

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 14.937, 194.319)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 14.937, 194.319)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 14.942, 195.594)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	557E7D
RGB	85, 126, 125
RGB Percent	33%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.6657, 0.5049, 0.5088
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.01, 0.50
HSL	179°, 19%, 41%
HSV	179°, 32%, 50%
XYZ	14.9816, 18.4187, 22.2543
YIQ	113.6270, -24.1150, -9.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

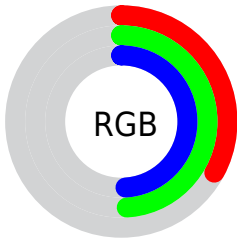
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 106, 126
Decimal	5602941
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -14.39, -4.02
CIE _{LCh}	50, 14.942, 195.594
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2692, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283793021 (0xFF557E7D)
YUV	113.6270, 5.6069, -25.1059
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -12.7934, -0.7026

Details

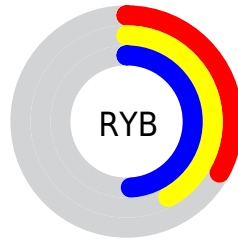
The CIELCh color `50, 14.942, 195.594` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `41, 18.326, 20.199`, and the grayscale version is `48, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `70, 15.089, 196.109`, and `30, 15.102, 194.744` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `49, 18.771, 195.092`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `51, 10.694, 196.127`.

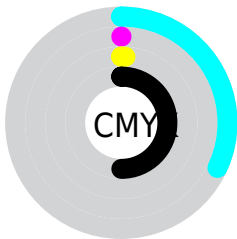
Distribution



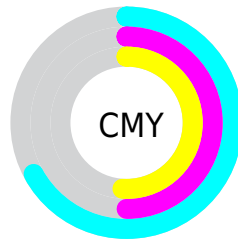
- Red (33%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 14.942, 195.594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 14.942, 195.594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 14.942,
195.594


 50, 14.942,
195.594


 100, 14.942,
195.594


 40, 14.942,
195.594


 70, 14.942,
195.594

 30, 14.942,
195.594


 80, 14.942,
195.594


 20, 14.942,
195.594

 90, 14.942,
195.594

 10, 14.942,
195.594

 0, 14.942, 195.594

 50, 14.942,
195.594

 50, 14.942,
195.594

■ 49, 18.771,
195.092

■ 51, 10.694,
196.127

■ 49, 22.110,
194.628

■ 52, 6.101, 196.708

■ 48, 24.898,
194.200

■ 53, 1.238, 197.540

■ 54, 3.827, 17.720

■ 48, 27.099,
193.802

■ 55, 9.033, 18.392

■ 48, 28.700,
193.430

■ 56, 14.330, 19.032

■ 58, 19.676, 19.668

■ 48, 29.726,
193.075

■ 59, 25.037, 20.301

■ 48, 30.315,
192.816

■ 60, 30.389, 20.931

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 14.942, 195.594



41, 18.326, 20.199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 14.942, 195.594



50, 14.942, 245.594



50, 14.942, 15.594



50, 14.942, 65.594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 14.942, 195.591



66, 6.063, 196.850



49, 28.932, 141.460



34, 4.105, 196.777



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 14.942, 195.591



63, 21.495, 195.217



44, 13.628, 256.547



26, 2.800, 196.924



48, 30.529, 192.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 18.326, 20.199



49, 27.800, 21.227



46, 15.136, 68.031



25, 2.951, 17.891



25, 60.378, 37.382



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 14.942, 195.594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 14.942, 195.594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

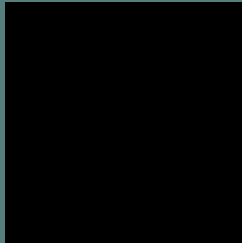
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 14.942, 195.594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 14.942, 195.594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 14.942, 195.594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 14.942, 195.594

Protanopia

50, 1.432, 324.405

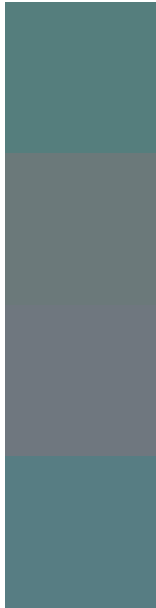
Deuteranopia

50, 8.811, 320.602



Tritanopia
50, 14.102, 222.885

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 14.942, 195.594

Protanomaly
50, 5.460, 205.063

Deuteranomaly
50, 5.549, 257.074

Tritanomaly
50, 13.905, 212.816

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 14.942, 195.594

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 5.482, 198.862

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 14.942, 195.594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 126, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 126, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 126, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 126, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 14.942, 195.594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 126, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 126, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 126, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 126, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 126, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 126,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 14.942, 195.594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 126, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 126,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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