

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 15.084, 139.793)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 15.084, 139.793)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 15.062, 139.800)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	697C66
RGB	105, 124, 102
RGB Percent	41%, 49%, 40%
CMY	0.5878, 0.5132, 0.5995
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.18, 0.51
HSL	112°, 10%, 44%
HSV	112°, 18%, 49%
XYZ	15.4673, 18.4187, 15.3413
YIQ	115.8110, -4.2620, -10.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

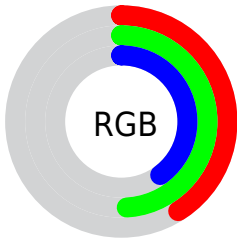
Format	Color
RYB	102, 124, 121
Decimal	6913126
CIELab	50.00, -11.50, 9.72
CIElCh	50, 15.062, 139.800
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3142, 0.3742
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285103206 (0xFF697C66)
YUV	115.8110, -6.8088, -9.4812
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -10.7733, 8.8478

Details

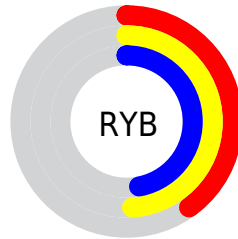
The CIELCh color $50, 15.062, 139.800$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 15.148, 321.463$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 15.430, 140.327$, and $30, 14.903, 138.996$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 23.591, 139.195$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 6.534, 140.343$.

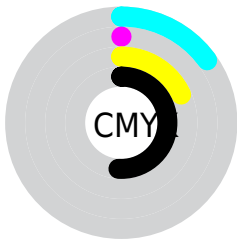
Distribution



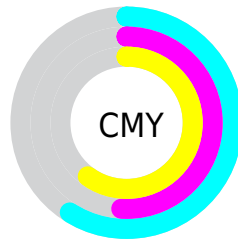
- Red (41%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 15.062, 139.800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 15.062, 139.800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 15.062,
139.800


 50, 15.062,
139.800


 100, 15.062,
139.800


 40, 15.062,
139.800


 70, 15.062,
139.800

 30, 15.062,
139.800


 80, 15.062,
139.800


 20, 15.062,
139.800

 90, 15.062,
139.800

 10, 15.062,
139.800

 0, 15.062, 139.800

 50, 15.062,
139.800

 50, 15.062,
139.800

■ 49, 23.591,
139.195

■ 51, 6.534, 140.343

■ 48, 32.006,
138.519

■ 52, 1.914, 320.694

■ 47, 40.158,
137.786

■ 54, 10.224,
321.156

■ 47, 47.852,
137.024

■ 55, 18.355,
321.501

■ 46, 54.836,
136.293

■ 57, 26.283,
321.793

■ 46, 60.798,
135.684

■ 58, 33.994,
322.042

■ 45, 65.405,
135.312

■ 60, 41.483,
322.253

■ 45, 68.658,
135.126

■ 61, 48.749,
322.434

■ 45, 69.346,

■ 63, 55.799,
322.588

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 15.062, 139.800



46, 15.148, 321.463

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 15.062, 139.800



50, 15.062, 189.800



50, 15.062, 319.800



50, 15.062, 9.800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 15.063, 139.801



65, 5.209, 140.481



51, 10.939, 101.379



34, 3.583, 140.450



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 15.063, 139.801



63, 22.055, 139.581



50, 12.232, 155.092



25, 4.711, 140.273



45, 69.681, 135.036



87, 117.902, 135.419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 15.148, 321.463



57, 22.198, 321.635



46, 12.352, 337.611



24, 4.730, 321.062



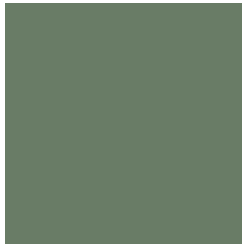
26, 68.819, 323.162



54, 115.941, 322.900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 15.062, 139.800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 15.062, 139.800 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

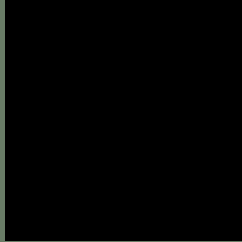
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

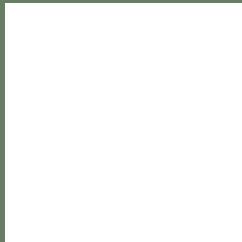
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 15.062, 139.800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 15.062, 139.800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 15.062, 139.800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

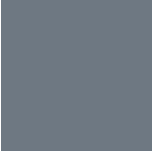
50, 15.062, 139.800

Protanopia

50, 11.466, 93.483

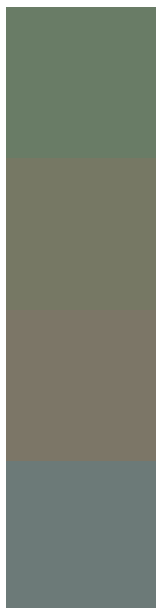
Deuteranopia

50, 10.789, 52.742



Tritanopia
50, 6.898, 257.473

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 15.062, 139.800

Protanomaly
50, 11.659, 112.815

Deuteranomaly
50, 9.101, 92.751

Tritanomaly
50, 5.637, 186.852

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 15.062, 139.800

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 5.505, 140.720

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 15.062, 139.800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 124, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 124, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 124, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 124, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 15.062, 139.800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 124, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 124, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 124, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 124, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 15.062, 139.800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 124, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
124, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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