

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(50, 25.684, 185.170)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 25.684, 185.170)
contains.

CIELCh(50, 25.778, 184.902)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 25.778, 184.902)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37837A
RGB	55, 131, 122
RGB Percent	22%, 51%, 48%
CMY	0.7847, 0.4866, 0.5219
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.07, 0.49
HSL	173°, 41%, 36%
HSV	173°, 58%, 51%
XYZ	13.1800, 18.4187, 21.2421
YIQ	107.2500, -42.4070, -18.9110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

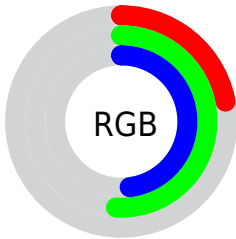
Format	Color
RYB	55, 95, 131
Decimal	3638138
CIELab	50.00, -25.68, -2.20
CIElCh	50, 25.778, 184.902
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2494, 0.3486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281828218 (0xFF37837A)
YUV	107.2500, 7.2718, -45.8232
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -20.2864, 0.6958




Details

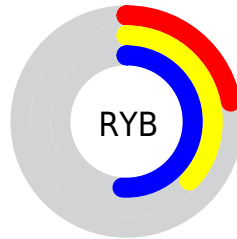
The CIELCh color **50, 25.778, 184.902** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **34, 35.295, 17.853**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 25.535, 184.898**, and **30, 23.693, 183.489** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 28.679, 183.945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 22.313, 185.800**.

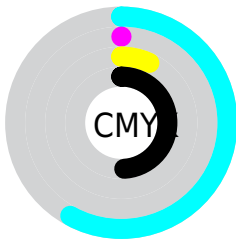
Distribution







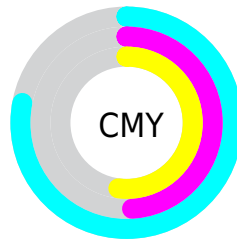
-  Red (22%)
-  Green (51%)
-  Blue (48%)






-  Red (22%)
-  Yellow (37%)
-  Blue (51%)



-  Cyan (58%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Black (49%)





-  Cyan (78%)
-  Magenta (49%)
-  Yellow (52%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 25.778, 184.902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 25.778, 184.902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 25.778,
184.902


 50, 25.778,
184.902


 100, 25.778,
184.902


 40, 25.778,
184.902


 70, 25.778,
184.902

 30, 25.778,
184.902


 80, 25.778,
184.902


 20, 25.778,
184.902

 90, 25.778,
184.902

 10, 25.778,
184.902

 0, 25.778, 184.902

 50, 25.778,
184.902

 50, 25.778,
184.902

■ 50, 28.679,
183.945

■ 51, 22.313,
185.800

■ 49, 30.980,
182.916

■ 51, 18.344,
186.659

■ 49, 32.680,
181.797

■ 52, 13.945,
187.488

■ 49, 33.911,
180.604

■ 53, 9.199, 188.302

■ 49, 34.143,
180.379

■ 54, 4.185, 189.133

■ 55, 1.022, 9.425

■ 56, 6.357, 10.496

■ 57, 11.766, 11.264

■ 59, 17.203, 12.001

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 25.778, 184.902



34, 35.295, 17.853

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 25.778, 184.902



50, 25.778, 234.902



50, 25.778, 4.902



50, 25.778, 54.902

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 25.778, 184.900



68, 10.777, 188.356



49, 50.255, 137.043



35, 7.239, 188.221



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 25.778, 184.900



64, 35.923, 183.588



41, 21.825, 249.494



27, 2.953, 189.039



49, 33.978, 180.388



1, 0.719, 189.673

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 35.295, 17.853



40, 53.211, 21.835



40, 29.843, 55.272



26, 3.083, 10.337



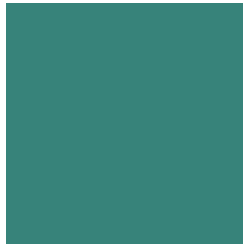
26, 58.517, 33.324



0, 0.719, 9.657

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 25.778, 184.902 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 25.778, 184.902 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

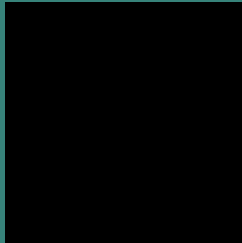
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 25.778, 184.902

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 25.778, 184.902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 25.778, 184.902.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 25.778, 184.902

Protanopia
50, 2.625, 81.963

Deuteranopia
50, 7.599, 329.911



Tritanopia
50, 21.781, 214.792

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 25.778, 184.902

Protanomaly
49, 10.731, 179.077

Deuteranomaly
49, 7.769, 211.804

Tritanomaly
50, 22.466, 203.235

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 25.778, 184.902

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 11.099, 185.783

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 25.778, 184.902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 131, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 131, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 131, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 131, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 25.778, 184.902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 131, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 131, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 131, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 131, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 131, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 131,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 25.778, 184.902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 131, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 131,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor