

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 2.939, 37.616)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 2.939, 37.616) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 2.705, 45.013)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C7674
RGB	124, 118, 116
RGB Percent	49%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5147, 0.5382, 0.5461
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.06, 0.51
HSL	15°, 3%, 47%
HSV	15°, 6%, 49%
XYZ	17.8618, 18.4187, 19.0602
YIQ	119.5660, 4.2180, 0.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

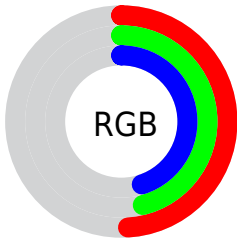
Format	Color
R_{YB}	124, 119, 116
Decimal	8156788
CIE Lab	50.00, 1.91, 1.91
CIE LCh	50, 2.705, 45.013
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3228, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286346868 (0xFF7C7674)
YUV	119.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -0.8140, 3.7101

Details

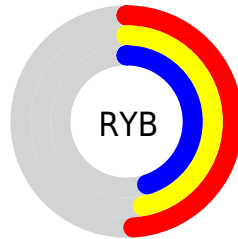
The CIELCh color **50, 2.705, 45.013** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **51, 2.612, 225.900**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 2.872, 41.760**, and **30, 2.580, 49.199** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 7.159, 44.766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 1.432, 225.871**.

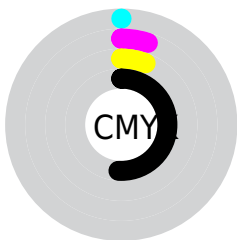
Distribution



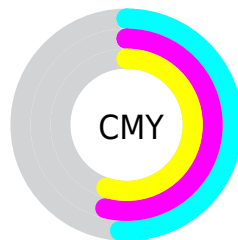
- Red (49%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (51%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 2.705, 45.013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 2.705, 45.013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 50, 2.705, 45.013	 50, 2.705, 45.013
 100, 2.705, 45.013	 40, 2.705, 45.013
 70, 2.705, 45.013	 30, 2.705, 45.013
 80, 2.705, 45.013	 20, 2.705, 45.013
 90, 2.705, 45.013	 10, 2.705, 45.013
	 0, 2.705, 45.013

 50, 2.705, 45.013	 50, 2.705, 45.013
 47, 7.159, 44.766	 53, 1.432, 225.871
 44, 11.964, 44.505	 56, 5.282, 226.155
 41, 17.143, 44.340	 59, 8.879, 226.630

■ 39, 22.713, 44.305

■ 62, 12.251,
227.139

■ 36, 28.663, 44.423

■ 65, 15.426,
227.664

■ 34, 34.943, 44.698

■ 32, 41.418, 45.088

■ 68, 18.428,
228.193

■ 30, 47.783, 45.444

■ 71, 21.277,
228.721

■ 28, 53.417, 45.440

■ 74, 23.993,
229.243

■ 77, 26.590,
229.755

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 2.705, 45.013



51, 2.612, 225.900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 2.705, 45.013



50, 2.705, 95.013



50, 2.705, 225.013



50, 2.705, 275.013

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 2.705, 45.047



65, 1.018, 44.926



50, 4.784, 332.691



34, 0.583, 44.898



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 2.705, 45.047



63, 4.173, 45.008



51, 3.566, 96.472



24, 2.360, 44.985



28, 55.717, 45.515



56, 96.923, 44.711

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 2.612, 225.900



64, 3.989, 225.964



50, 3.591, 278.015



25, 2.244, 226.002



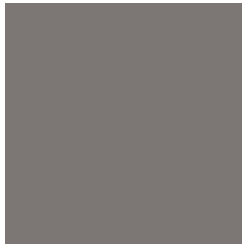
37, 26.747, 244.602



72, 45.669, 247.300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 2.705, 45.013 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

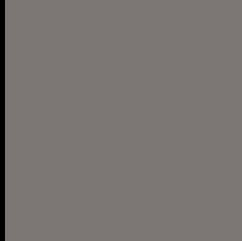
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 2.705, 45.013 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

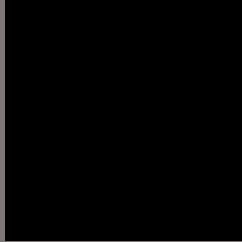
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

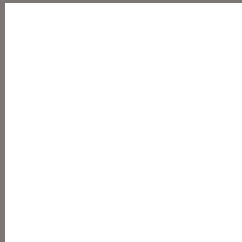
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 2.705, 45.013

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 2.705, 45.013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 2.705, 45.013.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

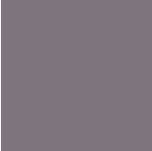
50, 2.705, 45.013

Protanopia

50, 1.993, 55.156

Deuteranopia

50, 6.623, 15.092



Tritanopia
50, 6.406, 324.791

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 2.705, 45.013

Protanomaly
50, 2.340, 49.314

Deuteranomaly
50, 4.930, 19.896

Tritanomaly
50, 4.368, 337.874

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 2.705, 45.013

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 0.989, 55.170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 2.705, 45.013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 118, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 118, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 118, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 118, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 2.705, 45.013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 118, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 118, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 118, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 118, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 118, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 118,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 2.705, 45.013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 118, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
118, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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