

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 16.229, 153.456)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 16.229, 153.456)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 16.570, 153.014)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	617E6A
RGB	97, 126, 106
RGB Percent	38%, 49%, 42%
CMY	0.6206, 0.5069, 0.5853
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.16, 0.51
HSL	139°, 13%, 44%
HSV	139°, 23%, 49%
XYZ	14.9195, 18.4187, 16.3362
YIQ	115.0490, -10.8640, -12.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

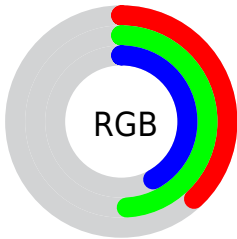
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 119, 126
Decimal	6389354
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -14.77, 7.52
CIE _{LCh}	50, 16.570, 153.014
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3003, 0.3708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284579434 (0xFF617E6A)
YUV	115.0490, -4.4612, -15.8290
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -13.0517, 7.4733

Details

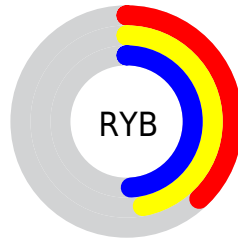
The CIELCh color $50, 16.570, 153.014$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $45, 16.728, 336.280$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 16.855, 152.657$, and $30, 16.481, 153.014$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 23.703, 152.091$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 9.367, 153.829$.

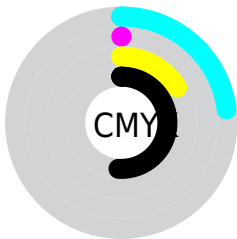
Distribution



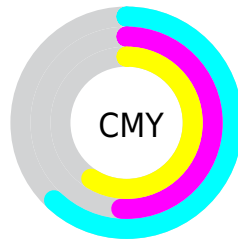
- Red (38%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 16.570, 153.014 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 16.570, 153.014 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 16.570,
153.014


 50, 16.570,
153.014


 100, 16.570,
153.014


 40, 16.570,
153.014


 70, 16.570,
153.014

 30, 16.570,
153.014


 80, 16.570,
153.014


 20, 16.570,
153.014

 90, 16.570,
153.014

 10, 16.570,
153.014

 0, 16.570, 153.014

 50, 16.570,
153.014

 50, 16.570,
153.014

■ 49, 23.703,
152.091

■ 51, 9.367, 153.829

■ 48, 30.658,
151.037

■ 52, 2.178, 154.622

■ 47, 37.316,
149.832

■ 54, 4.928, 335.086

■ 47, 43.551,
148.461

■ 55, 11.902,
335.672

■ 46, 49.242,
146.915

■ 57, 18.709,
336.179

■ 46, 54.287,
145.204

■ 58, 25.328,
336.632

■ 46, 58.617,
143.362

■ 60, 31.745,
337.043

■ 46, 61.329,
142.183

■ 62, 37.957,
337.418

■ 63, 43.966,
337.762

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 16.570, 153.014



45, 16.728, 336.280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 16.570, 153.014



50, 16.570, 203.014



50, 16.570, 333.014



50, 16.570, 23.014

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 16.571, 153.013



66, 6.197, 154.278



51, 17.115, 120.524



34, 4.007, 154.245



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 16.571, 153.013



63, 24.888, 152.511



50, 11.677, 181.255



26, 4.082, 154.130



46, 61.989, 142.152



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 16.728, 336.280



55, 25.163, 336.704



44, 12.775, 5.525



25, 4.104, 335.274



27, 55.187, 344.949



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 16.570, 153.014 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 16.570, 153.014 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

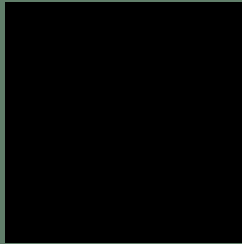
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 16.570, 153.014

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 16.570, 153.014.

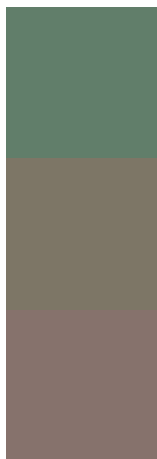


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 16.570, 153.014.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

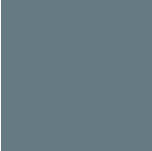
Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 16.570, 153.014

Protanopia
50, 9.786, 91.173

Deuteranopia
50, 9.194, 42.507



Tritanopia
50, 9.299, 237.987

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 16.570, 153.014

Protanomaly
50, 10.778, 122.279

Deuteranomaly
50, 6.466, 101.900

Tritanomaly
50, 8.838, 194.674

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 16.570, 153.014

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 6.083, 156.366

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 16.570, 153.014 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 126, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 126, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 126, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 126, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 16.570, 153.014 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 126, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 126, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 126, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 126, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 126, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 126,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 16.570, 153.014 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 126, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 126,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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