

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 18.620, 50.472)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 18.620, 50.472) contains.

CIELCh(50, 18.727, 50.402)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 18.727, 50.402)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	936F5F
RGB	147, 111, 95
RGB Percent	58%, 44%, 37%
CMY	0.4233, 0.5645, 0.6272
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.35, 0.42
HSL	18°, 21%, 47%
HSV	18°, 35%, 58%
XYZ	19.8038, 18.4187, 13.3520
YIQ	119.9400, 26.5920, 2.6560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

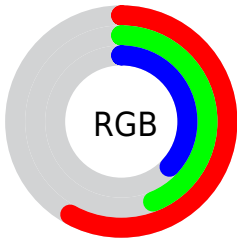
Format	Color
RYB	147, 118, 95
Decimal	9662303
CIELab	50.00, 11.94, 14.43
CIElCh	50, 18.727, 50.402
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3840, 0.3571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287852383 (0xFF936F5F)
YUV	119.9400, -12.2954, 23.7316
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 7.2631, 11.5959

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 18.727, 50.402$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 15.203, 236.267$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 18.858, 51.614$, and $30, 18.675, 49.632$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 24.943, 50.005$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 12.935, 50.905$.

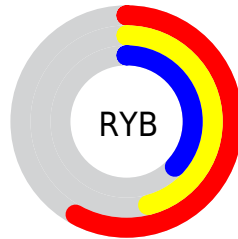
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (44%)

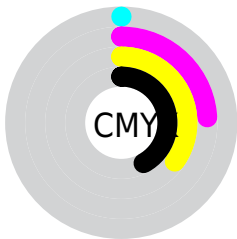
Blue (37%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (37%)

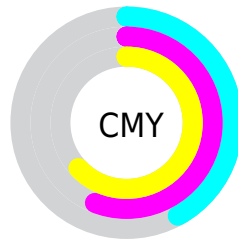


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 18.727, 50.402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 18.727, 50.402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 18.727, 50.402

■ 50, 18.727, 50.402

■ 100, 18.727,
50.402

■ 40, 18.727, 50.402

■ 70, 18.727, 50.402

■ 30, 18.727, 50.402

■ 80, 18.727, 50.402

■ 20, 18.727, 50.402

■ 90, 18.727, 50.402

■ 10, 18.727, 50.402

■ 0, 18.727, 50.402

■ 50, 18.727, 50.402

■ 50, 18.727, 50.402

■ 47, 24.943, 50.005

■ 53, 12.935, 50.905

■ 44, 31.579, 49.707

■ 56, 7.550, 51.466

■ 42, 38.579, 49.511

■ 59, 2.541, 52.003

■ 39, 45.787, 49.364

■ 62, 2.130, 233.029

■ 37, 52.842, 49.103

■ 66, 6.497, 233.610

■ 35, 59.070, 48.427

■ 69, 10.596,
234.306

■ 34, 62.026, 48.403

■ 72, 14.460,
235.019

■ 75, 18.116,
235.731

■ 79, 21.591,
236.436

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 18.727, 50.402



53, 15.203, 236.267

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 18.727, 50.402



50, 18.727, 100.402



50, 18.727, 230.402



50, 18.727, 280.402

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 18.726, 50.409



73, 6.598, 51.705



47, 29.342, 336.815



38, 4.488, 51.635



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 18.726, 50.409



61, 28.345, 50.096



57, 23.910, 96.361



30, 2.727, 51.818



32, 58.861, 48.496



1, 2.317, 52.513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 15.203, 236.267



65, 21.837, 237.518



45, 24.926, 285.455



30, 2.602, 233.311



38, 30.993, 256.210



2, 2.317, 232.532

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 18.727, 50.402 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 18.727, 50.402 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

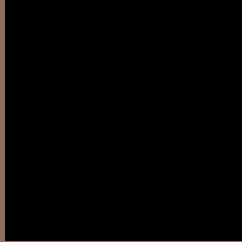
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 18.727, 50.402

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 18.727, 50.402.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 18.727, 50.402.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 18.727, 50.402

Protanopia

50, 12.011, 94.113

Deuteranopia

50, 16.218, 65.618



Tritanopia
50, 17.689, 6.510

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 18.727, 50.402

Protanomaly
50, 13.162, 72.200

Deuteranomaly
50, 17.159, 60.153

Tritanomaly
50, 16.726, 23.371

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 18.727, 50.402

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 6.465, 52.469

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 18.727, 50.402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 111, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 111, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 111, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 111, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 18.727, 50.402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 111, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 111, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 111, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 111, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 111, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 111,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 18.727, 50.402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 111, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
111, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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