

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 13.533, 22.060)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 13.533, 22.060) contains.

CIELCh(50, 13.545, 20.999)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 13.545, 20.999)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F6F6F
RGB	143, 111, 111
RGB Percent	56%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.4384, 0.5640, 0.5640
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.22, 0.44
HSL	0°, 13%, 50%
HSV	0°, 22%, 56%
XYZ	19.9462, 18.4187, 17.5964
YIQ	120.5680, 19.0720, 6.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

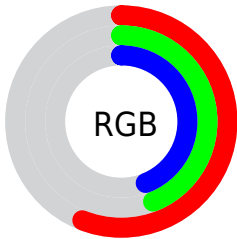
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 111, 111
Decimal	9400175
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 12.65, 4.85
CIE _{LCh}	50, 13.545, 20.999
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3564, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287590255 (0xFF8F6F6F)
YUV	120.5680, -4.7170, 19.6729
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 7.8554, 5.7324

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 13.545, 20.999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **57, 11.732, 198.322**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 13.326, 20.572**, and **30, 13.659, 21.808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 20.336, 22.094**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 7.205, 20.144**.

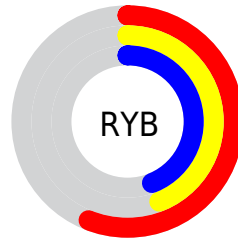
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (44%)

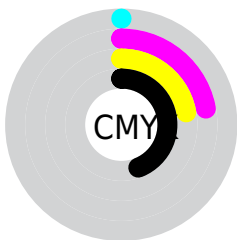
Blue (44%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)

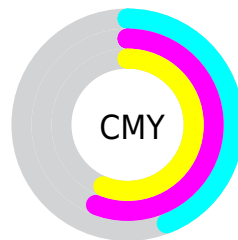


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 13.545, 20.999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 13.545, 20.999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 13.545, 20.999

■ 50, 13.545, 20.999

■ 100, 13.545,
20.999

■ 40, 13.545, 20.999

■ 70, 13.545, 20.999

■ 30, 13.545, 20.999

■ 80, 13.545, 20.999

■ 20, 13.545, 20.999

■ 90, 13.545, 20.999

■ 10, 13.545, 20.999

■ 0, 13.545, 20.999

■ 50, 13.545, 20.999

■ 50, 13.545, 20.999

■ 46, 20.336, 22.094

■ 54, 7.205, 20.144

■ 42, 27.540, 23.500

■ 58, 1.322, 19.227

■ 39, 35.059, 25.321

■ 63, 4.129, 199.145

36, 42.726, 27.659

67, 9.184, 198.679

33, 50.305, 30.570

72, 13.884,
198.335

31, 57.464, 33.957

76, 18.268,
198.062

30, 63.564, 37.310

29, 67.242, 39.180

80, 22.375,
197.839

85, 26.240,
197.656

89, 29.892,
197.503

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 13.545, 20.999



57, 11.732, 198.322

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 13.545, 20.999



50, 13.545, 70.999



50, 13.545, 200.999



50, 13.545, 250.999

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 13.544, 21.006



72, 4.957, 19.739



51, 22.355, 325.619



38, 3.252, 19.779



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 13.544, 21.006



61, 20.658, 21.539



54, 11.448, 72.725



28, 3.245, 19.898



27, 64.130, 38.801



0, 2.121, 19.415

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 11.732, 198.322



72, 17.244, 198.082



53, 10.806, 258.590



30, 3.069, 199.016



51, 31.262, 196.404



2, 2.121, 199.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 13.545, 20.999 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

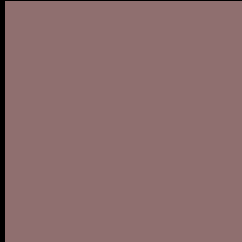
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 13.545, 20.999 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

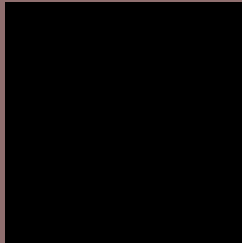
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 13.545, 20.999

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 13.545, 20.999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 13.545, 20.999.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 13.545, 20.999

Protanopia

50, 2.621, 81.967

Deuteranopia

50, 8.534, 40.070



Tritanopia
50, 14.948, 0.853

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 13.545, 20.999

Protanomaly
50, 5.916, 31.310

Deuteranomaly
50, 10.014, 33.815

Tritanomaly
50, 14.564, 7.412

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 13.545, 20.999

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 4.922, 19.891

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 13.545, 20.999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 111, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 111, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 111, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 111, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 13.545, 20.999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 111, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 111, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 111, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 111, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 111, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 111,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 13.545, 20.999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 111, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
111, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor