

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 22.302, 142.901)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 22.302, 142.901)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 22.114, 142.896)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	607F60
RGB	96, 127, 96
RGB Percent	38%, 50%, 38%
CMY	0.6246, 0.5030, 0.6246
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.24, 0.50
HSL	120°, 14%, 44%
HSV	120°, 24%, 50%
XYZ	14.4481, 18.4187, 13.7960
YIQ	114.1970, -8.5250, -16.2130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

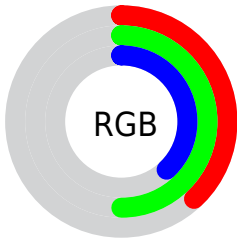
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 127, 127
Decimal	6324064
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -17.64, 13.34
CIE _{LCh}	50, 22.114, 142.896
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3096, 0.3947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284514144 (0xFF607F60)
YUV	114.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -15.0123, 10.9826

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 22.114, 142.896** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **45, 22.125, 325.719**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 22.067, 143.303**, and **30, 21.955, 142.929** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 31.083, 142.073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 13.040, 143.612**.

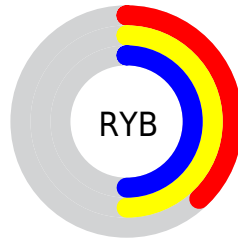
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (50%)

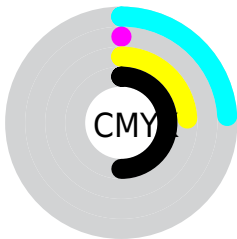
Blue (38%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (50%)

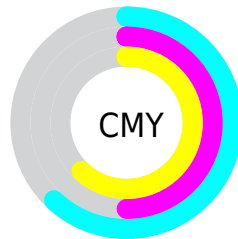


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (62%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 22.114, 142.896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 22.114, 142.896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 50, 22.114,
142.896


 50, 22.114,
142.896


 100, 22.114,
142.896


 40, 22.114,
142.896


 70, 22.114,
142.896


 30, 22.114,
142.896


 80, 22.114,
142.896

 20, 22.114,
142.896

 90, 22.114,
142.896

 10, 22.114,
142.896

 0, 22.114, 142.896

 50, 22.114,
142.896

 50, 22.114,
142.896

■ 49, 31.083,
142.073

■ 51, 13.040,
143.612

■ 48, 39.769,
141.137

■ 52, 3.991, 144.251

■ 47, 47.949,
140.103

■ 54, 4.933, 324.684

■ 47, 55.354,
139.013

■ 55, 13.667,
325.147

■ 46, 61.665,
137.945

■ 57, 22.167,
325.526

■ 46, 66.546,
137.019

■ 59, 30.409,
325.847

■ 46, 69.776,
136.354

■ 61, 38.381,
326.120

■ 46, 71.332,
136.018

■ 63, 46.083,
326.354

■ 64, 53.520,
326.556

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 22.114, 142.896



45, 22.125, 325.719

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 22.114, 142.896



50, 22.114, 192.896



50, 22.114, 322.896



50, 22.114, 12.896

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 22.115, 142.896



67, 7.828, 144.078



52, 17.776, 107.909



35, 5.128, 144.050



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 22.115, 142.896



64, 32.642, 142.479



50, 15.292, 161.559



26, 5.093, 143.957



46, 71.646, 136.018



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 22.125, 325.719



56, 32.642, 325.989



44, 15.746, 345.745



25, 5.101, 324.901



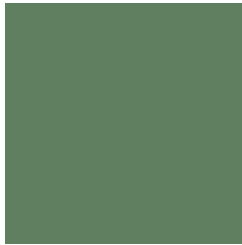
30, 69.123, 328.238



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 22.114, 142.896 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 22.114, 142.896 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

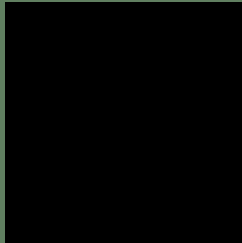
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 22.114, 142.896

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 22.114, 142.896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 22.114, 142.896.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

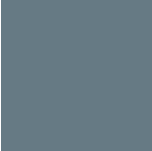
50, 22.114, 142.896

Protanopia

50, 15.522, 95.098

Deuteranopia

50, 13.822, 62.260



Tritanopia
50, 9.299, 237.987

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 22.114, 142.896

Protanomaly
50, 16.436, 117.069

Deuteranomaly
50, 12.851, 102.710

Tritanomaly
50, 9.798, 180.958

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 22.114, 142.896

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 8.618, 143.895

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 22.114, 142.896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 127, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 127, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 127, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 127, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 22.114, 142.896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 127, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 127, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 127, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 127, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 127, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 127,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 22.114, 142.896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 127, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 127,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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