

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 22.498, 160.147)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 22.498, 160.147)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 22.831, 159.271)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	538169
RGB	83, 129, 105
RGB Percent	33%, 51%, 41%
CMY	0.6761, 0.4958, 0.5899
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.19, 0.50
HSL	149°, 22%, 41%
HSV	149°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	13.8528, 18.4187, 16.0785
YIQ	112.5100, -19.7120, -17.2160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

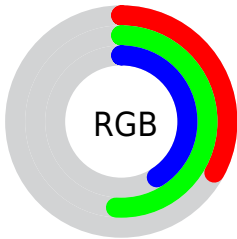
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 114, 129
Decimal	5472617
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -21.35, 8.08
CIE _{LCh}	50, 22.831, 159.271
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2865, 0.3809
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283662697 (0xFF538169)
YUV	112.5100, -3.7024, -25.8803
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -17.4881, 7.8294

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 22.831, 159.271** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **41, 23.697, 345.714**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 22.860, 159.172**, and **30, 22.385, 159.507** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 28.868, 158.096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 16.565, 160.315**.

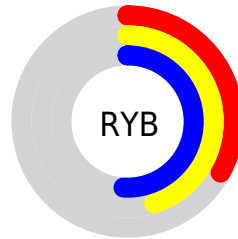
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (51%)

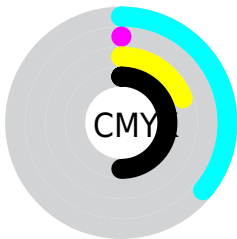
Blue (41%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (51%)

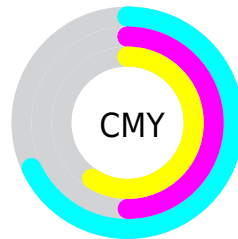


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 22.831, 159.271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 22.831, 159.271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 22.831,
159.271


 50, 22.831,
159.271


 100, 22.831,
159.271


 40, 22.831,
159.271


 70, 22.831,
159.271

 30, 22.831,
159.271


 80, 22.831,
159.271


 20, 22.831,
159.271

 90, 22.831,
159.271

 10, 22.831,
159.271

 0, 22.831, 159.271

 50, 22.831,
159.271

 50, 22.831,
159.271

■ 49, 28.868,
158.096

■ 51, 16.565,
160.315

■ 49, 34.570,
156.771

■ 52, 10.164,
161.255

■ 48, 39.841,
155.272

■ 53, 3.712, 162.140

■ 54, 2.723, 342.714

■ 48, 44.596,
153.583

■ 56, 9.085, 343.479

■ 47, 48.785,
151.698

■ 57, 15.334,
344.128

■ 47, 52.432,
149.659

■ 59, 21.444,
344.721

■ 47, 53.917,
148.848

■ 60, 27.396,
345.272

■ 62, 33.180,
345.786

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 22.831, 159.271



41, 23.697, 345.714

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 22.831, 159.271



50, 22.831, 209.271



50, 22.831, 339.271



50, 22.831, 29.271

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 22.832, 159.270



67, 8.836, 161.653



51, 27.843, 126.255



35, 5.910, 161.557



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 22.832, 159.270



64, 33.884, 158.311



51, 16.535, 194.584



26, 3.607, 161.843



47, 53.570, 148.868



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 23.697, 345.714



50, 35.388, 346.669



40, 20.681, 19.968



25, 3.646, 343.173



27, 51.092, 358.600



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 22.831, 159.271 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 22.831, 159.271 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

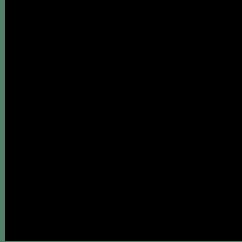
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 22.831, 159.271

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 22.831, 159.271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 22.831, 159.271.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 22.831, 159.271

Protanopia
50, 11.466, 93.483

Deuteranopia
50, 9.194, 42.507



Tritanopia
50, 13.541, 224.064

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 22.831, 159.271

Protanomaly
50, 13.232, 130.812

Deuteranomaly
49, 7.208, 122.535

Tritanomaly
50, 14.536, 190.903

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 22.831, 159.271

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 8.707, 160.986

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 22.831, 159.271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 129, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 129, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 129, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 129, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 22.831, 159.271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 129, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 129, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 129, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 129, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 129, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 129,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 22.831, 159.271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 129, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 129,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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