

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 14.313, 5.552)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 14.313, 5.552) contains.

CIELCh(50, 14.669, 5.187)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 14.669, 5.187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	906E75
RGB	144, 110, 117
RGB Percent	56%, 43%, 46%
CMY	0.4346, 0.5680, 0.5405
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.19, 0.43
HSL	348°, 13%, 50%
HSV	348°, 24%, 57%
XYZ	20.3442, 18.4187, 19.3617
YIQ	120.9640, 18.0170, 9.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

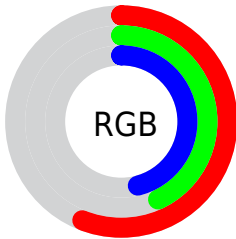
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 110, 117
Decimal	9465461
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 14.61, 1.33
CIE _{LCh}	50, 14.669, 5.187
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3500, 0.3169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287655541 (0xFF906E75)
YUV	120.9640, -1.9543, 20.2026
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 9.5110, 3.2935

Details

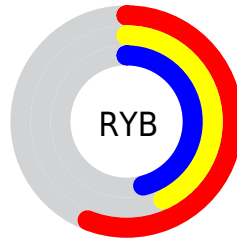
The CIELCh color **50, 14.669, 5.187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **57, 13.382, 180.724**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 14.428, 5.455**, and **30, 14.777, 4.792** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 21.322, 6.552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 8.250, 4.039**.

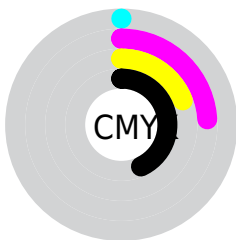
Distribution



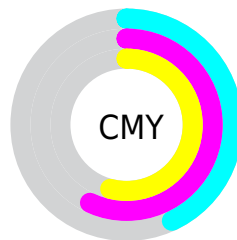
- Red (56%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 14.669, 5.187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 14.669, 5.187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 14.669, 5.187 ■ 50, 14.669, 5.187

■ 100, 14.669, 5.187 ■ 40, 14.669, 5.187

■ 70, 14.669, 5.187 ■ 30, 14.669, 5.187

■ 80, 14.669, 5.187 ■ 20, 14.669, 5.187

■ 90, 14.669, 5.187 ■ 10, 14.669, 5.187

■ 0, 14.669, 5.187

■ 50, 14.669, 5.187 ■ 50, 14.669, 5.187

■ 46, 21.322, 6.552 ■ 54, 8.250, 4.039

■ 42, 28.112, 8.202 ■ 58, 2.125, 2.937

■ 39, 34.871, 10.241 ■ 63, 3.690, 182.401

36, 41.372, 12.798

67, 9.197, 181.607

33, 47.360, 16.014

71, 14.414,
180.944

31, 52.631, 20.011

76, 19.360,
180.358

30, 57.124, 24.784

30, 59.943, 27.813

80, 24.061,
179.832

84, 28.540,
179.354

89, 32.821,
178.919

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 14.669, 5.187



57, 13.382, 180.724

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 14.669, 5.187



50, 14.669, 55.187



50, 14.669, 185.187



50, 14.669, 235.187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 14.667, 5.191



72, 5.152, 3.357



50, 22.379, 319.312



38, 3.378, 3.410



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 14.667, 5.191



61, 21.681, 5.839



52, 11.827, 48.240



28, 3.364, 3.572



27, 57.029, 27.450



0, 2.222, 2.806

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 14.667, 5.191



61, 21.681, 5.839



55, 10.302, 231.403



28, 3.364, 3.572



27, 57.029, 27.450



0, 2.222, 2.806

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 14.669, 5.187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 14.669, 5.187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

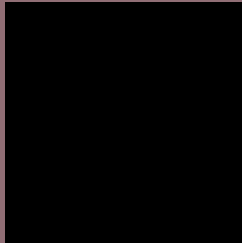
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 14.669, 5.187

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 14.669, 5.187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 14.669, 5.187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 14.669, 5.187

Protanopia

50, 1.809, 303.151

Deuteranopia

50, 7.042, 15.448



Tritanopia
50, 14.797, 2.999

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 14.669, 5.187

Protanomaly
50, 5.788, 356.292

Deuteranomaly
50, 9.685, 10.180

Tritanomaly
50, 14.797, 2.999

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 14.669, 5.187

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 5.192, 0.299

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 14.669, 5.187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 110, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 110, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 110, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 110, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 14.669, 5.187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 110, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 110, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 110, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 110, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 110, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 110,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 14.669, 5.187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 110, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
110, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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