

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 15.380, 351.968)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 15.380, 351.968)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 15.402, 351.984)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F6E7B
RGB	143, 110, 123
RGB Percent	56%, 43%, 48%
CMY	0.4393, 0.5686, 0.5177
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.14, 0.44
HSL	336°, 13%, 50%
HSV	336°, 23%, 56%
XYZ	20.4756, 18.4187, 21.2119
YIQ	121.3490, 15.4950, 11.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

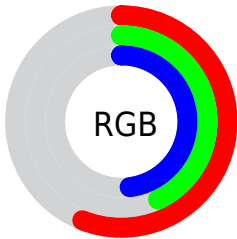
Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 110, 123
Decimal	9399931
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 15.25, -2.15
CIE _{LCh}	50, 15.402, 351.984
Y _{xy}	18.4187, 0.3407, 0.3064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287590011 (0xFF8F6E7B)
YUV	121.3490, 0.8139, 18.9879
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 10.0575, 0.7375

Details

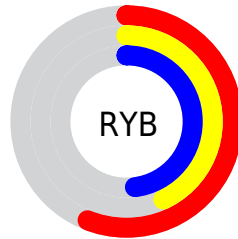
The CIELCh color $50, 15.402, 351.984$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $57, 14.720, 167.692$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 15.116, 352.898$, and $30, 15.311, 352.536$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 22.277, 353.185$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 8.610, 350.932$.

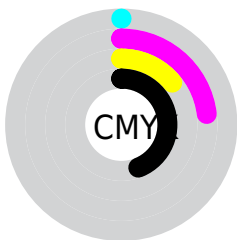
Distribution



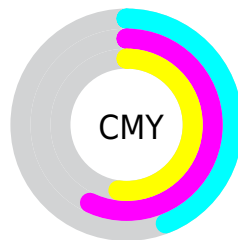
- Red (56%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (52%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 15.402, 351.984 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 15.402, 351.984 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 15.402,
351.984


 50, 15.402,
351.984


 100, 15.402,
351.984


 40, 15.402,
351.984


 70, 15.402,
351.984

 30, 15.402,
351.984


 80, 15.402,
351.984


 20, 15.402,
351.984

 90, 15.402,
351.984

 10, 15.402,
351.984

 0, 15.402, 351.984

 50, 15.402,
351.984

 50, 15.402,
351.984

46, 22.277,
353.185

54, 8.610, 350.932

42, 29.098,
354.583

58, 1.996, 349.882

39, 35.648,
356.252

62, 4.397, 169.315

36, 41.647,
358.292

67, 10.549,
168.527

34, 46.774, 0.835

71, 16.458,
167.840

32, 50.749, 4.039

75, 22.132,
167.215

30, 53.463, 8.062

79, 27.584,
166.641

30, 55.071, 11.075

84, 32.831,
166.111

88, 37.890,
165.620

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 15.402, 351.984



57, 14.720, 167.692

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 15.402, 351.984



50, 15.402, 41.984



50, 15.402, 171.984



50, 15.402, 221.984

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 15.400, 351.987



72, 5.665, 350.342



49, 20.852, 313.454



38, 3.713, 350.393



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 15.400, 351.987



62, 23.306, 352.627



51, 12.788, 29.368



28, 3.692, 350.545



28, 52.835, 10.777



1, 2.459, 349.788

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 15.400, 351.987



62, 23.306, 352.627



56, 10.963, 208.389



28, 3.692, 350.545



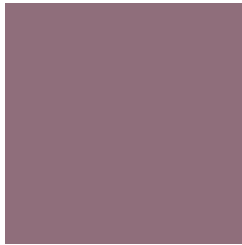
28, 52.835, 10.777



1, 2.459, 349.788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 15.402, 351.984 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

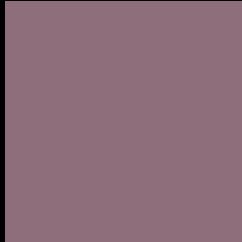
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 15.402, 351.984 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

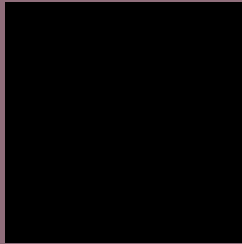
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 15.402, 351.984

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 15.402, 351.984.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 15.402, 351.984.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 15.402, 351.984

Protanopia

50, 5.876, 294.746

Deuteranopia

50, 7.001, 344.485



Tritanopia
50, 13.979, 1.767

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 15.402, 351.984

Protanomaly
50, 8.299, 329.526

Deuteranomaly
50, 10.024, 349.046

Tritanomaly
50, 14.144, 359.516

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 15.402, 351.984

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 5.676, 349.145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 15.402, 351.984 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 110, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 110, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 110, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 110, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 15.402, 351.984 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 110, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 110, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 110, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 110, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 110, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 110,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 15.402, 351.984 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 110, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
110, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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