

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 14.332, 293.851)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 14.332, 293.851)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 14.072, 293.494)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76758D
RGB	118, 117, 141
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 55%
CMY	0.5382, 0.5421, 0.4480
CMYK	0.16, 0.17, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	242°, 10%, 50%
HSV	242°, 17%, 55%
XYZ	18.5626, 18.4187, 27.6812
YIQ	120.0350, -7.1080, 7.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

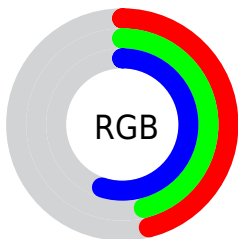
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 117, 141
Decimal	7763341
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 5.61, -12.91
CIE _{LCh}	50, 14.072, 293.494
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2871, 0.2848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285953421 (0xFF76758D)
YUV	120.0350, 10.3357, -1.7847
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 2.1007, -8.1999

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 14.072, 293.494$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $58, 13.549, 110.326$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 14.265, 293.011$, and $30, 14.103, 292.749$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 22.779, 294.703$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 5.706, 292.459$.

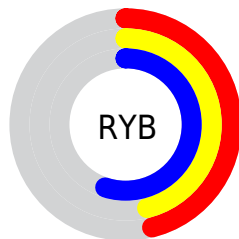
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

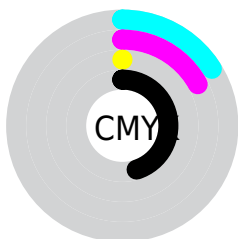
Blue (55%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (55%)

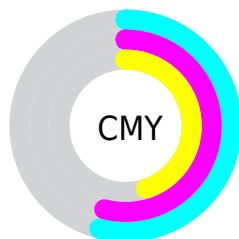


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 14.072, 293.494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 14.072, 293.494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 14.072,
293.494

■ 50, 14.072,
293.494

■ 100, 14.072,
293.494

■ 40, 14.072,
293.494

■ 70, 14.072,
293.494

■ 30, 14.072,
293.494

■ 80, 14.072,
293.494

■ 20, 14.072,
293.494

■ 90, 14.072,
293.494

■ 10, 14.072,
293.494

■ 0, 14.072, 293.494

■ 50, 14.072,
293.494

■ 50, 14.072,
293.494

45, 22.779,
294.703

40, 31.847,
296.109

35, 41.273,
297.723

30, 50.994,
299.526

26, 60.807,
301.450

21, 70.217,
303.342

18, 78.287,
304.950

16, 84.094,
306.095

15, 85.751,

55, 5.706, 292.459

60, 2.339, 111.550

65, 10.087,
110.804

70, 17.559,
110.155

75, 24.774,
109.596

80, 31.750,
109.114

84, 38.501,
108.696

89, 45.042,
108.332

94, 51.387,
108.015

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 14.072, 293.494



58, 13.549, 110.326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 14.072, 293.494



50, 14.072, 343.494



50, 14.072, 113.494



50, 14.072, 163.494

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 14.071, 293.492



72, 5.015, 292.279



57, 8.667, 201.645



37, 3.413, 292.335



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 14.071, 293.492



62, 20.649, 293.881



51, 14.896, 310.957



27, 4.646, 292.666



14, 83.246, 306.466



0, 3.088, 291.813

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 16.324, 326.481



65, 23.814, 326.667



57, 14.588, 129.499



28, 5.452, 326.044



31, 69.851, 329.910



1, 3.662, 325.568

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 14.072, 293.494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 14.072, 293.494 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

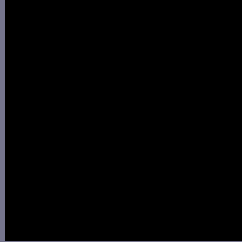
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 14.072, 293.494

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 14.072, 293.494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 14.072, 293.494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 14.072, 293.494

Protanopia

50, 13.510, 285.650

Deuteranopia

50, 14.761, 297.849



Tritanopia
50, 5.372, 278.369

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 14.072, 293.494

Protanomaly
50, 13.482, 287.197

Deuteranomaly
50, 14.725, 296.404

Tritanomaly
50, 8.785, 288.829

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 14.072, 293.494

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 5.265, 290.866

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 14.072, 293.494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 117, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 117, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 117, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 117, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 14.072, 293.494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 117, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 117, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 117, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 117, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 117, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 117,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 14.072, 293.494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 117, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
117, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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