.5262
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.03, 0.51
HSL	172°, 14%, 43%
HSV	172°, 24%, 49%
XYZ	15.4499, 18.4187, 20.7701
YIQ	115.5740, -16.5960, -7.6040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

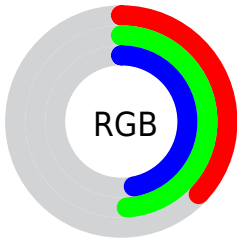
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 111, 125
Decimal	6258041
CIE Lab	50.00, -11.61, -1.34
CIE LCh	50, 11.683, 186.572
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2828, 0.3371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284448121 (0xFF5F7D79)
YUV	115.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -10.8453, 1.3479

Details

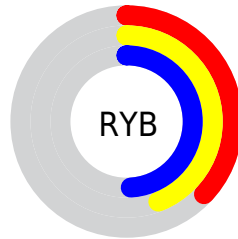
The CIELCh color $50, 11.683, 186.572$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $43, 13.088, 10.737$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 11.940, 185.154$, and $30, 11.412, 187.949$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 16.108, 185.716$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 6.967, 187.405$.

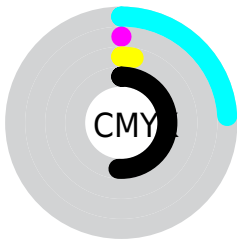
Distribution



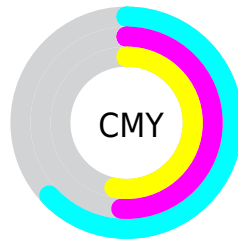
- Red (37%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 11.683, 186.572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 11.683, 186.572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 11.683,
186.572


 50, 11.683,
186.572


 100, 11.683,
186.572


 40, 11.683,
186.572


 70, 11.683,
186.572

 30, 11.683,
186.572


 80, 11.683,
186.572


 20, 11.683,
186.572

 90, 11.683,
186.572

 10, 11.683,
186.572

 0, 11.683, 186.572

 50, 11.683,
186.572

 50, 11.683,
186.572

■ 49, 16.108,
185.716

■ 51, 6.967, 187.405

■ 49, 20.161,
184.833

■ 52, 2.033, 188.328

■ 53, 3.051, 8.796

■ 48, 23.768,
183.906

■ 54, 8.228, 9.631

■ 47, 26.864,
182.919

■ 55, 13.450, 10.390

■ 57, 18.679, 11.124

■ 47, 29.401,
181.856

■ 58, 23.886, 11.839

■ 47, 31.362,
180.698

■ 60, 29.048, 12.537

■ 61, 34.151, 13.216

■ 47, 32.778,
179.433

■ 47, 33.534,
178.683

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 11.683, 186.572



43, 13.088, 10.737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 11.683, 186.572



50, 11.683, 236.572



50, 11.683, 6.572



50, 11.683, 56.572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 11.684, 186.568



66, 4.377, 188.001



50, 20.449, 139.054



34, 2.828, 187.962



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 11.684, 186.568



64, 17.304, 186.088



47, 9.409, 240.354



25, 2.776, 187.831



47, 33.561, 178.682



89, 56.966, 177.858

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 13.088, 10.737



54, 19.966, 11.453



46, 10.598, 55.828



24, 2.892, 9.141



25, 56.190, 32.170



53, 97.415, 34.954

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 11.683, 186.572 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 11.683, 186.572 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

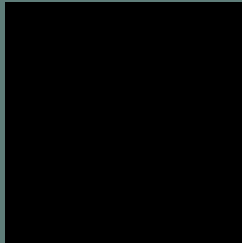
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 11.683, 186.572

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 11.683, 186.572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 11.683, 186.572.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 11.683, 186.572

Protanopia
50, 1.342, 45.007

Deuteranopia
50, 7.043, 338.611



Tritanopia
50, 10.970, 230.999

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 11.683, 186.572

Protanomaly
50, 3.780, 181.019

Deuteranomaly
50, 2.105, 256.126

Tritanomaly
50, 10.658, 214.420

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 11.683, 186.572

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 4.534, 183.954

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 11.683, 186.572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 125, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 125, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 125, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 125, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 11.683, 186.572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 125, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 125, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 125, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 125, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 125, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 125,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 11.683, 186.572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 125, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 125,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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