

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 22.117, 108.632)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 22.117, 108.632)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 21.895, 108.439)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787953
RGB	120, 121, 83
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 33%
CMY	0.5279, 0.5240, 0.6731
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.31, 0.52
HSL	62°, 19%, 40%
HSV	62°, 31%, 48%
XYZ	16.2588, 18.4187, 10.9554
YIQ	116.3690, 11.6020, -12.0300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

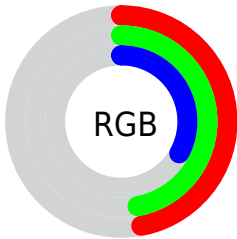
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 121, 84
Decimal	7895379
CIE Lab	50.00, -6.93, 20.77
CIE LCh	50, 21.895, 108.439
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3563, 0.4036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085459 (0xFF787953)
YUV	116.3690, -16.4509, 3.1844
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -7.4813, 14.9069

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 21.895, 108.439** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **37, 23.547, 294.717**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 21.681, 107.974**, and **30, 22.342, 108.526** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 28.636, 107.579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 14.987, 109.326**.

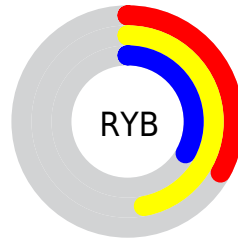
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

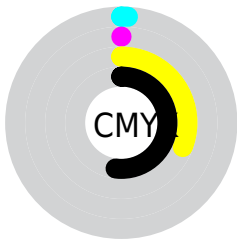
Blue (33%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (33%)

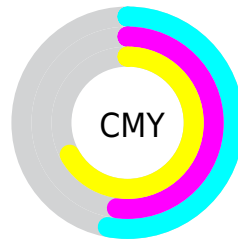


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (53%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 21.895, 108.439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 21.895, 108.439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 21.895,
108.439


 50, 21.895,
108.439


 100, 21.895,
108.439


 40, 21.895,
108.439


 70, 21.895,
108.439

 30, 21.895,
108.439


 80, 21.895,
108.439


 20, 21.895,
108.439

 90, 21.895,
108.439

 10, 21.895,
108.439

 0, 21.895, 108.439

 50, 21.895,
108.439

 50, 21.895,
108.439

■ 50, 28.636,
107.579

■ 50, 14.987,
109.326

■ 50, 35.096,
106.760

■ 51, 7.981, 110.213

■ 49, 41.111,
106.013

■ 51, 0.928, 111.056

■ 51, 6.141, 291.962

■ 49, 46.447,
105.376

■ 52, 13.204,
292.792

■ 49, 50.810,
104.889

■ 52, 20.244,
293.592

■ 49, 53.903,
104.591

■ 53, 27.251,
294.357

■ 49, 55.990,
104.419

■ 53, 34.215,
295.085

■ 54, 41.128,
295.773

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 21.895, 108.439



37, 23.547, 294.717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 21.895, 108.439



50, 21.895, 158.439



50, 21.895, 288.439



50, 21.895, 338.439

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 21.896, 108.442



65, 7.878, 110.397



40, 16.840, 23.124



33, 5.444, 110.292



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 21.896, 108.442



64, 32.771, 107.782



49, 23.605, 128.268



26, 3.998, 110.410



50, 57.166, 104.424



96, 96.236, 104.508

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 23.547, 294.717



44, 36.018, 295.849



39, 24.573, 311.075



23, 4.081, 292.063



13, 78.730, 306.411



32, 132.686, 306.339

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 21.895, 108.439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 21.895, 108.439 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

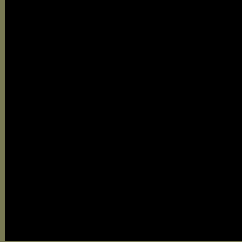
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 21.895, 108.439

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 21.895, 108.439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 21.895, 108.439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

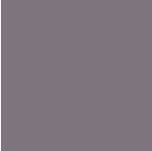
50, 21.895, 108.439

Protanopia

50, 21.776, 96.624

Deuteranopia

50, 21.059, 72.428



Tritanopia
50, 6.639, 327.680

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 21.895, 108.439

Protanomaly
50, 22.034, 101.436

Deuteranomaly
50, 20.703, 85.898

Tritanomaly
50, 5.280, 81.329

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 21.895, 108.439

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 8.171, 112.031

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 21.895, 108.439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 121, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 121, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 121, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 121, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 21.895, 108.439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 121, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 121, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 121, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 121, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 121, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 121,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 21.895, 108.439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 121, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
121, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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