

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 23.505, 292.495)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 23.505, 292.495)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 23.418, 292.289)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73749C
RGB	115, 116, 156
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 61%
CMY	0.5504, 0.5465, 0.3897
CMYK	0.26, 0.26, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	239°, 17%, 53%
HSV	239°, 26%, 61%
XYZ	19.1978, 18.4187, 33.8311
YIQ	120.2610, -13.4360, 12.2280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

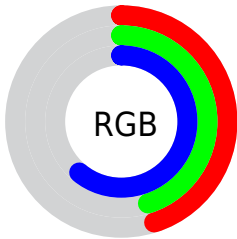
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 116, 156
Decimal	7566492
CIE Lab	50.00, 8.88, -21.67
CIE LCh	50, 23.418, 292.289
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2687, 0.2578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285756572 (0xFF73749C)
YUV	120.2610, 17.6193, -4.6139
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 4.7428, -16.6960

Details

The CIELCh color `50, 23.418, 292.289` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `63, 22.095, 106.640`, and the grayscale version is `50, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `70, 23.571, 292.484`, and `30, 23.673, 292.687` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `45, 32.978, 293.848`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `55, 14.240, 290.956`.

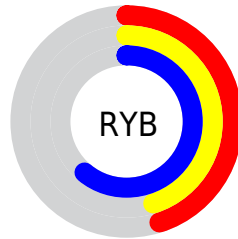
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

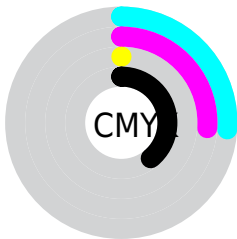
Blue (61%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (61%)

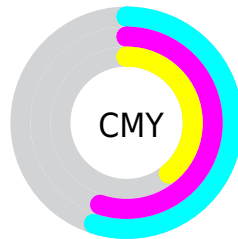


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 23.418, 292.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 23.418, 292.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 23.418,
292.289


 50, 23.418,
292.289


 100, 23.418,
292.289


 40, 23.418,
292.289


 70, 23.418,
292.289

 30, 23.418,
292.289


 80, 23.418,
292.289


 20, 23.418,
292.289

 90, 23.418,
292.289

 10, 23.418,
292.289

 0, 23.418, 292.289

 50, 23.418,
292.289

 50, 23.418,
292.289

■ 45, 32.978,
293.848

■ 55, 14.240,
290.956

■ 39, 42.933,
295.652

■ 61, 5.421, 289.827

■ 34, 53.245,
297.694

■ 66, 3.066, 108.828

■ 29, 63.743,
299.910

■ 72, 11.247,
108.016

■ 25, 73.969,
302.144

■ 77, 19.143,
107.309

■ 21, 82.982,
304.133

■ 82, 26.773,
106.700

■ 18, 89.435,
305.543

■ 87, 34.156,
106.172

■ 18, 91.320,
305.923

■ 92, 41.305,
105.713

■ 97, 48.237,
105.313

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 23.418, 292.289



63, 22.095, 106.640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 23.418, 292.289



50, 23.418, 342.289



50, 23.418, 112.289



50, 23.418, 162.289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 23.417, 292.288



76, 8.475, 290.018



61, 14.693, 195.084



39, 6.087, 290.172



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 23.417, 292.288



60, 35.565, 293.239



51, 24.993, 309.183



31, 4.927, 290.137



16, 85.631, 305.884



0, 6.353, 289.237

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 17.296, 19.522



64, 26.505, 20.286



62, 24.053, 126.680



31, 3.534, 17.907



29, 66.250, 38.183



1, 4.477, 17.464

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 23.418, 292.289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

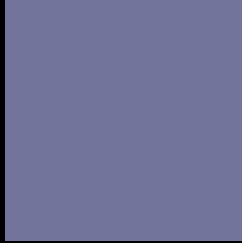
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 23.418, 292.289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

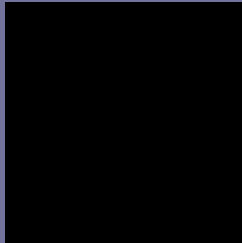
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 23.418, 292.289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 23.418, 292.289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 23.418, 292.289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

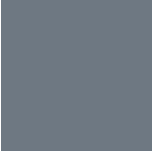
50, 23.418, 292.289

Protanopia

50, 23.523, 285.655

Deuteranopia

50, 22.282, 287.650



Tritanopia
50, 6.898, 257.473

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 23.418, 292.289

Protanomaly
50, 23.463, 287.275

Deuteranomaly
50, 22.260, 288.525

Tritanomaly
50, 12.443, 281.508

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 23.418, 292.289

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 8.783, 291.316

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 23.418, 292.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 116, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 116, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 116, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 116, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 23.418, 292.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 116, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 116, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 116, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 116, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 116, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 116,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 23.418, 292.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 116, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
116, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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