

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 17.656, 332.045)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 17.656, 332.045)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 17.656, 332.045)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B6E85
RGB	139, 110, 133
RGB Percent	55%, 43%, 52%
CMY	0.4539, 0.5676, 0.4774
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.04, 0.45
HSL	312°, 12%, 49%
HSV	312°, 21%, 55%
XYZ	20.5463, 18.4187, 24.7568
YIQ	121.2930, 9.9010, 13.3010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

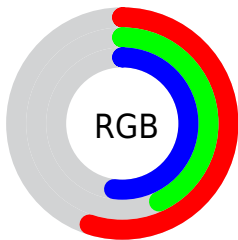
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 110, 133
Decimal	9137797
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 15.60, -8.28
CIE _{LCh}	50, 17.656, 332.045
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3224, 0.2890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287327877 (0xFF8B6E85)
YUV	121.2930, 5.7716, 15.5290
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 10.3514, -4.1598

Details

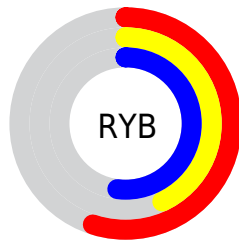
The CIELCh color $50, 17.656, 332.045$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $55, 17.580, 149.355$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 17.504, 332.457$, and $30, 17.610, 333.147$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 26.126, 332.703$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 9.137, 331.403$.

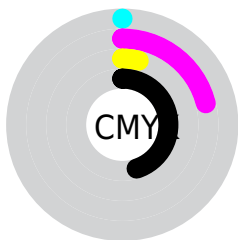
Distribution



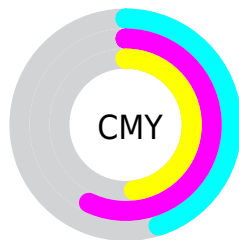
- Red (55%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 17.656, 332.045 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 17.656, 332.045 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 17.656,
332.045


 50, 17.656,
332.045


 100, 17.656,
332.045


 40, 17.656,
332.045


 70, 17.656,
332.045

 30, 17.656,
332.045


 80, 17.656,
332.045

 20, 17.656,
332.045

 90, 17.656,
332.045

 10, 17.656,
332.045

 0, 17.656, 332.045

 50, 17.656,
332.045

 50, 17.656,
332.045

46, 26.126,
332.703

54, 9.137, 331.403

43, 34.369,
333.382

58, 0.700, 330.483

62, 7.577, 150.275

40, 42.129,
334.085

66, 15.650,
149.705

37, 49.085,
334.818

70, 23.494,
149.174

35, 54.877,
335.593

74, 31.103,
148.673

33, 59.163,
336.433

78, 38.479,
148.199

32, 61.716,
337.368

82, 45.630,
147.753

31, 62.995,
338.296

86, 52.568,
147.331

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 17.656, 332.045



55, 17.580, 149.355

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 17.656, 332.045



50, 17.656, 22.045



50, 17.656, 152.045



50, 17.656, 202.045

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 17.654, 332.046



71, 6.252, 331.095



48, 17.319, 299.551



37, 4.181, 331.133



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 17.654, 332.046



62, 26.266, 332.353



50, 12.949, 358.004



27, 4.712, 331.294



29, 60.836, 338.239



0, 2.173, 330.769

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 17.654, 332.046



62, 26.266, 332.353



56, 12.215, 174.062



27, 4.712, 331.294



29, 60.836, 338.239



0, 2.173, 330.769

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 17.656, 332.045 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 17.656, 332.045 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

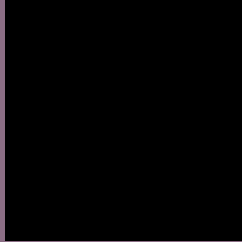
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 17.656, 332.045

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 17.656, 332.045.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 17.656, 332.045.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 17.656, 332.045

Protanopia

50, 11.738, 286.217

Deuteranopia

50, 10.049, 311.713



Tritanopia
50, 11.843, 354.623

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 17.656, 332.045

Protanomaly
50, 12.840, 307.277

Deuteranomaly
50, 12.313, 322.017

Tritanomaly
50, 13.620, 344.274

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 17.656, 332.045

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 6.169, 330.957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 17.656, 332.045 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 110, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 110, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 110, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 110, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 17.656, 332.045 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 110, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 110, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 110, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 110, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 110, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 110,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 17.656, 332.045 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 110, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
110, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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